



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Dec 6, 2023 – 03:39 am GMT

PDB ID : 1GPF
Title : CHITINASE B FROM SERRATIA MARCESCENS IN COMPLEX WITH INHIBITOR PSAMMAPLIN
Authors : Komander, D.; Van Aalten, D.M.
Deposited on : 2001-11-03
Resolution : 1.85 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.36
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

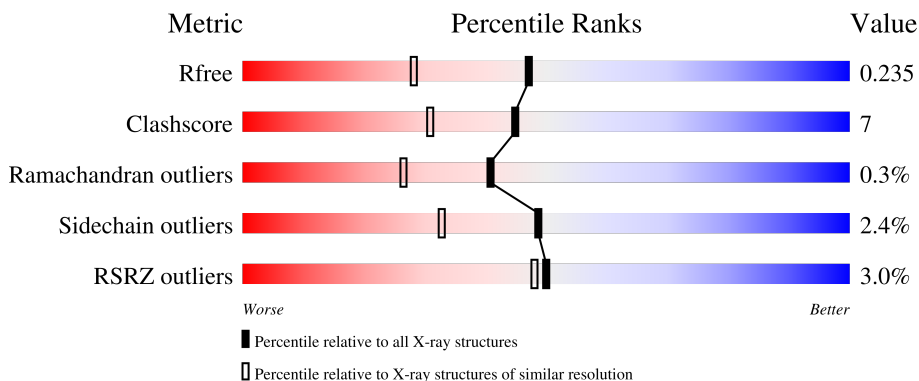
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION


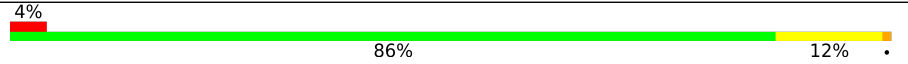
The reported resolution of this entry is 1.85 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	2469 (1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	141614	2625 (1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2592 (1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2592 (1.86-1.86)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2436 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	499	
1	B	499	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8460 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called CHITINASE B.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	497	Total 3917	C 2504	N 657	O 742	S 14	9	5	1
1	B	497	Total 3914	C 2502	N 659	O 739	S 14	10	3	0

- Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O₄S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O	S		
2	A	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0
2	B	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0
2	B	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0

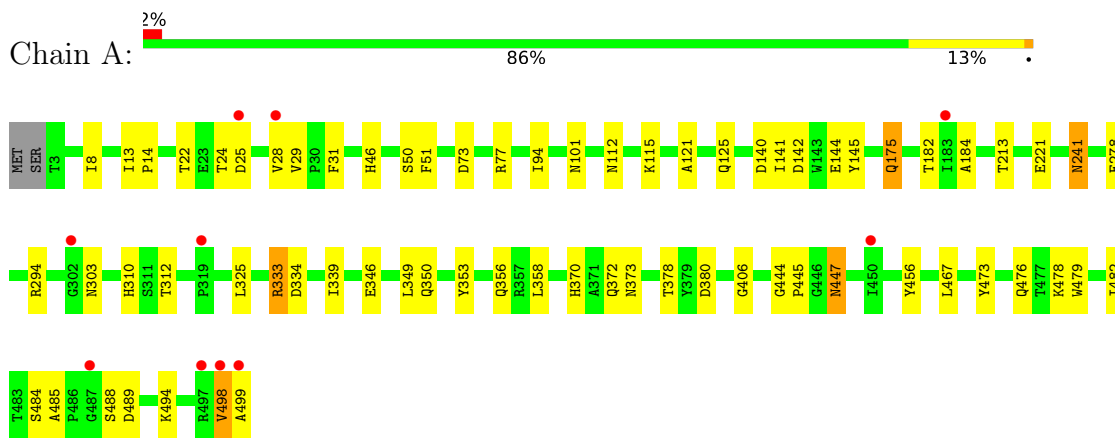
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	328	Total 328	O 328	0	0
3	B	286	Total 286	O 286	0	0

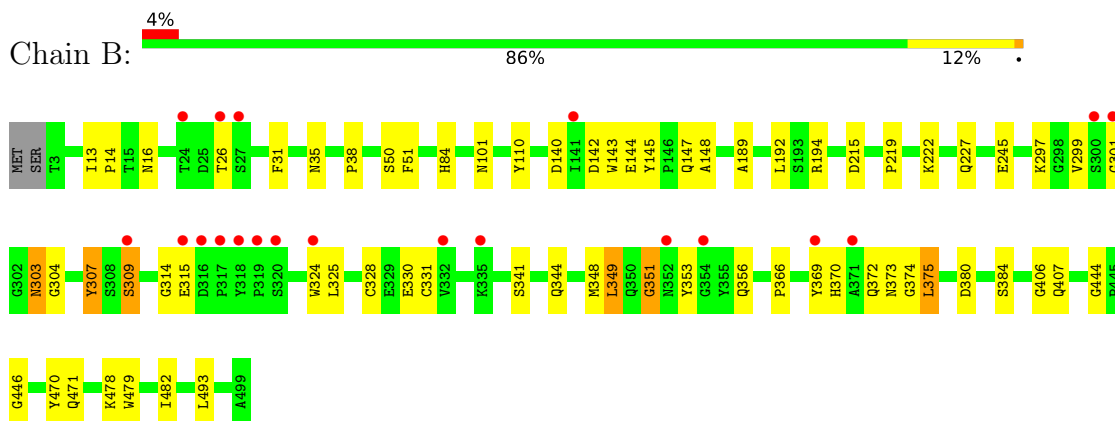
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: CHITINASE B



• Molecule 1: CHITINASE B



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	55.75Å 103.59Å 186.06Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	29.71 – 1.85 29.71 – 1.85	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	89.3 (29.71-1.85) 89.2 (29.71-1.85)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.47 (at 1.85Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.0	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.200 , 0.245 0.194 , 0.235	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	841 reflections (1.01%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	21.6	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.591	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.37 , 50.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	8460	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	27.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.92% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.59	0/4048	0.73	1/5520 (0.0%)
1	B	0.57	0/4037	0.75	0/5501
All	All	0.58	0/8085	0.74	1/11021 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	B	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
1	A	184	ALA	N-CA-C	-5.01	97.46	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	B	110	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within

the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3917	0	3732	51	0
1	B	3914	0	3739	51	0
2	A	5	0	0	0	0
2	B	10	0	0	0	0
3	A	328	0	0	2	0
3	B	286	0	0	4	0
All	All	8460	0	7471	100	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (100) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:344:GLN:HG3	1:B:348:MET:HE3	1.28	1.10
1:B:344:GLN:HG3	1:B:348:MET:CE	1.98	0.94
1:A:370:HIS:HD2	1:A:373:ASN:H	1.12	0.93
1:A:310:HIS:HD2	1:A:312:THR:H	1.20	0.89
1:A:175:GLN:H	1:A:175:GLN:HE21	1.21	0.86
1:A:444:GLY:H	1:A:447:ASN:HD21	1.22	0.84
1:A:112:ASN:HD22	1:A:115:LYS:HZ3	1.29	0.80
1:A:370:HIS:CD2	1:A:373:ASN:H	1.97	0.79
1:A:444:GLY:H	1:A:447:ASN:ND2	1.81	0.79
1:B:356:GLN:HG3	3:B:2214:HOH:O	1.84	0.78
1:A:112:ASN:HD22	1:A:115:LYS:NZ	1.82	0.76
1:B:309:SER:HB3	3:B:2199:HOH:O	1.87	0.75
1:B:330:GLU:H	1:B:344:GLN:HE21	1.34	0.73
1:A:112:ASN:ND2	1:A:115:LYS:NZ	2.38	0.72
1:A:310:HIS:CD2	1:A:312:THR:H	2.05	0.70
1:A:112:ASN:ND2	1:A:115:LYS:HZ3	1.90	0.69
1:A:94:ILE:HD12	1:A:141:ILE:CD1	2.23	0.68
1:B:328:CYS:HA	1:B:348:MET:HE2	1.75	0.68
1:B:328:CYS:HB2	1:B:348:MET:HE1	1.77	0.67
1:A:175:GLN:H	1:A:175:GLN:NE2	1.93	0.65
1:A:372:GLN:HG2	1:A:373:ASN:OD1	1.97	0.64
1:B:330:GLU:H	1:B:344:GLN:NE2	1.94	0.63
1:A:22:THR:HG22	1:A:24:THR:H	1.63	0.63
1:A:221:GLU:O	1:A:310:HIS:HE1	1.83	0.61
1:B:26:THR:HG22	3:B:2025:HOH:O	2.01	0.60
1:A:484:SER:HB3	1:A:489:ASP:HB2	1.83	0.59

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:444:GLY:O	1:B:446:GLY:N	2.35	0.59
1:A:22:THR:HG21	3:A:2017:HOH:O	2.04	0.56
1:A:498:VAL:HG12	1:A:499:ALA:N	2.21	0.56
1:B:328:CYS:HB2	1:B:348:MET:CE	2.36	0.55
1:B:328:CYS:CB	1:B:348:MET:HE1	2.37	0.54
1:B:144:GLU:HA	1:B:145:TYR:CG	2.43	0.54
1:A:353:TYR:O	1:A:370:HIS:HE1	1.92	0.53
1:B:307:TYR:N	1:B:307:TYR:CD1	2.77	0.53
1:A:73:ASP:O	1:A:77:ARG:HG3	2.09	0.52
1:B:31:PHE:CG	1:B:406:GLY:HA2	2.45	0.52
1:B:299:VAL:HG22	1:B:374:GLY:O	2.09	0.52
1:A:278:GLU:HG3	1:A:445:PRO:HB2	1.92	0.52
1:B:147:GLN:HB3	1:B:194:ARG:HD3	1.91	0.52
1:A:498:VAL:CG1	1:A:499:ALA:N	2.73	0.51
1:A:346:GLU:O	1:A:350:GLN:HG2	2.10	0.51
1:A:473:TYR:CD1	1:A:494:LYS:HD3	2.46	0.51
1:B:341:SER:HB2	1:B:407:GLN:HB3	1.94	0.50
1:B:470:TYR:CD2	1:B:471:GLN:HG3	2.46	0.50
1:B:479:TRP:CD1	1:B:482:ILE:HD11	2.47	0.50
1:B:344:GLN:CG	1:B:348:MET:CE	2.82	0.49
1:A:488:SER:O	1:B:148:ALA:HB2	2.11	0.49
1:B:38:PRO:HG3	1:B:84:HIS:CE1	2.49	0.48
1:B:351:GLY:HA3	1:B:353:TYR:CE2	2.49	0.48
1:A:356:GLN:HG3	3:A:2245:HOH:O	2.15	0.47
1:B:370:HIS:CE1	1:B:373:ASN:H	2.31	0.47
1:A:144:GLU:HA	1:A:145:TYR:CG	2.49	0.47
1:B:299:VAL:HG22	1:B:374:GLY:C	2.35	0.47
1:A:294:ARG:HG2	1:A:339:ILE:CD1	2.45	0.47
1:A:140:ASP:OD2	1:A:142[B]:ASP:OD1	2.32	0.47
1:B:219:PRO:HB2	1:B:314:GLY:HA2	1.96	0.46
1:B:140:ASP:OD2	1:B:142[A]:ASP:OD1	2.33	0.46
1:B:215:ASP:H	1:B:227:GLN:HE21	1.64	0.46
1:B:14:PRO:HB2	1:B:16[B]:ASN:ND2	2.29	0.46
1:B:349:LEU:HD23	1:B:349:LEU:HA	1.69	0.46
1:A:456:TYR:CE2	1:A:485:ALA:HB2	2.51	0.46
1:A:241:ASN:HD22	1:A:241:ASN:C	2.19	0.45
1:B:328:CYS:CB	1:B:348:MET:CE	2.93	0.45
1:B:50:SER:HA	1:B:51:PHE:HA	1.78	0.45
1:A:28:VAL:HG13	1:A:29:VAL:N	2.31	0.45
1:A:50:SER:HB2	1:A:51:PHE:CG	2.52	0.45
1:A:13:ILE:HA	1:A:14:PRO:HD3	1.86	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:294:ARG:HG2	1:A:339:ILE:HD13	1.97	0.44
1:A:333:ARG:NH1	1:A:334:ASP:OD2	2.51	0.44
1:B:325:LEU:HD23	1:B:331:CYS:SG	2.57	0.44
1:B:101:ASN:HA	1:B:144:GLU:O	2.17	0.44
1:B:215:ASP:H	1:B:227:GLN:NE2	2.14	0.44
1:B:50:SER:HB2	1:B:51:PHE:CG	2.53	0.44
1:B:304:GLY:HA2	1:B:369:TYR:CD2	2.52	0.44
1:A:447:ASN:H	1:A:447:ASN:HD22	1.66	0.43
1:B:366:PRO:HD3	1:B:384:SER:HB3	2.00	0.43
1:A:101:ASN:HA	1:A:144:GLU:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:467:LEU:HD23	1:A:476:GLN:HB2	2.00	0.43
1:A:478:LYS:NZ	1:B:245:GLU:OE1	2.43	0.43
1:A:444:GLY:N	1:A:447:ASN:HD21	2.02	0.42
1:B:13:ILE:HA	1:B:14:PRO:HD3	1.84	0.42
1:B:370:HIS:HB3	1:B:375:LEU:HB2	2.01	0.42
1:A:121:ALA:O	1:A:125[A]:GLN:HG3	2.19	0.42
1:B:189:ALA:HA	1:B:192:LEU:HB3	2.01	0.42
1:B:328:CYS:CA	1:B:348:MET:HE2	2.45	0.42
1:A:50:SER:HA	1:A:51:PHE:HA	1.81	0.42
1:B:143:TRP:O	1:B:145:TYR:HA	2.20	0.42
1:B:35:ASN:ND2	3:B:2028:HOH:O	2.52	0.41
1:B:303:ASN:HD22	1:B:303:ASN:HA	1.61	0.41
1:A:8:ILE:HG12	1:A:46:HIS:HB2	2.02	0.41
1:A:140:ASP:HA	1:A:182:THR:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:353:TYR:O	1:A:370:HIS:CE1	2.72	0.41
1:A:294:ARG:NH1	1:A:339:ILE:HD11	2.35	0.41
1:A:479:TRP:CD1	1:A:482:ILE:HD11	2.56	0.41
1:B:315:GLU:H	1:B:315:GLU:CD	2.24	0.41
1:A:349:LEU:HD23	1:A:349:LEU:HA	1.93	0.41
1:B:297:LYS:HD3	1:B:324:TRP:CE2	2.55	0.41
1:B:478:LYS:HE2	1:B:493:LEU:HB2	2.03	0.40
1:A:31:PHE:CG	1:A:406:GLY:HA2	2.56	0.40
1:B:13:ILE:HG23	1:B:13:ILE:O	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	500/499 (100%)	491 (98%)	9 (2%)	0	100	100
1	B	498/499 (100%)	477 (96%)	18 (4%)	3 (1%)	25	12
All	All	998/998 (100%)	968 (97%)	27 (3%)	3 (0%)	41	26

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	301	GLY
1	B	372	GLN
1	B	351	GLY

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	407/405 (100%)	395 (97%)	12 (3%)	42	26
1	B	405/405 (100%)	398 (98%)	7 (2%)	60	47
All	All	812/810 (100%)	793 (98%)	19 (2%)	49	34

All (19) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	25	ASP
1	A	175	GLN
1	A	213	THR

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	241	ASN
1	A	303	ASN
1	A	325	LEU
1	A	333	ARG
1	A	358	LEU
1	A	378	THR
1	A	380	ASP
1	A	447	ASN
1	A	498	VAL
1	B	222	LYS
1	B	303	ASN
1	B	307	TYR
1	B	309	SER
1	B	349	LEU
1	B	375	LEU
1	B	380	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (26) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	35	ASN
1	A	109	ASN
1	A	112	ASN
1	A	175	GLN
1	A	241	ASN
1	A	310	HIS
1	A	347	GLN
1	A	352	ASN
1	A	370	HIS
1	A	447	ASN
1	A	464	GLN
1	A	471	GLN
1	B	35	ASN
1	B	57	ASN
1	B	84	HIS
1	B	112	ASN
1	B	125	GLN
1	B	180	GLN
1	B	227	GLN
1	B	273	GLN
1	B	303	ASN
1	B	344	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	347	GLN
1	B	394	GLN
1	B	431	GLN
1	B	464	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	SO4	B	1500	-	4,4,4	0.29	0	6,6,6	0.10	0
2	SO4	A	1499	-	4,4,4	0.26	0	6,6,6	0.13	0
2	SO4	B	1501	-	4,4,4	0.27	0	6,6,6	0.09	0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	497/499 (99%)	-0.03	10 (2%) 65 64	13, 25, 40, 55	2 (0%)
1	B	497/499 (99%)	0.10	20 (4%) 38 36	16, 26, 50, 61	3 (0%)
All	All	994/998 (99%)	0.04	30 (3%) 50 48	13, 26, 45, 61	5 (0%)

All (30) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	499	ALA	8.1
1	A	28	VAL	5.2
1	B	319	PRO	5.2
1	B	332	VAL	4.3
1	B	371	ALA	3.9
1	B	354	GLY	3.8
1	B	369	TYR	3.7
1	B	300	SER	3.3
1	B	318	TYR	3.2
1	A	498	VAL	3.1
1	B	26	THR	3.0
1	A	450	ILE	3.0
1	B	320	SER	2.9
1	B	317	PRO	2.9
1	B	324	TRP	2.8
1	B	301	GLY	2.8
1	B	352	ASN	2.8
1	A	319	PRO	2.7
1	B	309	SER	2.5
1	B	315	GLU	2.3
1	B	27	SER	2.3
1	B	24	THR	2.2
1	A	25	ASP	2.2
1	B	141	ILE	2.2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	316	ASP	2.1
1	A	497	ARG	2.1
1	A	302	GLY	2.1
1	A	487	GLY	2.0
1	A	183	ILE	2.0
1	B	335	LYS	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	SO4	B	1501	5/5	0.93	0.24	71,71,72,72	0
2	SO4	B	1500	5/5	0.94	0.19	73,74,74,75	0
2	SO4	A	1499	5/5	0.98	0.10	54,54,55,56	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.