



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 2KRI
Title : Structure of a complex between domain V of beta2-glycoprotein I and the fourth ligand-binding module from LDLR determined with Haddock
Authors : Beglova, N.
Deposited on : 2009-12-18

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

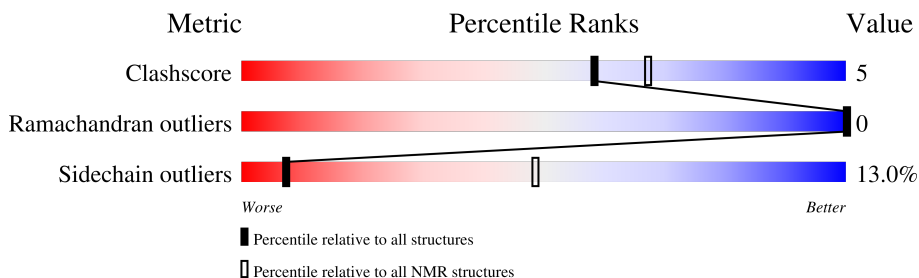
1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	85	
2	B	40	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.

3 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1154 atoms, of which 214 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Beta-2-glycoprotein 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	82	807	415	155	110	120	7	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	243	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P02749
A	247	LEU	VAL	conflict	UNP P02749
A	327	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P02749

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Low-density lipoprotein receptor.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
2	B	38	346	170	59	48	63	6	0

- Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
			Total	Ca
3	B	1	1	1

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Beta-2-glycoprotein 1

Chain A:  74% 22%



- Molecule 2: Low-density lipoprotein receptor

Chain B:  72% 20% 5%



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *lowest haddock score*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
HADDOCK	structure solution	2.0
HADDOCK	refinement	2.0

No chemical shift data was provided.

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section:
CA

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	652	155	654	6
2	B	287	59	233	4
All	All	940	214	887	9

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)
1:A:279:PHE:HB2	1:A:304:PRO:HG2	0.68	1.65
2:B:152:CYS:SG	2:B:157:ASP:HB3	0.67	2.29
1:A:310:HIS:CE1	1:A:319:ASP:HA	0.55	2.36
1:A:254:VAL:HB	1:A:277:VAL:HG13	0.51	1.82
2:B:147:ASP:OD2	2:B:149:ASP:HB2	0.49	2.07
2:B:159:TRP:HD1	2:B:160:PRO:HD2	0.47	1.69
1:A:249:VAL:HG23	1:A:264:GLN:HE22	0.46	1.71
1:A:284:LYS:HB2	2:B:147:ASP:HA	0.45	1.88
1:A:279:PHE:CB	1:A:304:PRO:HG2	0.42	2.41

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	80/85 (94%)	73 (91%)	7 (9%)	0 (0%)	100	100
2	B	36/40 (90%)	34 (94%)	2 (6%)	0 (0%)	100	100
All	All	116/125 (93%)	107 (92%)	9 (8%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	74/75 (99%)	64 (86%)	10 (14%)	7	47
2	B	34/35 (97%)	30 (88%)	4 (12%)	8	51
All	All	108/110 (98%)	94 (87%)	14 (13%)	7	48

All 14 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	260	ARG
1	A	282	LYS
1	A	291	THR
1	A	298	ASP
1	A	300	THR
1	A	305	LYS
1	A	316	TRP
1	A	321	SER
1	A	322	ASP
1	A	324	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	126	THR
2	B	135	ASN
2	B	138	THR
2	B	149	ASP

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 1 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

No chemical shift data were provided