WORLDWIDE wwPDB PROTEIN DATA BANK

Full wwPDB EM Validation Report (i)

Nov 29, 2022 – 05:34 PM JST

PDB ID	:	7WR8
EMDB ID	:	EMD-32718
Title	:	Local CryoEM structure of the SARS-CoV-2 S6P(B.1.1.529) in complex with BD55-3152 Fab
Authors	:	Du, S.; Xiao, J.Y.
Deposited on	:	2022-01-26
Resolution	:	3.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

1   Overall quality at a glance   ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metric	Percentile Ranks	Value
Clashscore		6
Ramachandran outliers		0
Sidechain outliers		0

Worse   *Better*

∎ Percentile relative to all structures
▯ Percentile relative to all EM structures
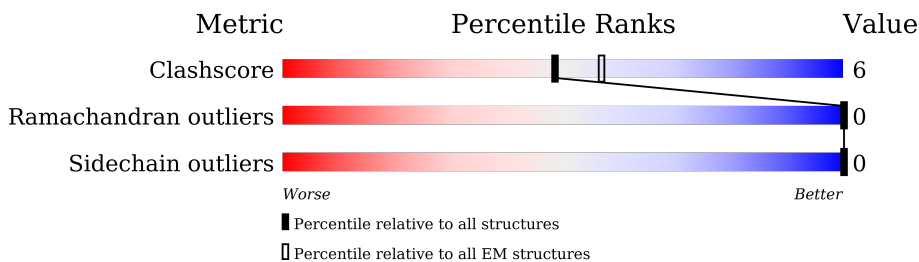
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	R	193	12% 83% 13% •
2	A	260	10% 40% 8% 52%
3	B	233	9% 37% 7% 55%
4	C	3	67% 33%

2 Entry composition ⓘ

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3286 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Spike protein S1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	R	187	1504	969	254	273	8	0	0

There are 15 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
R	339	ASP	GLY	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
R	371	LEU	SER	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
R	373	PRO	SER	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
R	375	PHE	SER	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
R	417	ASN	LYS	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
R	440	LYS	ASN	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
R	446	SER	GLY	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
R	477	ASN	SER	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
R	478	LYS	THR	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
R	484	ALA	GLU	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
R	493	ARG	GLN	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
R	496	SER	GLY	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
R	498	ARG	GLN	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
R	501	TYR	ASN	conflict	UNP P0DTC2
R	505	HIS	TYR	conflict	UNP P0DTC2

- Molecule 2 is a protein called BD55-3152H.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	A	126	964	610	170	180	4	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called BD55-3152L.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	B	104	780	485	129	163	3	0	0

- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.
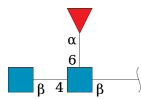

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
4	C	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			38	22	2	14		

3 Residue-property plots ⓘ

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.
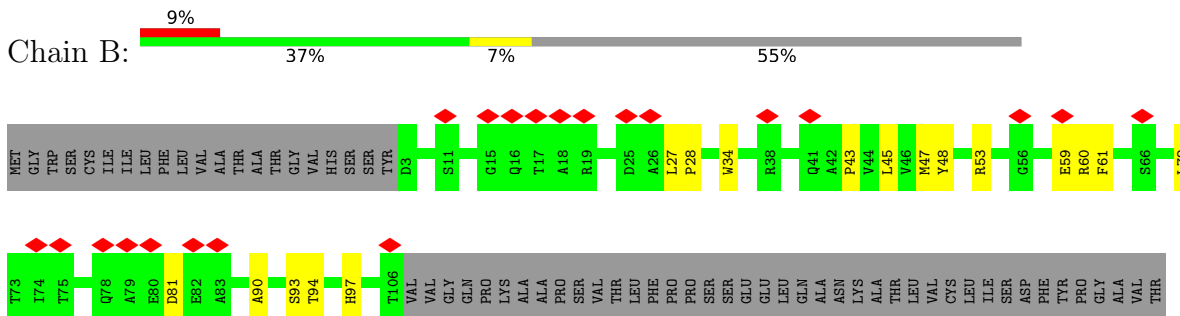
• Molecule 1: Spike protein S1

Chain R:
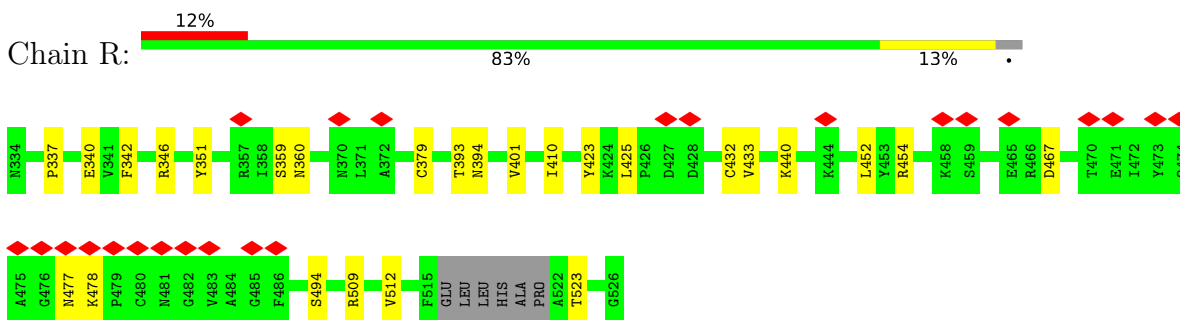
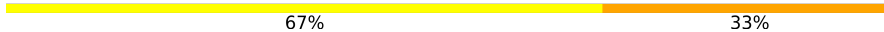• Molecule 2: BD55-3152H

Chain A:
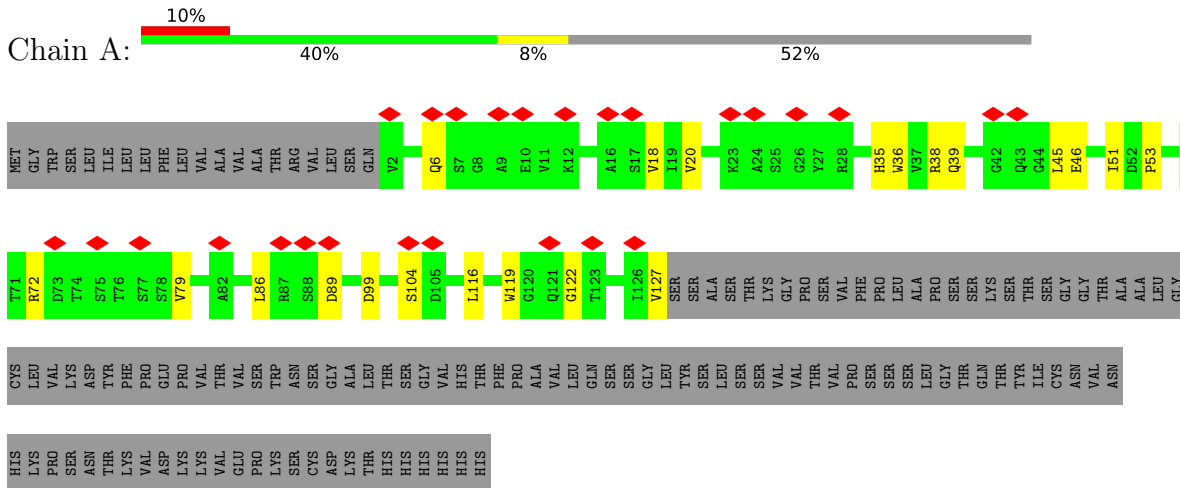
• Molecule 3: BD55-3152L

Chain B:

VAL ALA TRP LYS ALA ASP SER SER PRO VAL LYS ALA GLY VAL GLU THR THR THR PRO SER LYS GLN SER ASN ASN LYS TYR ALA ALA SER SER TYR LEU SER LEU THR PRO GLU GLN TRP LYS SER HIS ARG SER TYR SER CYS GLN VAL THR HIS GLU GLY SER THR VAL GLU LYS THR

VAL ALA PRO THR GLU CYS SER

• Molecule 4: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-ace tamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C: 　67%　　　　　　33%

NAG1 NAG2 FUC3

4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	282833	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1500	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 QUANTUM (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	2.561	Depositor
Minimum map value	-1.876	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.026	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.246	Depositor
Map size (Å)	374.4, 374.4, 374.4	wwPDB
Map dimensions	360, 360, 360	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.04, 1.04, 1.04	Depositor

5   Model quality (i)

5.1   Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, FUC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$|Z|$ >5	RMSZ	#$|Z|$ >5
1	R	0.43	0/1547	0.59	0/2102
2	A	0.43	0/988	0.65	0/1343
3	B	0.44	0/800	0.70	1/1096 (0.1%)
All	All	0.43	0/3335	0.63	1/4541 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
3	B	27	LEU	CA-CB-CG	10.06	138.45	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2   Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	R	1504	0	1433	20	0
2	A	964	0	947	17	0
3	B	780	0	732	10	0
4	C	38	0	34	1	0
All	All	3286	0	3146	40	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including

hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (40) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:R:440:LYS:NZ	2:A:104:SER:H	1.45	1.13
1:R:440:LYS:HZ3	2:A:104:SER:N	1.46	1.12
3:B:34:TRP:HB2	3:B:47:MET:HB3	1.77	0.66
2:A:51:ILE:HG21	2:A:79:VAL:HG21	1.76	0.66
2:A:6:GLN:HG3	2:A:122:GLY:H	1.63	0.63
3:B:93:SER:OG	3:B:94:THR:N	2.34	0.61
2:A:38:ARG:NH1	2:A:46:GLU:OE2	2.34	0.60
2:A:39:GLN:HB2	2:A:45:LEU:HD23	1.82	0.60
1:R:360:ASN:H	1:R:523:THR:HB	1.69	0.57
3:B:60:ARG:NH1	3:B:81:ASP:OD2	2.40	0.54
1:R:440:LYS:NZ	2:A:104:SER:N	2.23	0.53
2:A:53:PRO:O	2:A:72:ARG:NH2	2.39	0.53
2:A:45:LEU:HD11	3:B:43:PRO:HG2	1.91	0.53
3:B:90:ALA:HA	3:B:97:HIS:HA	1.91	0.52
1:R:454:ARG:NH2	1:R:467:ASP:O	2.42	0.52
1:R:342:PHE:HB2	4:C:1:NAG:H82	1.92	0.52
1:R:346:ARG:NH1	3:B:28:PRO:O	2.43	0.51
2:A:86:LEU:HD13	2:A:127:VAL:HG12	1.92	0.51
1:R:359:SER:OG	1:R:394:ASN:OD1	2.29	0.50
1:R:425:LEU:HD21	1:R:512:VAL:HG11	1.95	0.48
2:A:38:ARG:NH2	2:A:89:ASP:O	2.48	0.47
1:R:337:PRO:HB2	1:R:340:GLU:HB2	1.98	0.46
1:R:477:ASN:OD1	1:R:478:LYS:N	2.48	0.46
3:B:53:ARG:NH1	3:B:59:GLU:OE1	2.48	0.46
1:R:340:GLU:HA	3:B:93:SER:HA	1.99	0.45
2:A:35:HIS:NE2	2:A:99:ASP:OD1	2.31	0.45
2:A:51:ILE:HB	2:A:70:VAL:HG21	1.98	0.45
3:B:61:PHE:HD1	3:B:72:LEU:HD21	1.83	0.44
1:R:393:THR:OG1	1:R:394:ASN:N	2.52	0.42
2:A:116:LEU:O	2:A:119:TRP:NE1	2.50	0.42
1:R:401:VAL:HG22	1:R:509:ARG:HG2	2.02	0.42
3:B:45:LEU:HD11	3:B:48:TYR:HB3	2.02	0.41
1:R:410:ILE:HD12	1:R:423:TYR:HD2	1.86	0.41
1:R:440:LYS:HZ3	2:A:104:SER:H	0.61	0.41
1:R:452:LEU:HA	1:R:494:SER:HA	2.01	0.41
1:R:433:VAL:HG22	1:R:512:VAL:HG13	2.03	0.41
2:A:18:VAL:HB	2:A:20:VAL:HG13	2.02	0.41
1:R:379:CYS:HA	1:R:432:CYS:HA	2.03	0.41

Continued on next page...

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:R:351:TYR:HE1	1:R:452:LEU:HB2	1.86	0.40
2:A:36:TRP:HZ2	2:A:79:VAL:HG13	1.86	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	R	183/193 (95%)	162 (88%)	21 (12%)	0	100	100
2	A	124/260 (48%)	109 (88%)	15 (12%)	0	100	100
3	B	102/233 (44%)	87 (85%)	15 (15%)	0	100	100
All	All	409/686 (60%)	358 (88%)	51 (12%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	R	163/168 (97%)	163 (100%)	0	100	100
2	A	103/220 (47%)	103 (100%)	0	100	100
3	B	86/196 (44%)	86 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	352/584 (60%)	352 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

3 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#|Z| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#|Z| > 2$
4	NAG	C	1	1,4	14,14,15	0.69	0	17,19,21	1.23	1 (5%)
4	NAG	C	2	4	14,14,15	0.55	0	17,19,21	1.26	3 (17%)
4	FUC	C	3	4	10,10,11	0.49	0	14,14,16	1.69	2 (14%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	C	1	1,4	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	C	2	4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	FUC	C	3	4	-	-	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
4	C	3	FUC	O5-C1-C2	-5.15	102.81	110.77
4	C	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.90	118.78	122.90
4	C	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.57	107.24	111.29
4	C	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.40	119.48	122.90
4	C	3	FUC	C3-C4-C5	2.20	113.19	109.77
4	C	2	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-2.12	107.91	111.02

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	C	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	C	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	C	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	C	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	C	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	C	1	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.
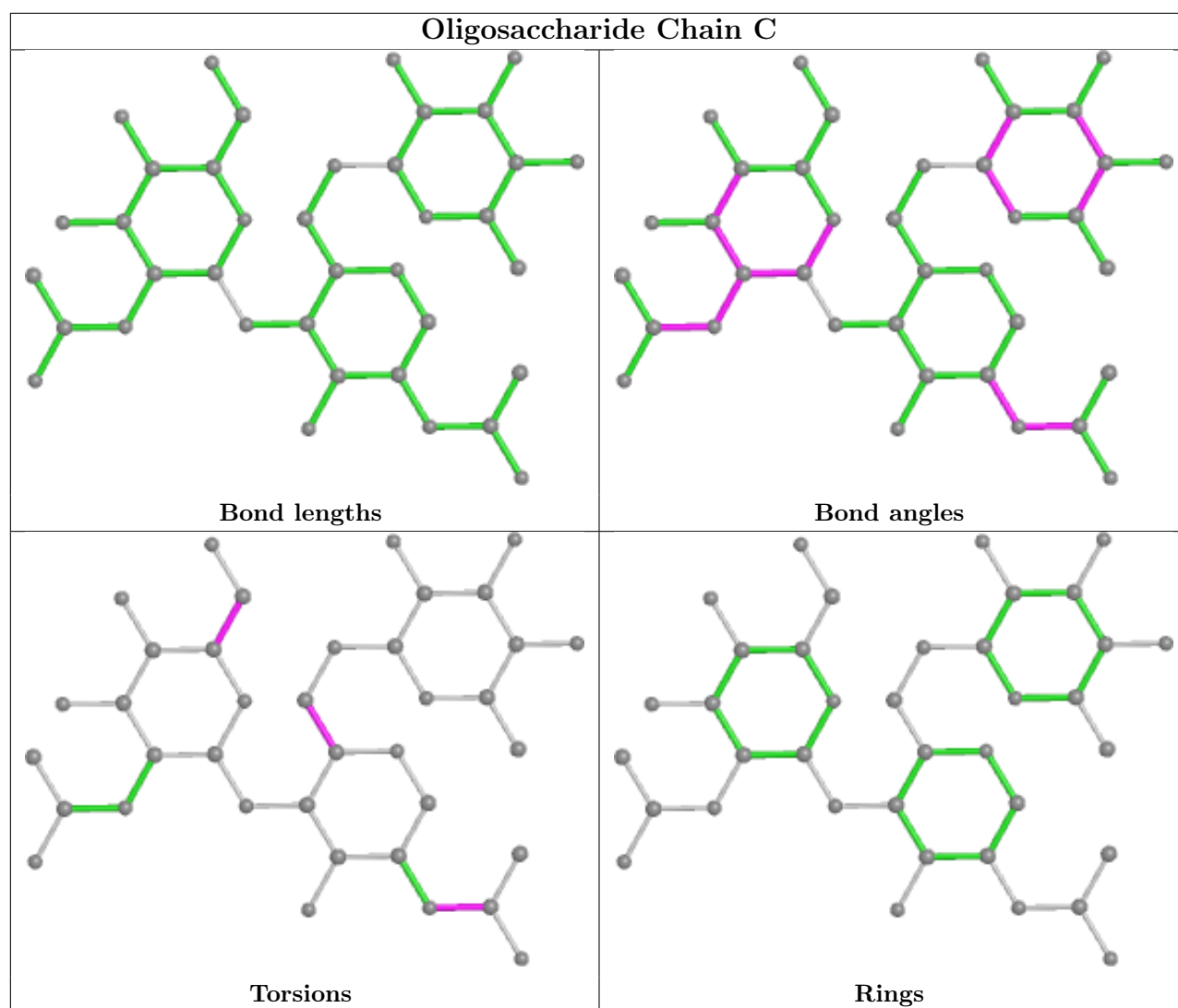
5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6   Map visualisation ⓘ

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-32718. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1   Orthogonal projections ⓘ

6.1.1   Primary map

| X | Y | Z |
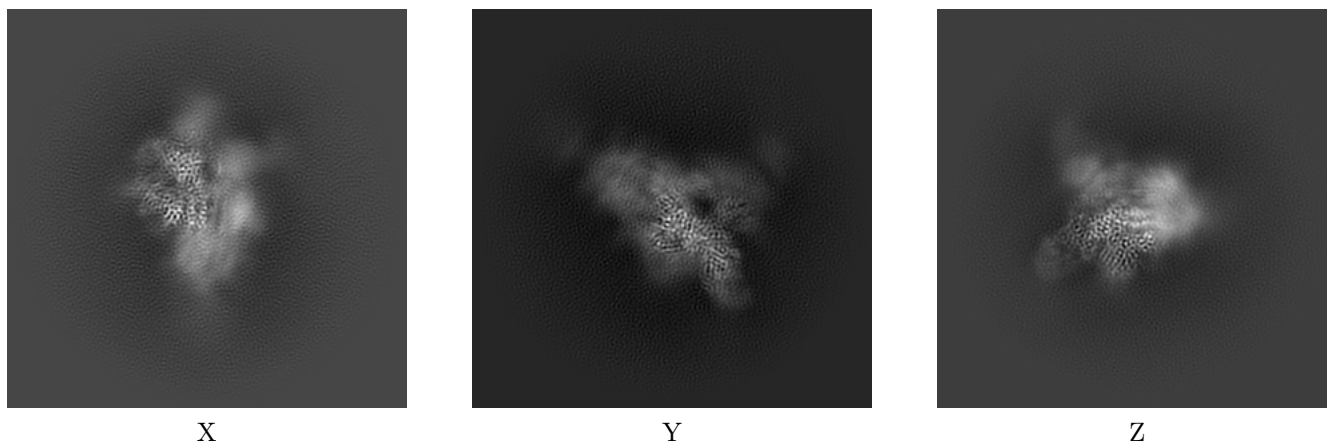
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2   Central slices ⓘ

6.2.1   Primary map

| X Index: 180 | Y Index: 180 | Z Index: 180 |
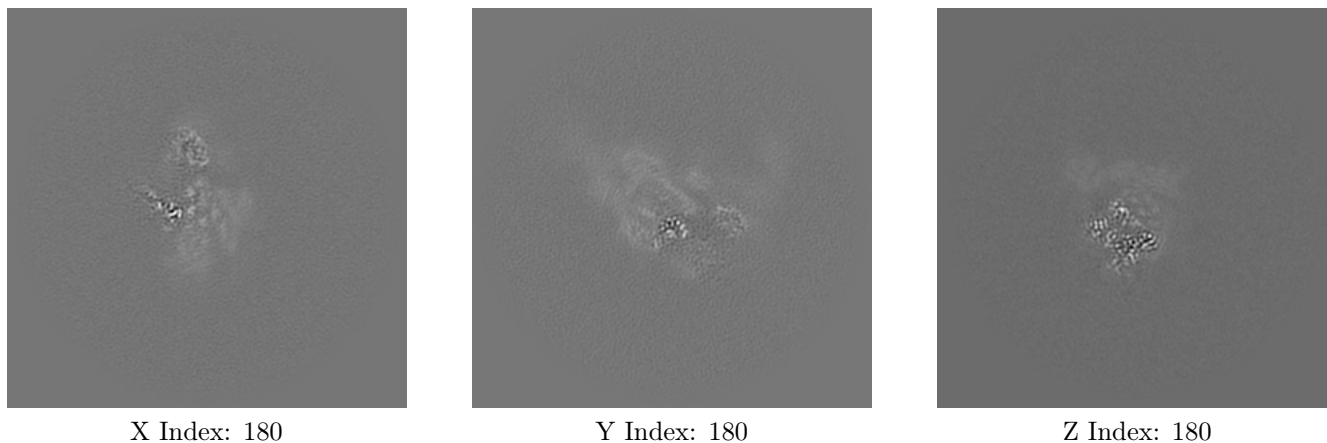
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map
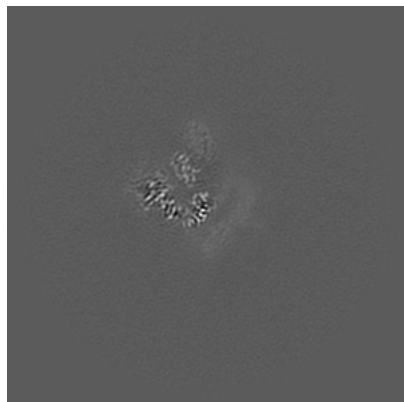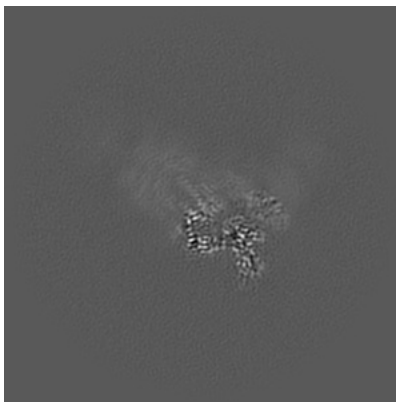
X Index: 164   Y Index: 166   Z Index: 176
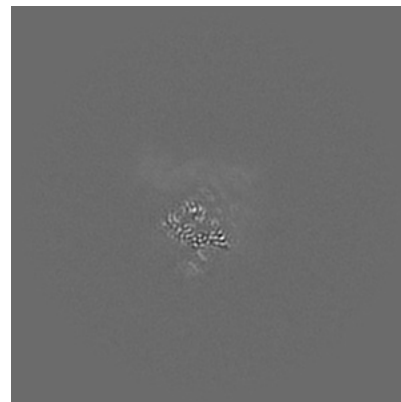
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.4.1 Primary map

X   Y   Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.246. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5 Mask visualisation ⓘ

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7　Map analysis ⓘ

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1　Map-value distribution ⓘ
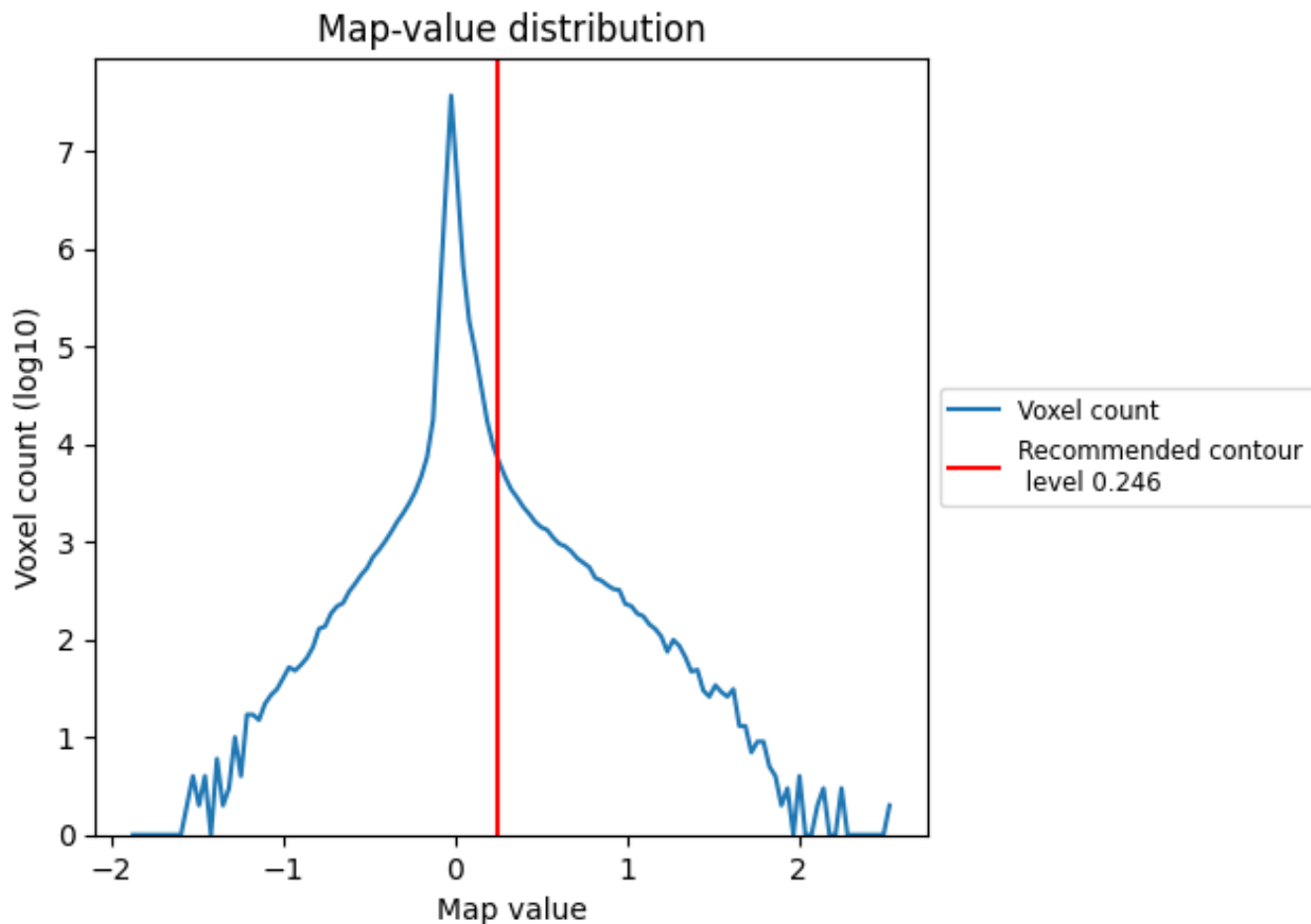
The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

7.2 Volume estimate (i)
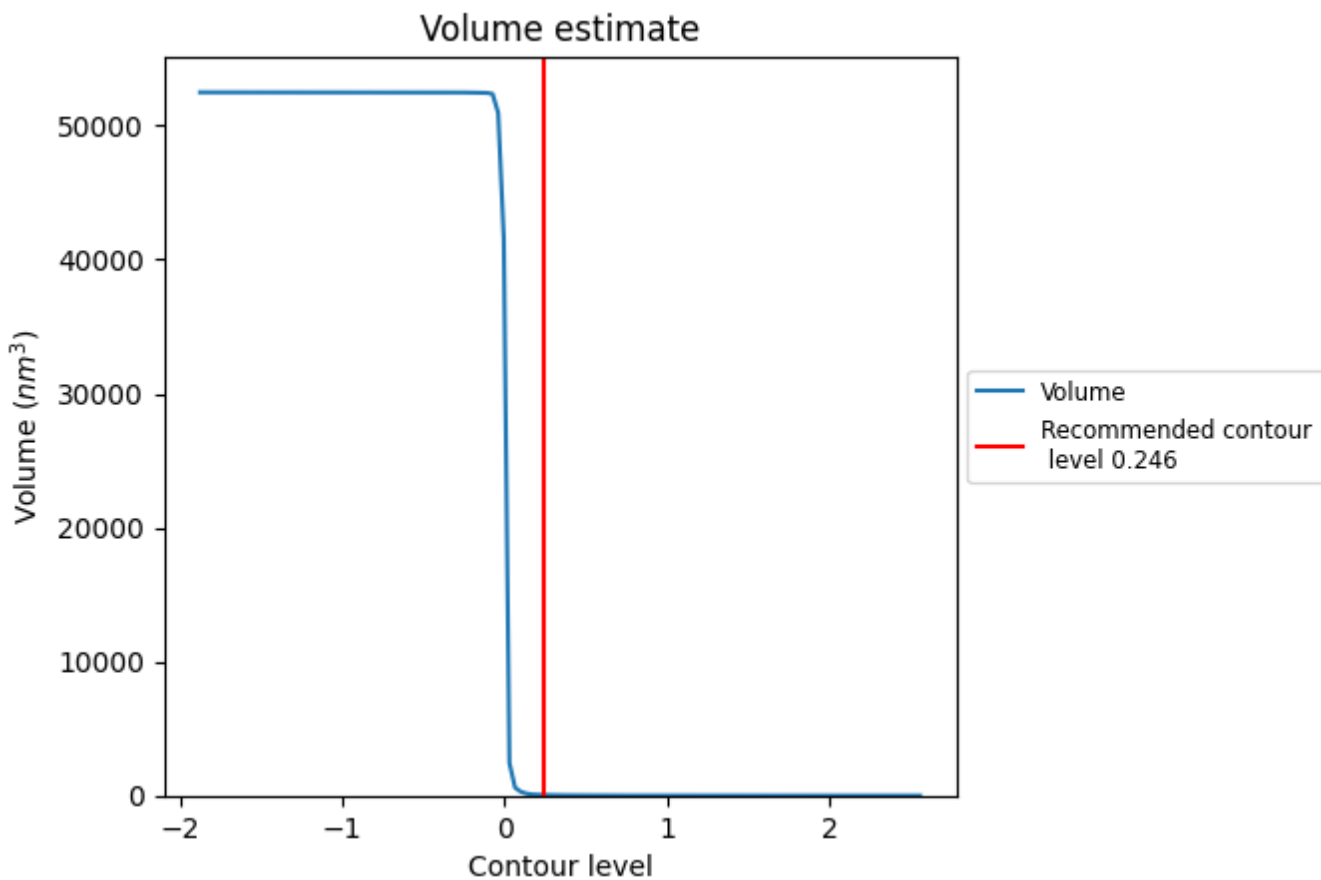
The volume at the recommended contour level is 42 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 38 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ
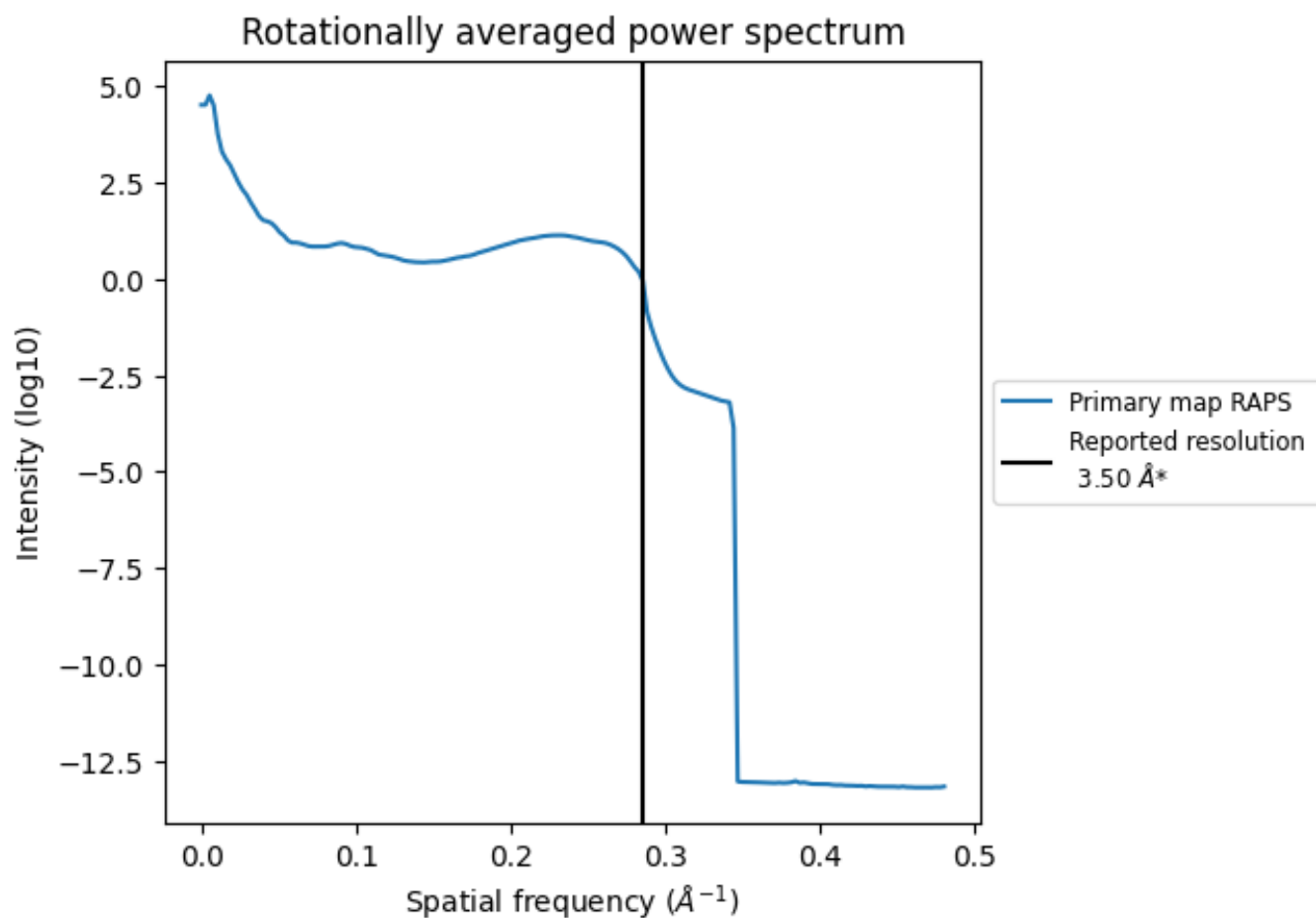
*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.286 Å^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit ⓘ

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-32718 and PDB model 7WR8. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

9.1 Map-model overlay ⓘ

| X | Y | Z |
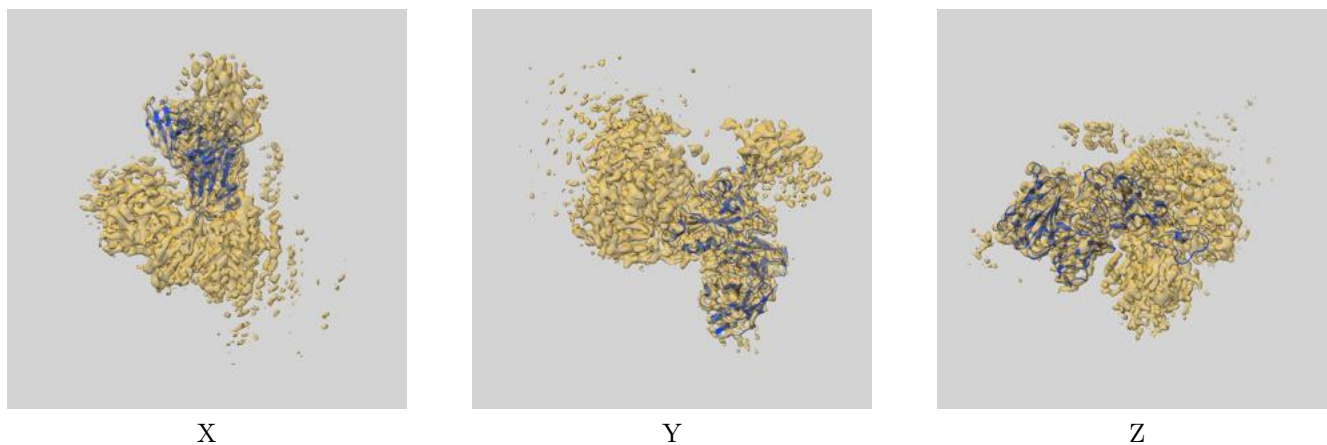
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.246 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2　Q-score mapped to coordinate model ⓘ

X　　　　　　　　　Y　　　　　　　　　Z
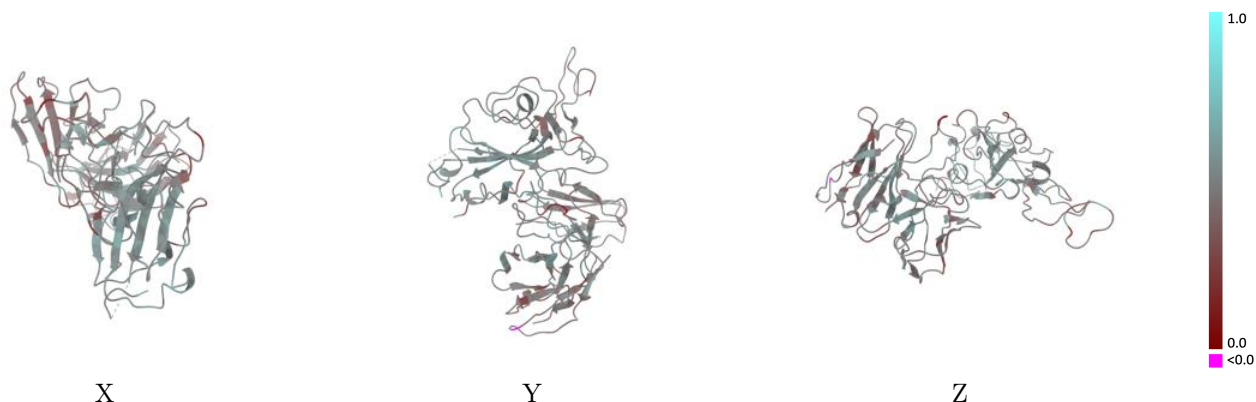
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3　Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model ⓘ

X　　　　　　　　　Y　　　　　　　　　Z
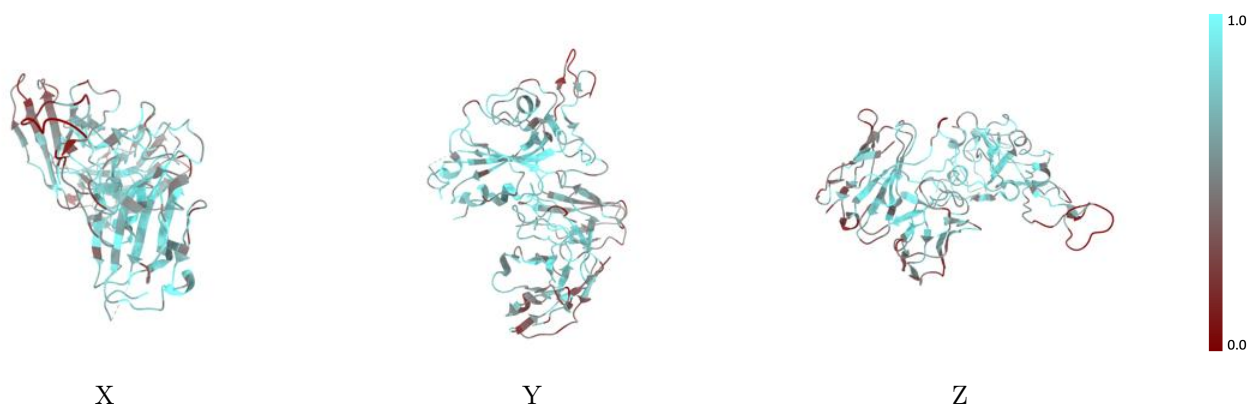
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.246).

9.4 Atom inclusion ⓘ
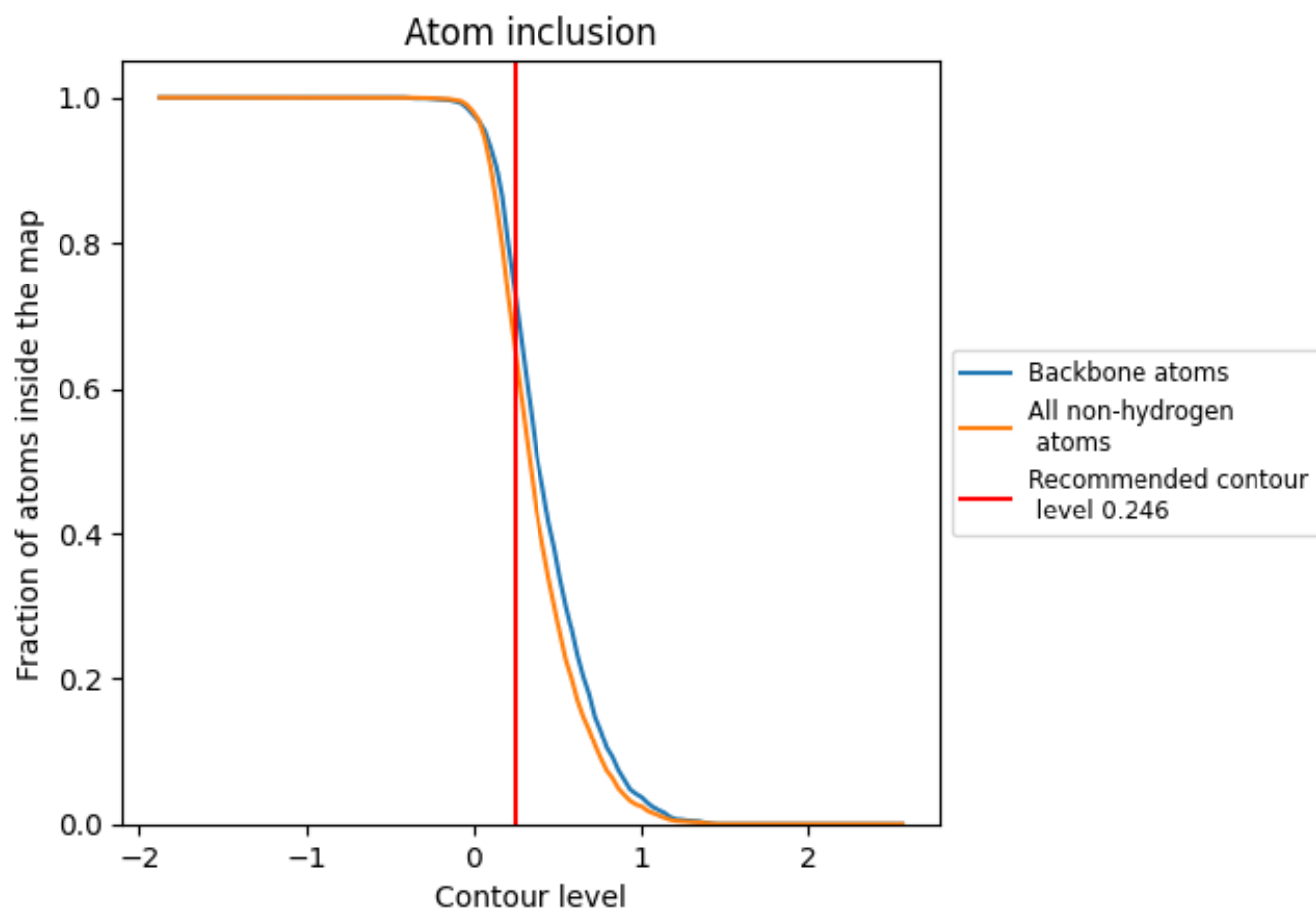
At the recommended contour level, 73% of all backbone atoms, 65% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.246) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.6532	0.4800
A	0.6329	0.4670
B	0.6270	0.4660
C	0.7895	0.5130
R	0.6765	0.4940

1.0

0.0
<0.0