



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Nov 10, 2022 – 03:08 pm GMT

PDB ID : 7YZF
Title : Crystal structure of the human FoxA2 bound to the TGTTTATT site (fork-head motif ATAAACA)
Authors : Pluta, R.; Macias, M.J.
Deposited on : 2022-02-19
Resolution : 2.18 Å (reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.31.2
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0267
CCP4 : 7.1.010 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.2

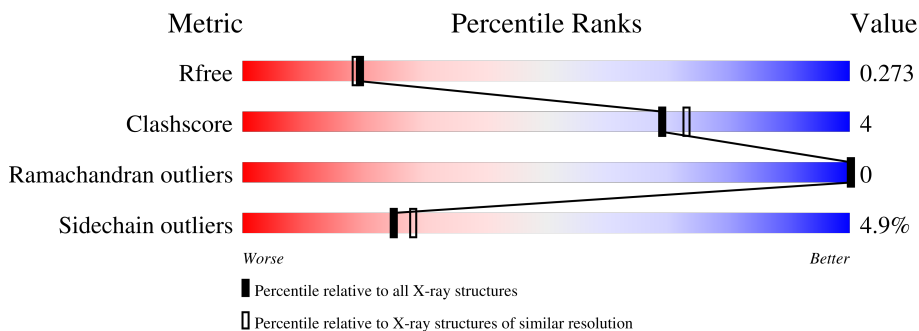
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.18 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	6864 (2.20-2.16)
Clashscore	141614	7689 (2.20-2.16)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	7564 (2.20-2.16)
Sidechain outliers	138945	7564 (2.20-2.16)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	16	75% (Green), 25% (Yellow)
2	B	16	69% (Green), 31% (Yellow)
3	C	125	62% (Green), 7% (Yellow), 31% (Grey)

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1388 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(P*AP*GP*AP*TP*TP*GP*TP*TP*TP*AP*TP*TP*GP*AP*GP*A)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P			
1	A	16	333	160	59	98	16	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(P*TP*CP*TP*CP*AP*AP*TP*AP*AP*AP*CP*AP*AP*TP*CP*T)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P			
2	B	16	323	156	57	94	16	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Hepatocyte nuclear factor 3-beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
3	C	86	726	470	126	126	4	0	0	0

- Molecule 4 is POTASSIUM ION (three-letter code: K) (formula: K) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	K		
4	C	1	1	1	0	0

- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
5	A	1	1	1	0	0
5	C	4	4	4	0	0

4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	45.46Å 92.69Å 116.84Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	58.42 – 2.18 58.42 – 2.18	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	69.2 (58.42-2.18) 69.2 (58.42-2.18)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.34 (at 2.18Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0258	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.222 , 0.257 0.234 , 0.273	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	901 reflections (9.78%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	64.8	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.096	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	(Not available) , (Not available)	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	1388	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	72.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 8.15% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: K

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.36	0/373	0.78	0/575
2	B	0.41	0/361	0.77	0/553
3	C	0.42	0/752	0.65	0/1021
All	All	0.41	0/1486	0.72	0/2149

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	333	0	184	2	0
2	B	323	0	182	4	0
3	C	726	0	706	3	0
4	C	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	C	4	0	0	0	0
All	All	1388	0	1072	9	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 9 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:C:165:ILE:HD12	3:C:165:ILE:H	1.67	0.60
2:B:1:DT:H2''	2:B:2:DC:C6	2.44	0.52
1:A:10:DA:H1'	1:A:11:DT:H5'	1.92	0.51
2:B:4:DC:H2''	2:B:5:DA:OP2	2.13	0.47
1:A:1:DA:H2''	1:A:2:DG:C8	2.53	0.43

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
3	C	84/125 (67%)	83 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
3	C	82/111 (74%)	78 (95%)	4 (5%)	25 28

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	153	ARG
3	C	174	GLN
3	C	215	ASP
3	C	219	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	174	GLN
3	C	204	GLN
3	C	209	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 1 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

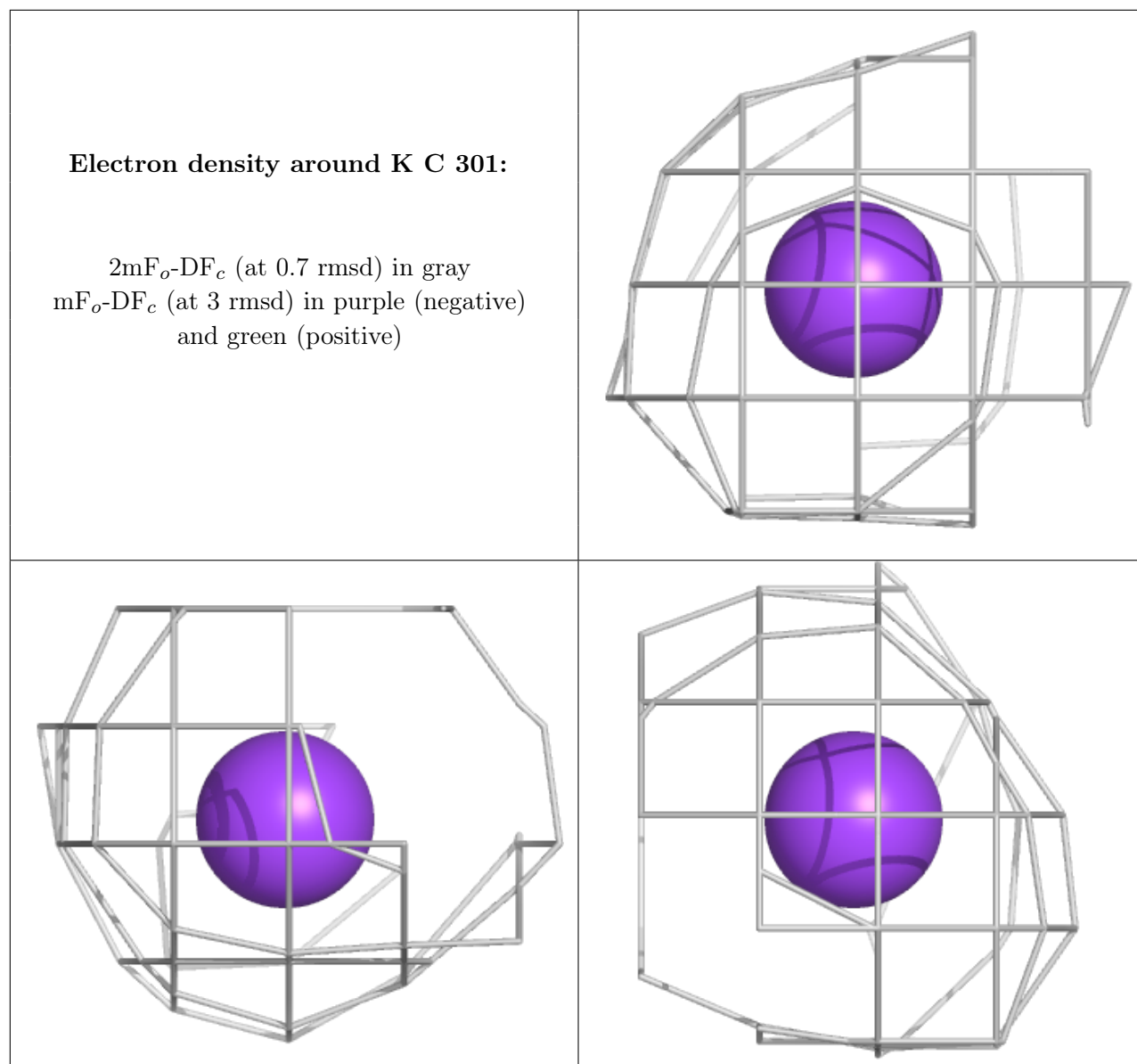
6.3 Carbohydrates

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

Unable to reproduce the depositor's R factor - this section is therefore empty.