

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 13, 2024 – 12:14 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1LTT

Title : LACTOSE BINDING TO HEAT-LABILE ENTEROTOXIN REVEALED BY

X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY

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Deposited on : 1992-07-15

Resolution : 2.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : NOT EXECUTED EDS : NOT EXECUTED

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

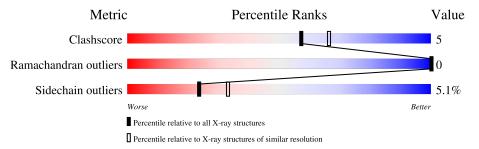
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	5643 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5575 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5575 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	D	103	77%	21% •
1	E	103	85%	13% •
1	F	103	81%	13% 6% •
1	G	103	83%	
1	Н	103		
			81%	18%
2	A	185	75%	21% • •
3	С	41	68%	29% •
4	В	2	50%	50%



Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
4	I	2	100%
4	J	2	100%
4	K	2	100%
4	L	2	100%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6427 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called HEAT-LABILE ENTEROTOXIN, SUBUNIT B.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	D	D 103	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	D	105	824	516	139	163	6	0	0	U
1	Е	103	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	l Li	105	824	516	139	163	6	0		U
1	F	103	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	I.	105	824	516	139	163	6	0		
1	G	103	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	G	105	824	516	139	163	6	0	0	U
1	Н	102	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	П	103	824	516	139	163	6		U	U

• Molecule 2 is a protein called HEAT-LABILE ENTEROTOXIN, SUBUNIT A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	A	185	Total 1511	C 953	N 276	O 278	S 4	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called HEAT-LABILE ENTEROTOXIN, SUBUNIT A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	С	41	Total 347	C 214	- 1	O 73	S 1	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	At	oms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	В	2	Total 23	C 12	O 11	0	0	0



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	Т	2	Total C O	0	0	0
4	1		23 12 11	U	U	
4	Т	2	Total C O	0	0	0
4	4 J		23 12 11			
4	K	2	Total C O	0	0	0
4	4 K	Δ	23 12 11	0		
4	1 T	L 2	Total C O	0	0	0
$egin{array}{c c} 4 & L \\ \hline \end{array}$	2	23 12 11			U	

• Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	D	65	Total O 65 65	0	0
5	Е	56	Total O 56 56	0	0
5	F	37	Total O 37 37	0	0
5	G	53	Total O 53 53	0	0
5	Н	51	Total O 51 51	0	0
5	A	43	Total O 43 43	0	0
5	С	29	Total O 29 29	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: HEAT-LABILE ENTEROTOXIN, SUBUNIT B



• Molecule 2: HEAT-LABILE ENTEROTOXIN, SUBUNIT A



Chain A:	75%	21%	
R4	C47 R54 R54 R54 R55 R56 R57 R58 R78 R78 R78 R78 R12 R16 R16 R12	R141 R146 D147 R148 Y150 Y150 R151	N154 1155 R163
P168 H171 Q172 A173 W174 R175 E176	0186 C1188 G188		
• Molecule 3:	HEAT-LABILE ENTEROTOXIN, SUBUN	TT A	
Chain C:	68%	29%	.
G196 D197 T198 C199 N200 E201 E202 T203	K210 K217 K217 N234 R235 I236		
• Molecule 4:	beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucop	oyranose	
Chain B:	50%	50%	
BGC1 GAL2			
• Molecule 4:	beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucop	oyranose	
Chain I:	100%		
BGC1 GAL2			
• Molecule 4:	beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucop	oyranose	
Chain J:	100%		
BGC1 GAL2			
• Molecule 4:	beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucop	oyranose	
Chain K:	100%		
BGC1 GAL2			
• Molecule 4:	beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucop	oyranose	
Chain L:	100%		
BGC1 GAL2			



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor	
Cell constants	119.80Å 101.20Å 64.20Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	8.00 - 2.30	Depositor	
% Data completeness	(Not available) (8.00-2.30)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	(1101 available) (0.00 2.00)		
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor	
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor	
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.182 , (Not available)	Depositor	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
Total number of atoms	6427	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	23.0	wwPDB-VP	



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GAL, BGC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	D	0.82	0/835	1.44	9/1124 (0.8%)	
1	Е	0.79	0/835	1.50	13/1124 (1.2%)	
1	F	0.84	0/835	1.57	15/1124 (1.3%)	
1	G	0.85	0/835	1.62	10/1124 (0.9%)	
1	Н	0.80	0/835	1.57	13/1124 (1.2%)	
2	A	0.78	0/1559	1.53	29/2120 (1.4%)	
3	С	0.73	0/351	1.60	5/472 (1.1%)	
All	All	0.80	0/6085	1.54	94/8212 (1.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	Е	0	1
1	G	0	1
All	All	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 94 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	С	235	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-13.72	113.44	120.30
1	Н	35	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-12.29	114.15	120.30
1	Е	67	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	11.96	126.28	120.30
1	G	73	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	11.87	126.24	120.30
1	G	13	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-11.61	114.50	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.



All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	Е	76	TYR	Sidechain
1	G	76	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	D	824	0	841	8	0
1	Е	824	0	841	5	0
1	F	824	0	841	8	0
1	G	824	0	841	11	0
1	Н	824	0	841	9	0
2	A	1511	0	1407	26	0
3	С	347	0	327	6	0
4	В	23	0	21	0	0
4	I	23	0	21	0	0
4	J	23	0	21	0	0
4	K	23	0	21	0	0
4	L	23	0	21	0	0
5	A	43	0	0	1	0
5	С	29	0	0	0	0
5	D	65	0	0	0	0
5	Е	56	0	0	0	0
5	F	37	0	0	1	0
5	G	53	0	0	0	0
5	Н	51	0	0	0	0
All	All	6427	0	6044	59	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 59 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-1 Atom-2		$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	
1:G:54:GLY:H	1:G:57:HIS:HD2	1.32	0.77	



Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
2:A:174:TRP:HB3	2:A:188:GLY:HA2	1.66	0.76
1:D:93:PRO:HG3	1:H:3:GLN:HG2	1.70	0.73
1:H:59:ASP:HA	1:H:62:LYS:HD3	1.75	0.69
3:C:198:THR:HA	3:C:201:GLU:HG2	1.75	0.68

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	D	101/103 (98%)	98 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
1	E	101/103 (98%)	98 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
1	F	101/103 (98%)	97 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100
1	G	101/103 (98%)	96 (95%)	5 (5%)	0	100	100
1	Н	101/103 (98%)	98 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
2	A	183/185 (99%)	175 (96%)	8 (4%)	0	100	100
3	С	39/41 (95%)	39 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	727/741 (98%)	701 (96%)	26 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	D	95/95 (100%)	87 (92%)	8 (8%)	11	13
1	E	95/95 (100%)	92 (97%)	3 (3%)	39	54
1	F	95/95~(100%)	89 (94%)	6 (6%)	18	24
1	G	95/95 (100%)	91 (96%)	4 (4%)	30	42
1	Н	95/95~(100%)	93 (98%)	2 (2%)	53	70
2	A	155/155 (100%)	147 (95%)	8 (5%)	23	32
3	С	40/40 (100%)	37 (92%)	3 (8%)	13	17
All	All	670/670 (100%)	636 (95%)	34 (5%)	24	33

5 of 34 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	A	154	ASN
2	A	174	TRP
3	С	234	ASN
1	F	23	LYS
1	F	4	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 11 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	G	103	ASN
1	Н	3	GLN
2	A	171	HIS
2	A	131	ASN
1	F	103	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

10 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	Chain	Dag	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	BGC	В	1	4	12,12,12	0.47	0	17,17,17	0.84	1 (5%)
4	GAL	В	2	4	11,11,12	0.84	0	15,15,17	0.81	0
4	BGC	I	1	4	12,12,12	0.73	0	17,17,17	1.33	2 (11%)
4	GAL	I	2	4	11,11,12	0.93	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.53	2 (13%)
4	BGC	J	1	4	12,12,12	1.13	1 (8%)	17,17,17	1.47	3 (17%)
4	GAL	J	2	4	11,11,12	0.72	0	15,15,17	1.24	2 (13%)
4	BGC	K	1	4	12,12,12	1.01	1 (8%)	17,17,17	0.85	0
4	GAL	K	2	4	11,11,12	1.06	1 (9%)	15,15,17	0.86	0
4	BGC	L	1	4	12,12,12	0.91	1 (8%)	17,17,17	0.97	0
4	GAL	L	2	4	11,11,12	0.90	0	15,15,17	1.05	1 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	BGC	В	1	4	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
4	GAL	В	2	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	BGC	I	1	4	-	1/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
4	GAL	I	2	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	BGC	J	1	4	-	2/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
4	GAL	J	2	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	BGC	K	1	4	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
4	GAL	K	2	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	BGC	L	1	4	-	2/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
4	GAL	L	2	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$Ideal(\AA)$
4	K	2	GAL	C4-C5	2.60	1.58	1.53



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
4	I	2	GAL	C2-C3	2.56	1.56	1.52
4	K	1	BGC	C4-C5	2.26	1.57	1.53
4	J	1	BGC	C6-C5	2.08	1.58	1.51
4	L	1	BGC	C6-C5	2.06	1.58	1.51

The worst 5 of 11 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
4	I	2	GAL	C1-C2-C3	-4.07	104.67	109.67
4	J	1	BGC	C4-C3-C2	-3.96	103.91	110.82
4	I	1	BGC	C3-C4-C5	3.88	117.16	110.24
4	J	2	GAL	C1-O5-C5	3.53	116.98	112.19
4	J	2	GAL	O3-C3-C2	-2.44	105.32	109.99

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

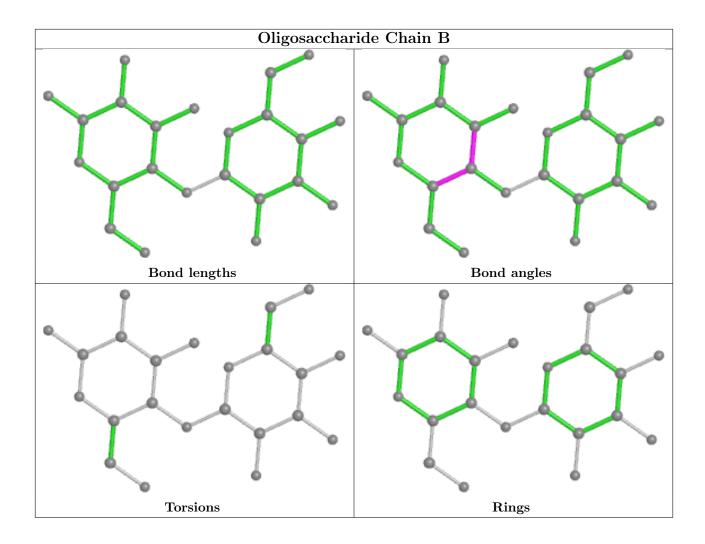
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	J	1	BGC	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	I	1	BGC	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	J	1	BGC	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	L	1	BGC	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	L	1	BGC	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

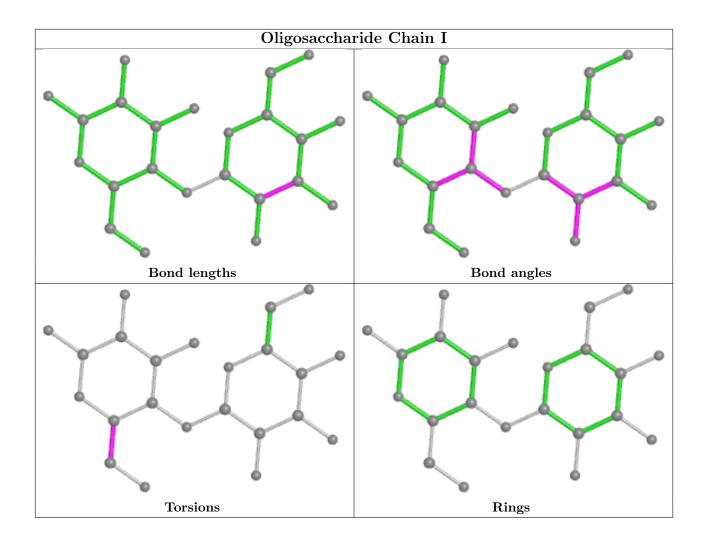
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

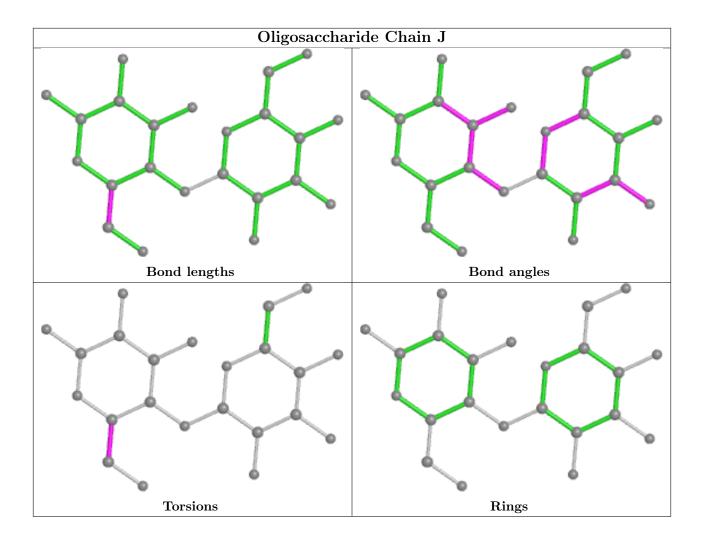




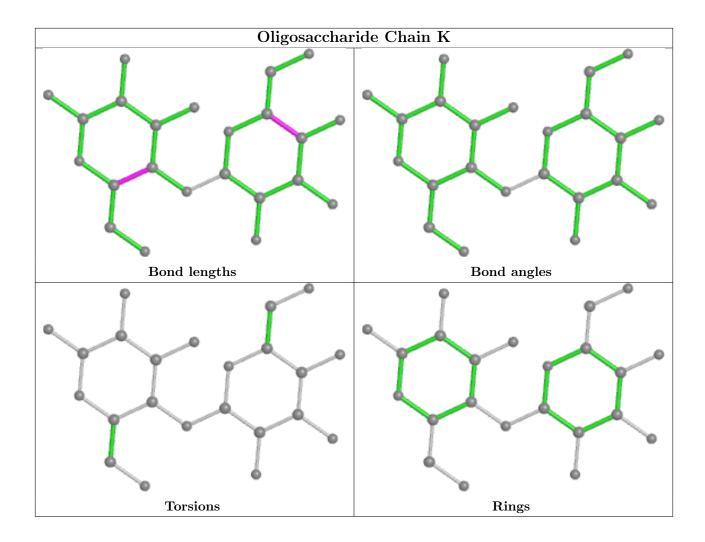




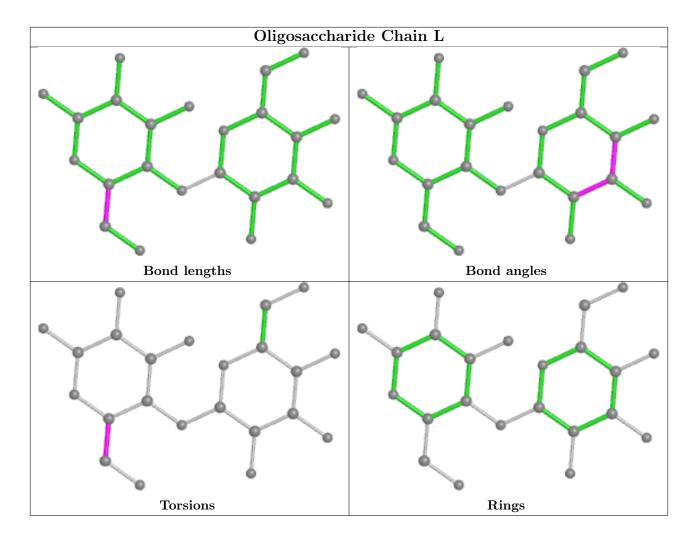












5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

