

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 16, 2023 – 01:27 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2A1T

Title : Structure of the human MCAD:ETF E165betaA complex Authors : Toogood, H.S.; Van Thiel, A.; Scrutton, N.S.; Leys, D.

Deposited on : 2005-06-21

Resolution : 2.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

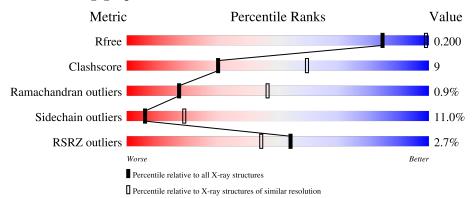
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(\mathring{A}))$
R_{free}	130704	3140 (2.80-2.80)
Clashscore	141614	3569 (2.80-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3498 (2.80-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3500 (2.80-2.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3078 (2.80-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	421	68%	21%	• 8%
1	В	421	69%	21%	• 8%
1	С	421	72%	18%	• 8%
1	D	421	68%	20%	• 8%
2	R	333	67%	23%	• 6%



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\mathbf{M}	ol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
	3	S	255	68%	22%	•	6%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 16189 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Acyl-CoA dehydrogenase, medium-chain specific, mitochondrial precursor.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	٨	386	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	300	2933	1862	496	557	18	U	U	U
1	В	387	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Б	301	2949	1869	501	561	18	U	U	U
1	C	388	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		300	2961	1875	508	560	18	U	U	
1	D	387	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Ъ	301	2972	1880	508	566	18	0	U	U

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Electron transfer flavoprotein alpha-subunit, mitochondrial precursor.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	R	313	Total 2264	C 1441	N 377	O 437	S 9	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Electron transfer flavoprotein beta-subunit.

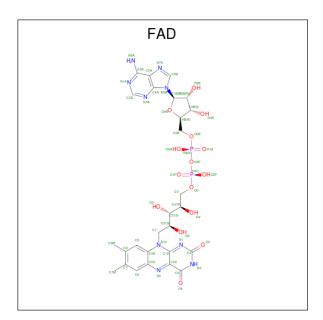
Mol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{At}	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	S	239	Total 1758	C 1119	N 294	O 337	S 8	0	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
S	165	ALA	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P38117

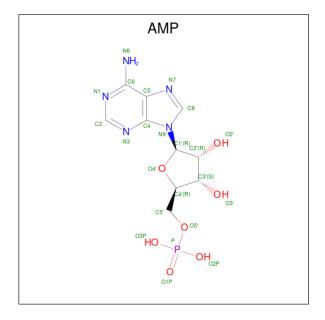
• Molecule 4 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula: $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2$).





Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
4	Α	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	
1	В	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
4	Б	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	U
1	С	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
4		1	53	27	9	15	2	U	U
1	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
4	D	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	U
1	R	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
4	10	1	53	27	9	15	2	U	0

 $\bullet \ \ Molecule\ 5\ is\ ADENOSINE\ MONOPHOSPHATE\ (three-letter\ code:\ AMP)\ (formula:\ C_{10}H_{14}N_5O_7P).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
	C	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
)	S	1	23	10	5	7	1	U	

• Molecule 6 is water.

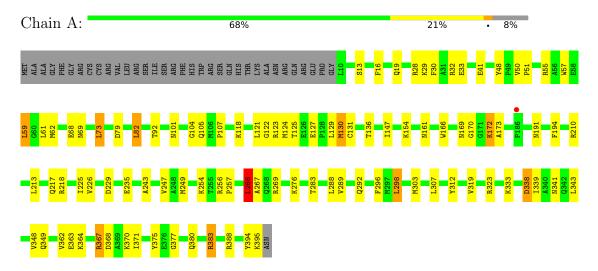
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	13	Total O 13 13	0	0
6	В	9	Total O 9 9	0	0
6	С	17	Total O 17 17	0	0
6	D	12	Total O 12 12	0	0
6	R	3	Total O 3 3	0	0
6	S	10	Total O 10 10	0	0



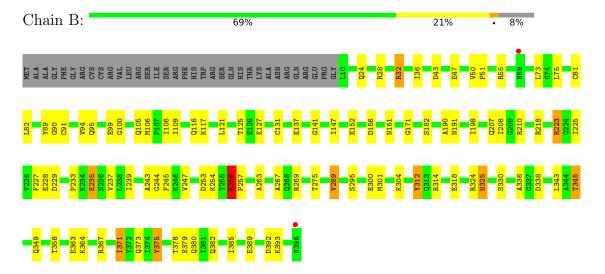
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Acyl-CoA dehydrogenase, medium-chain specific, mitochondrial precursor



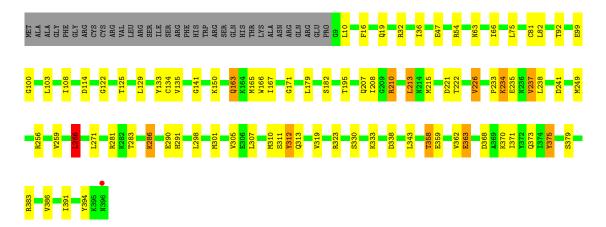
• Molecule 1: Acyl-CoA dehydrogenase, medium-chain specific, mitochondrial precursor



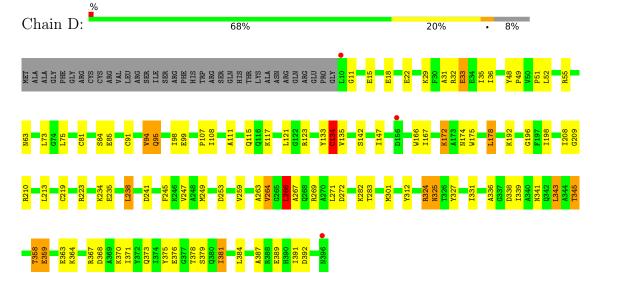
• Molecule 1: Acyl-CoA dehydrogenase, medium-chain specific, mitochondrial precursor



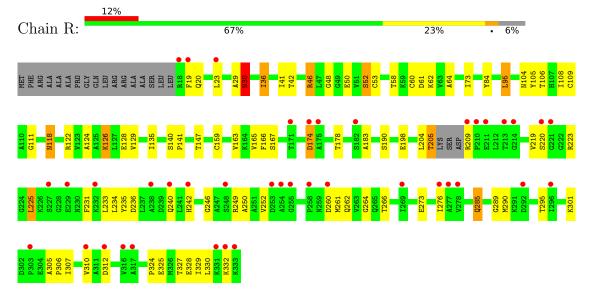




 \bullet Molecule 1: Acyl-CoA dehydrogenase, medium-chain specific, mitochondrial precursor

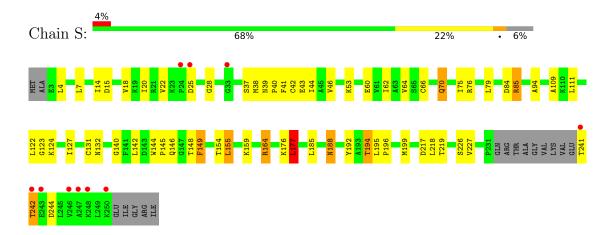


• Molecule 2: Electron transfer flavoprotein alpha-subunit, mitochondrial precursor



• Molecule 3: Electron transfer flavoprotein beta-subunit







4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor	
Cell constants	94.18Å 100.66Å 244.38Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	19.98 - 2.80	Depositor	
rtesolution (A)	19.98 - 2.80	EDS	
% Data completeness	100.0 (19.98-2.80)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	93.0 (19.98-2.80)	EDS	
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor	
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.74 (at 2.79Å)	Xtriage	
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0011	Depositor	
P. P.	0.199 , 0.269	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.205 , 0.200	DCC	
R_{free} test set	2734 reflections (5.08%)	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	46.7	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.310	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35, 43.3	EDS	
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.47, < L^2> = 0.30$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS	
Total number of atoms	16189	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	44.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.14% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FAD, AMP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	В	ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.74	$1/2988 \; (0.0\%)$	0.83	6/4040 (0.1%)
1	В	0.76	0/3004	0.80	1/4062~(0.0%)
1	С	0.73	0/3016	0.83	3/4074 (0.1%)
1	D	0.72	$1/3027 \ (0.0\%)$	0.81	$1/4085 \ (0.0\%)$
2	R	0.63	0/2298	0.73	1/3129 (0.0%)
3	S	0.68	2/1778 (0.1%)	0.77	1/2417 (0.0%)
All	All	0.72	4/16111 (0.0%)	0.80	13/21807 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	В	0	1
3	S	0	2
All	All	0	3

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
3	S	66	CYS	CB-SG	-5.89	1.72	1.81
3	S	131	CYS	CB-SG	-5.59	1.72	1.81
1	D	134	CYS	CB-SG	-5.39	1.73	1.81
1	A	41	GLU	CG-CD	5.04	1.59	1.51

The worst 5 of 13 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	${f Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	269	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.56	124.08	120.30



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	С	383	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.71	123.65	120.30
1	A	388	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.49	117.06	120.30
1	A	388	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.38	123.49	120.30
1	В	256	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.36	123.48	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	В	325	ASN	Peptide
3	S	176	LYS	Peptide
3	S	177	LEU	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2933	0	2855	57	0
1	В	2949	0	2862	60	0
1	С	2961	0	2903	50	0
1	D	2972	0	2916	63	0
2	R	2264	0	2268	50	0
3	S	1758	0	1795	42	0
4	A	53	0	31	7	0
4	В	53	0	31	3	0
4	С	53	0	31	5	0
4	D	53	0	31	4	0
4	R	53	0	31	4	0
5	S	23	0	12	1	0
6	A	13	0	0	3	0
6	В	9	0	0	0	0
6	С	17	0	0	2	0
6	D	12	0	0	3	0
6	R	3	0	0	1	0
6	S	10	0	0	0	0
All	All	16189	0	15766	298	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

The worst 5 of 298 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} \operatorname{Clash} \ \operatorname{overlap}\ (\begin{subarray}{c} \begin{subarray}{c} \begi$
1:B:378:THR:HG21	4:B:1399:FAD:O2B	1.51	1.07
2:R:84:TYR:OH	2:R:95:LEU:HD23	1.71	0.91
1:A:341:ASN:HD21	1:A:370:LYS:HA	1.40	0.85
1:B:116:GLN:NE2	1:B:237:VAL:O	2.09	0.84
6:D:3411:HOH:O	2:R:266:THR:HG21	1.78	0.84

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	384/421 (91%)	361 (94%)	22 (6%)	1 (0%)	41 72
1	В	385/421 (91%)	368 (96%)	15 (4%)	2 (0%)	29 61
1	С	386/421 (92%)	372 (96%)	12 (3%)	2 (0%)	29 61
1	D	385/421 (91%)	365 (95%)	20 (5%)	0	100 100
2	R	309/333 (93%)	270 (87%)	31 (10%)	8 (3%)	5 18
3	S	235/255 (92%)	205 (87%)	25 (11%)	5 (2%)	7 23
All	All	2084/2272 (92%)	1941 (93%)	125 (6%)	18 (1%)	17 46

5 of 18 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	69	ASN
1	С	234	LYS
3	S	218	LEU



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	R	30	ASN
2	R	50	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	287/332 (86%)	259 (90%)	28 (10%)	8 24
1	В	288/332 (87%)	260 (90%)	28 (10%)	8 24
1	С	293/332 (88%)	257 (88%)	36 (12%)	4 15
1	D	296/332~(89%)	263 (89%)	33 (11%)	6 19
2	R	232/262 (88%)	204 (88%)	28 (12%)	5 15
3	S	183/213 (86%)	163 (89%)	20 (11%)	6 19
All	All	1579/1803 (88%)	1406 (89%)	173 (11%)	6 19

5 of 173 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	325	ASN
2	R	209	ARG
1	D	358	THR
2	R	95	LEU
2	R	312	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 41 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	325	ASN
2	R	285	GLN
1	D	354	ASN
2	R	39	ASN
3	S	70	GLN



5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

6 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Вс	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	FAD	В	1399	-	53,58,58	1.13	4 (7%)	68,89,89	1.51	10 (14%)
4	FAD	R	599	-	53,58,58	1.19	4 (7%)	68,89,89	1.58	14 (20%)
4	FAD	D	3399	-	53,58,58	1.23	6 (11%)	68,89,89	1.41	11 (16%)
5	AMP	S	600	-	22,25,25	0.95	1 (4%)	25,38,38	1.56	6 (24%)
4	FAD	A	399	-	53,58,58	1.17	5 (9%)	68,89,89	1.65	13 (19%)
4	FAD	С	2399	-	53,58,58	1.27	7 (13%)	68,89,89	1.51	10 (14%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	\mathbf{Type}	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	FAD	В	1399	-	-	2/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
4	FAD	R	599	-	-	11/30/50/50	0/6/6/6



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Me	ol	\mathbf{Type}	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4		FAD	D	3399	_	-	0/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
5		AMP	S	600	-	-	3/6/26/26	0/3/3/3
4		FAD	A	399	-	-	6/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
4		FAD	С	2399	-	-	2/30/50/50	0/6/6/6

The worst 5 of 27 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
4	R	599	FAD	C2A-N3A	4.11	1.38	1.32
4	A	399	FAD	C2A-N3A	4.06	1.38	1.32
4	С	2399	FAD	C4X-N5	4.06	1.38	1.30
4	R	599	FAD	C4X-N5	3.97	1.38	1.30
4	D	3399	FAD	C4X-N5	3.89	1.38	1.30

The worst 5 of 64 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	R	599	FAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-6.34	118.77	128.68
4	A	399	FAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-5.98	119.34	128.68
4	В	1399	FAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-5.62	119.90	128.68
4	D	3399	FAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-5.51	120.06	128.68
4	С	2399	FAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-5.03	120.81	128.68

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 24 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	С	2399	FAD	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'
4	С	2399	FAD	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
4	R	599	FAD	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B
4	R	599	FAD	C1'-C2'-C3'-C4'
4	R	599	FAD	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'

There are no ring outliers.

6 monomers are involved in 24 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	В	1399	FAD	3	0
4	R	599	FAD	4	0
4	D	3399	FAD	4	0

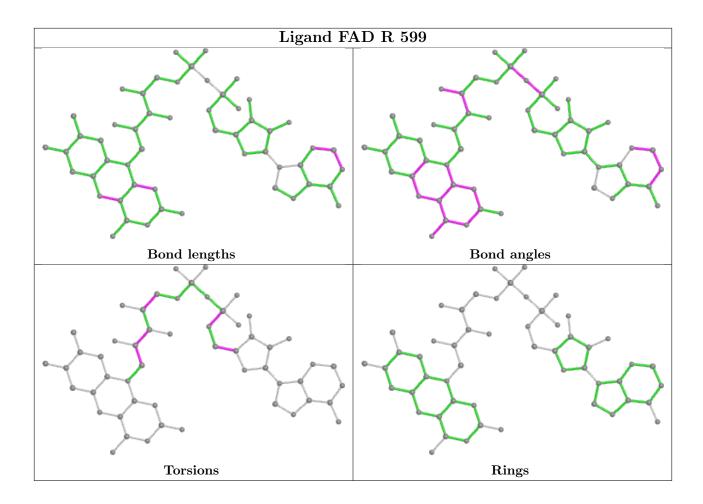


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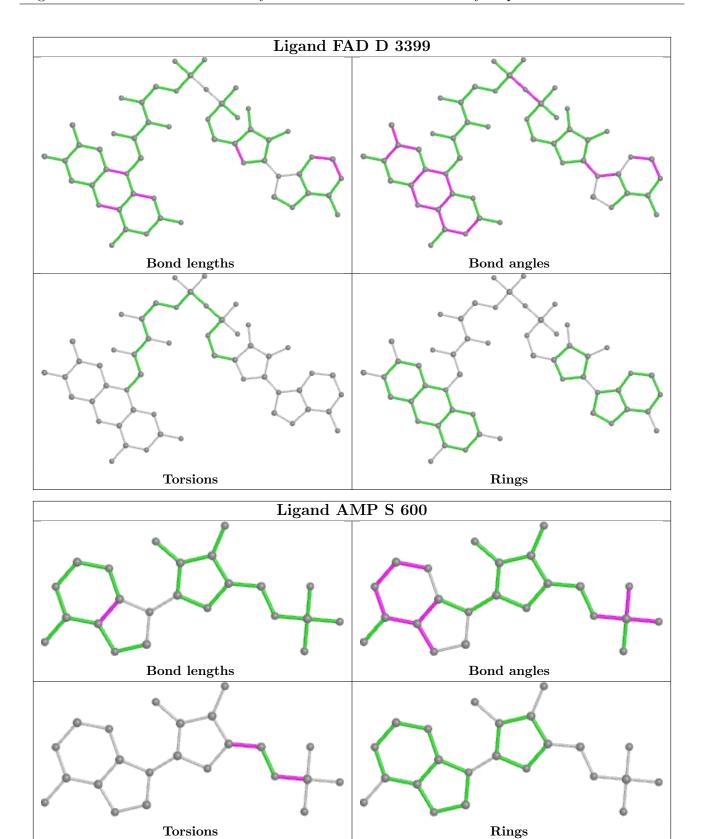
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	S	600	AMP	1	0
4	A	399	FAD	7	0
4	С	2399	FAD	5	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

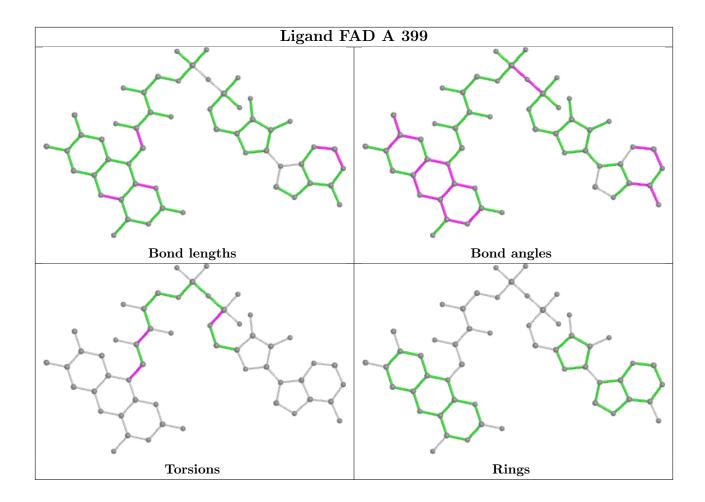




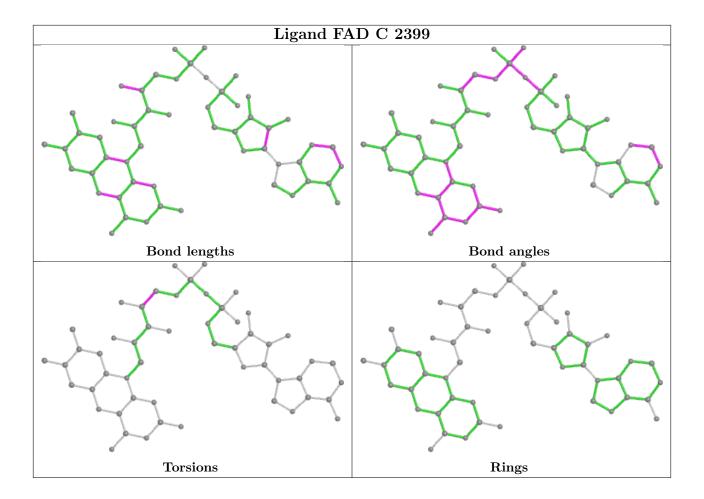












5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	386/421 (91%)	-0.53	1 (0%) 94 93	26, 37, 49, 57	0
1	В	387/421 (91%)	-0.45	2 (0%) 91 88	26, 40, 53, 62	0
1	С	388/421 (92%)	-0.56	1 (0%) 94 93	24, 37, 49, 60	0
1	D	387/421 (91%)	-0.52	3 (0%) 86 81	24, 37, 51, 60	0
2	R	313/333 (93%)	0.56	40 (12%) 3 2	43, 63, 91, 104	0
3	S	239/255~(93%)	0.04	10 (4%) 36 26	36, 53, 77, 111	0
All	All	2100/2272 (92%)	-0.29	57 (2%) 54 44	24, 41, 82, 111	0

The worst 5 of 57 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	R	333	LYS	6.2
2	R	220	SER	5.0
2	R	213	THR	4.8
2	R	303	PRO	4.7
2	R	242	HIS	4.6

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

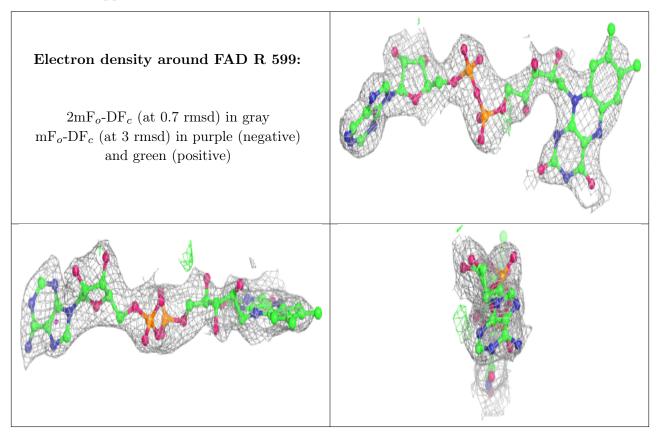


6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	FAD	R	599	53/53	0.91	0.17	61,65,71,71	0
5	AMP	S	600	23/23	0.96	0.12	41,45,46,46	0
4	FAD	С	2399	53/53	0.97	0.12	29,33,36,37	0
4	FAD	D	3399	53/53	0.97	0.11	28,32,37,37	0
4	FAD	A	399	53/53	0.97	0.12	27,33,35,36	0
4	FAD	В	1399	53/53	0.97	0.13	29,35,41,42	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



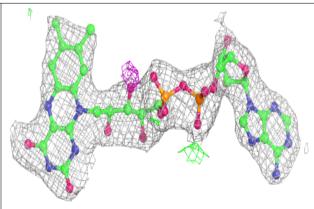


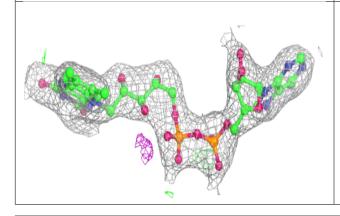
Electron density around AMP S 600: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${ m mF}_o{ m -DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive) Electron density around FAD C 2399: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

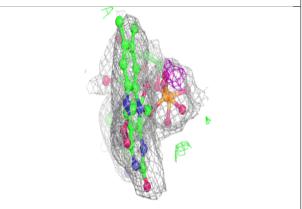


Electron density around FAD D 3399:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

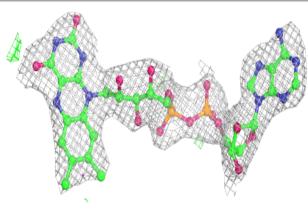


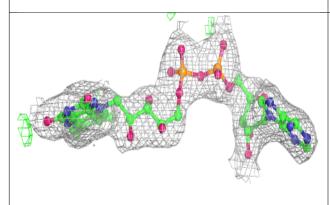


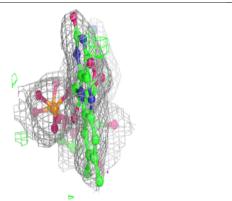


Electron density around FAD A 399:

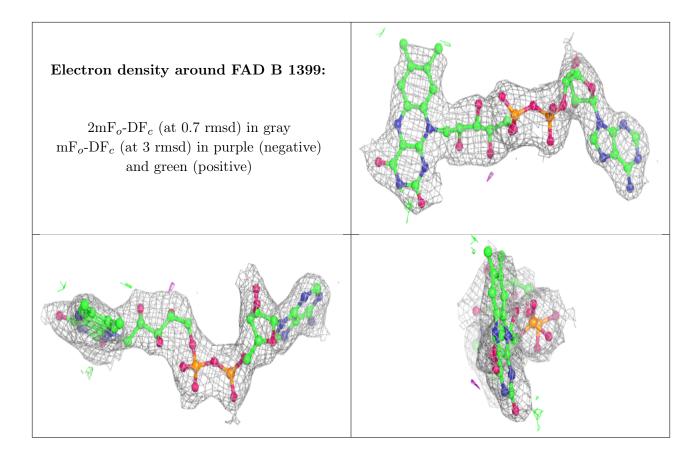
 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)











6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

