

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 18, 2024 – 07:00 PM EDT

PDB ID : 4N9H

Title: Crystal structure of Transcription regulation Protein CRP

Authors: Lee, B.J.; Seok, S.H.; Im, H.; Yoon, H.J.

Deposited on : 2013-10-21

Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.20.1 EDS : 2.37.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove) roteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

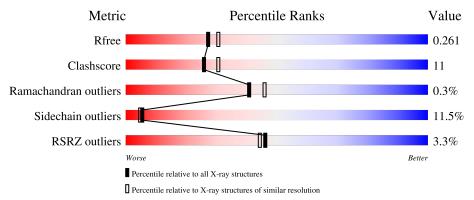
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},\ {\rm resolution\ range}({\rm \AA})) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	4898 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	141614	5594 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5503 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5504 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4800 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	210	71%	20%				
1	В	210	63%	24%	8% • •			



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3269 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Catabolite gene activator.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	201	Total 1578	C 1001		O 292		Se 6	0	0	0
1	В	201	Total 1578	C 1001		O 292		Se 6	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is water.

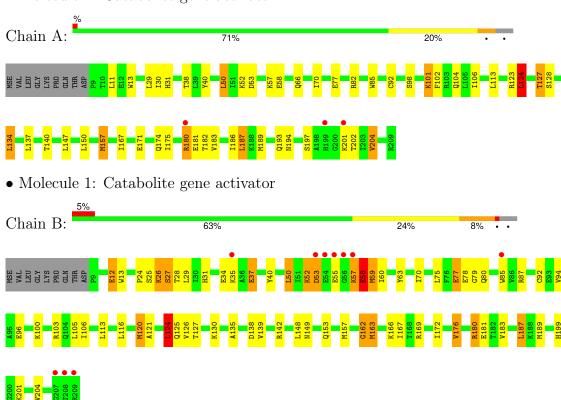
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	63	Total O 63 63	0	0
2	В	50	Total O 50 50	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Catabolite gene activator





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 61	Depositor
Cell constants	120.62Å 120.62Å 60.35Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 - 2.20	Depositor
Resolution (A)	30.15 - 2.20	EDS
% Data completeness	99.5 (50.00-2.20)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.6 (30.15-2.20)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	11.20 (at 2.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.6.0117	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.202 , 0.263	Depositor
it, it free	0.200 , 0.261	DCC
R_{free} test set	1300 reflections (5.10%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	43.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.040	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	$0.38\;,58.0$	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.041 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	3269	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	50.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.33% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.97	$2/1597 \ (0.1\%)$	1.02	5/2141 (0.2%)	
1	В	1.05	6/1597 (0.4%)	1.20	12/2141 (0.6%)	
All	All	1.01	8/3194 (0.3%)	1.11	17/4282 (0.4%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	В	0	2

All (8) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\mathring{A})$	Ideal(A)
1	В	162	GLY	C-O	7.70	1.35	1.23
1	В	59	MSE	N-CA	6.08	1.58	1.46
1	A	92	CYS	CB-SG	-6.05	1.72	1.82
1	В	149	ASN	CG-OD1	6.00	1.37	1.24
1	В	12	GLU	CD-OE2	5.50	1.31	1.25
1	В	13	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.50	1.48	1.41
1	В	85	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.31	1.47	1.41
1	A	13	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.04	1.47	1.41

All (17) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	В	163	MSE	O-C-N	-20.04	90.64	122.70
1	В	58	GLU	CA-C-O	14.20	149.91	120.10
1	В	189	MSE	CG-SE-CE	-8.62	79.93	98.90
1	В	163	MSE	CA-C-N	7.89	134.56	117.20
1	A	29	LEU	CA-CB-CG	7.62	132.82	115.30
1	В	120	MSE	CG-SE-CE	-7.29	82.87	98.90



~ · · 1	c		
Continued	trom	nremous	naae.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	${f Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	163	MSE	CB-CA-C	-7.25	95.89	110.40
1	В	124	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	7.25	123.33	111.00
1	В	148	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.53	130.33	115.30
1	A	134	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.95	128.98	115.30
1	В	180	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.92	123.26	120.30
1	В	120	MSE	CA-CB-CG	-5.68	103.65	113.30
1	A	134	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	5.55	120.43	111.00
1	A	123	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.53	123.06	120.30
1	A	124	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.23	127.33	115.30
1	В	12	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	5.20	129.54	123.30
1	В	92	CYS	CA-CB-SG	-5.09	104.83	114.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	В	162	GLY	Mainchain
1	В	163	MSE	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

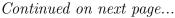
In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1578	0	1610	30	0
1	В	1578	0	1610	41	0
2	A	63	0	0	1	0
2	В	50	0	0	3	0
All	All	3269	0	3220	67	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

All (67) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:124:LEU:HD13	1:B:124:LEU:HD13	1.52	0.89





Continued from previous page...

Continued from preo		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}(\mathring{\rm A})$	$overlap (\AA)$
1:A:197:SER:OG	1:A:204:VAL:HG13	1.76	0.85
1:A:127:THR:HG21	1:B:127:THR:HG21	1.62	0.81
1:B:57:LYS:HE3	1:B:58:GLU:H	1.45	0.81
1:B:31:HIS:O	1:B:34:GLU:HG3	1.82	0.80
1:B:135:ALA:O	1:B:139:VAL:HG23	1.88	0.73
1:B:96:GLU:OE2	2:B:307:HOH:O	2.05	0.73
1:B:31:HIS:N	1:B:34:GLU:OE2	2.19	0.72
1:B:77:GLU:OE2	1:B:77:GLU:O	2.06	0.72
1:A:77:GLU:OE1	1:B:125:GLN:NE2	2.22	0.72
1:B:35:LYS:HE2	1:B:37:GLU:OE2	1.93	0.69
1:B:52:LYS:HA	1:B:57:LYS:O	1.94	0.68
1:B:78:GLU:OE1	1:B:78:GLU:HA	1.92	0.67
1:A:102:PHE:CZ	1:A:106:ILE:HD11	2.31	0.65
1:A:201:LYS:HG2	1:A:201:LYS:O	2.00	0.62
1:B:53:ASP:HB3	1:B:59:MSE:CG	2.30	0.61
1:B:106:ILE:HD12	1:B:113:LEU:HB2	1.81	0.60
1:B:138:ASP:O	1:B:142:ARG:HG3	2.02	0.59
1:B:40:TYR:HB2	1:B:70:ILE:HB	1.85	0.58
1:B:180:ARG:HH11	1:B:180:ARG:HG3	1.67	0.58
1:B:53:ASP:HB3	1:B:59:MSE:HG3	1.86	0.57
1:B:169:ARG:NE	2:B:338:HOH:O	2.36	0.57
1:B:57:LYS:CE	1:B:58:GLU:H	2.17	0.55
1:A:31:HIS:HA	1:A:85:TRP:CE3	2.42	0.54
1:B:60:ILE:O	1:B:60:ILE:HG23	2.08	0.54
1:A:180:ARG:N	1:A:180:ARG:HD3	2.23	0.54
1:B:24:PRO:O	1:B:27:SER:OG	2.23	0.54
1:A:127:THR:HG21	1:B:127:THR:CG2	2.38	0.51
1:A:197:SER:OG	1:A:204:VAL:CG1	2.54	0.51
1:A:171:GLU:O	1:A:175:ILE:HG13	2.11	0.51
1:B:172:ILE:O	1:B:176:VAL:HB	2.13	0.49
1:A:38:THR:HG22	1:A:98:SER:HA	1.95	0.49
1:B:60:ILE:HD11	1:B:63:TYR:CZ	2.49	0.48
1:A:186:ILE:O	1:A:189:MSE:HB3	2.14	0.48
1:B:50:LEU:HA	1:B:59:MSE:O	2.14	0.48
1:A:102:PHE:CE2	1:A:106:ILE:HD11	2.48	0.47
1:A:106:ILE:HG13	1:A:113:LEU:HB2	1.96	0.47
1:B:35:LYS:CE	1:B:37:GLU:OE2	2.63	0.47
1:B:53:ASP:HB3	1:B:59:MSE:HG2	1.96	0.46
1:B:28:THR:HG21	1:B:31:HIS:CD2	2.49	0.46
1:A:101:LYS:HE2	1:A:104:GLN:OE1	2.16	0.46
1:A:150:LEU:HD11	1:A:167:ILE:HD13	1.98	0.46



Continued from previous page...

	A. O	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}(\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:180:ARG:O	1:A:181:GLU:C	2.54	0.46
1:B:25:SER:O	1:B:26:LYS:HB2	2.14	0.46
1:B:35:LYS:HE3	1:B:79:GLY:HA2	1.98	0.46
1:A:193:GLN:O	1:A:194:ASN:HB2	2.15	0.46
1:A:50:LEU:HG	1:A:85:TRP:HB2	1.99	0.45
1:B:60:ILE:O	1:B:60:ILE:CG2	2.65	0.45
1:A:53:ASP:OD2	1:A:57:LYS:NZ	2.46	0.45
1:B:166:LYS:HB3	1:B:166:LYS:HE2	1.62	0.44
1:B:183:VAL:HG12	1:B:187:LEU:HD22	2.00	0.44
1:A:53:ASP:OD2	1:A:57:LYS:HB2	2.17	0.44
1:A:102:PHE:O	1:A:106:ILE:HD13	2.18	0.44
1:A:66:GLN:CG	2:A:349:HOH:O	2.65	0.44
1:A:30:ILE:HG23	1:A:82:ARG:HG3	2.00	0.44
1:B:29:LEU:HD21	1:B:94:VAL:HG21	2.00	0.44
1:B:166:LYS:HA	1:B:201:LYS:O	2.18	0.43
1:B:199:HIS:HB2	2:B:348:HOH:O	2.17	0.43
1:B:116:LEU:HD23	1:B:120:MSE:HE2	2.02	0.42
1:A:180:ARG:C	1:A:182:THR:N	2.74	0.41
1:A:183:VAL:HG12	1:A:187:LEU:HD22	2.01	0.41
1:A:40:TYR:HB2	1:A:70:ILE:HB	2.03	0.41
1:A:52:LYS:HG2	1:A:58:GLU:HG2	2.03	0.41
1:A:157:MSE:HE2	1:A:157:MSE:HB3	1.93	0.41
1:B:75:LEU:O	1:B:103:ARG:NH2	2.47	0.41
1:B:167:ILE:HG12	1:B:172:ILE:HG13	2.02	0.40
1:B:121:ALA:O	1:B:125:GLN:HG3	2.20	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	199/210~(95%)	193 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100 100



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	В	199/210 (95%)	190 (96%)	8 (4%)	1 (0%)	29	31
All	All	398/420 (95%)	383 (96%)	14 (4%)	1 (0%)	41	46

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	53	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	170/174 (98%)	154 (91%)	16 (9%)	8 8
1	В	170/174 (98%)	147 (86%)	23 (14%)	4 3
All	All	340/348 (98%)	301 (88%)	39 (12%)	5 5

All (39) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	11	LEU
1	A	50	LEU
1	A	101	LYS
1	A	124	LEU
1	A	127	THR
1	A	128	SER
1	A	134	LEU
1	A	137	LEU
1	A	140	THR
1	A	147	LEU
1	A	157	MSE
1	A	174	GLN
1	A	180	ARG
1	A	187	LEU
1	A	202	THR



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	204	VAL
1	В	12	GLU
1	В	26	LYS
1	В	27	SER
1	В	37	GLU
1	В	50	LEU
1	В	52	LYS
1	В	55	GLU
1	В	57	LYS
1	В	58	GLU
1	В	77	GLU
1	В	80	GLN
1	В	87	ARG
1	В	100	LYS
1	В	105	LEU
1	В	124	LEU
1	В	126	VAL
1	В	130	LYS
1	В	153	GLN
1	В	157	MSE
1	В	176	VAL
1	В	181	GLU
1	В	187	LEU
1	В	204	VAL

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	195/210 (92%)	-0.25	3 (1%) 73 72	25, 46, 75, 99	0
1	В	195/210~(92%)	-0.00	10 (5%) 28 26	28, 48, 80, 112	0
All	All	390/420 (92%)	-0.13	13 (3%) 46 44	25, 47, 77, 112	0

All (13) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	208	THR	5.6
1	В	56	GLY	5.1
1	В	55	GLU	5.0
1	В	209	ARG	4.0
1	В	57	LYS	3.7
1	A	199	HIS	3.0
1	В	54	GLU	2.9
1	A	201	LYS	2.7
1	В	85	TRP	2.7
1	В	35	LYS	2.6
1	A	180	ARG	2.5
1	В	53	ASP	2.5
1	В	207	GLY	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

