

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

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PDB ID : 7B4Z BMRB ID : 34579

Title : Synthetic DNA duplex dodecamer

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This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

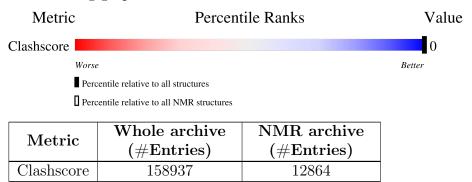
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 38%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	10	20%	80%				
2	В	10	20%	80%				



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 10 models. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 630 atoms, of which 226 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

 \bullet Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*CP*GP*CP*CP*GP*CP*TP*G)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	Λ	10	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
1	A	10	312	95	113	37	58	9	U

• Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*GP*CP*GP*GP*CP*GP*TP*G)-3 ').

Mol	Chain	Residues		Trace					
9	D	10	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
	Б	10	318	97	113	41	58	9	U

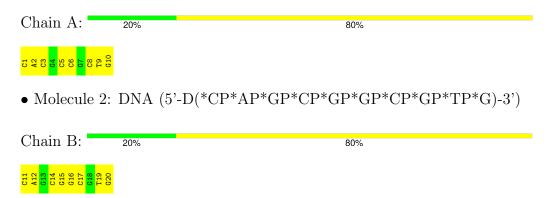


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*CP*GP*CP*CP*GP*CP*TP*G)-3')

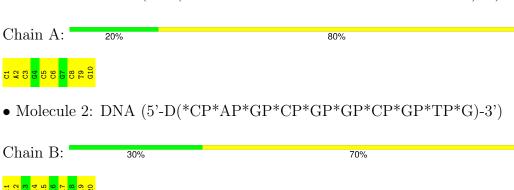


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*CP*GP*CP*CP*GP*CP*TP*G)-3')





4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*CP*GP*CP*CP*GP*CP*TP*G)-3')

Chain A: 20% 80%

C1 A2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C6 C8 C8 T9

• Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*GP*CP*GP*GP*CP*GP*TP*G)-3')

Chain B: 20% 80%

C11 A12 G13 G15 G16 C17 G16 C17 T19

4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*CP*GP*CP*CP*GP*CP*TP*G)-3')

Chain A: 20% 80%

C1 A2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C6 C6 C7 C7 T9 C10

 \bullet Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*GP*CP*GP*GP*CP*GP*TP*G)-3')

Chain B: 20% 80%

C11 A12 G13 C14 G16 G16 C17 C17 T19 G20

4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*CP*GP*CP*CP*GP*CP*TP*G)-3')

Chain A: 20% 80%

• Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*GP*CP*GP*GP*CP*GP*TP*G)-3')

Chain B: 20% 80%

C11 A12 C14 C14 G15 G16 C17 T19 G20



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*CP*GP*CP*CP*GP*CP*TP*G)-3')

Chain A: 30% 70%

C1 A2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C6 C6 C7 C7 C8 T9

• Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*GP*CP*GP*GP*CP*GP*TP*G)-3')

Chain B: 30% 70%

C11 A12 G13 C14 C17 G18 T19 G20

4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*CP*GP*CP*CP*GP*CP*TP*G)-3')

Chain A: 20% 80%

• Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*GP*CP*GP*GP*CP*GP*TP*G)-3')

Chain B: 30% 70%

C11 A12 G13 G16 G16 C17 C17 C17 C17 C17 C17 C17

4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*CP*GP*CP*CP*GP*CP*TP*G)-3')

Chain A: 20% 80%

• Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*GP*CP*GP*GP*CP*GP*TP*G)-3')

Chain B: 30% 70%



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*CP*GP*CP*CP*GP*CP*TP*G)-3')

Chain A: 20% 80%

C1 A2 C3 C4 C5 C6 C6 C8 C8 T9

 \bullet Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*GP*CP*GP*GP*CP*GP*TP*G)-3')

Chain B: 20% 80%

C11 A12 G13 C14 G15 G16 C17 G18 T19 G20

4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*CP*GP*CP*CP*GP*CP*TP*G)-3')

Chain A: 10% 90%

 \bullet Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*GP*CP*GP*GP*CP*GP*TP*G)-3')

Chain B: 20% 80%

C11 A12 G13 C14 G16 G16 C17 C17 T19 G20

4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*CP*GP*CP*CP*GP*CP*TP*G)-3')

Chain A: 20% 80%

• Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*GP*CP*GP*GP*CP*GP*TP*G)-3')

Chain B: 20% 80%

C111 A12 G13 C14 G15 G16 C17 C17 T19 G20



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: molecular dynamics.

Of the 10 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: $all\ calculated$ $structures\ submitted$.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Amber	refinement	14
Amber	structure calculation	14

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	2
Total number of shifts	265
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	265
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	38%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chair		В	Sond lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	MSZ #Z>5		#Z>5	
1	A	1.56 ± 0.00	$0\pm0/222$ ($0.0\pm~0.0\%$)	2.36 ± 0.01	$16\pm1/340$ ($4.8\pm$ 0.2%)	
2	В	1.57 ± 0.01	$0\pm0/230~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	2.32 ± 0.01	$16\pm1/354$ ($4.5\pm$ 0.2%)	
All	All	1.56	0/4520~(~0.0%)	2.34	325/6940 (4.7%)	

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

N/L-1	Classia.	Das	Т	A +	\mathbf{z}	Ob 22-22-24(0)	T.J 1(0)	Mod	dels
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	L	$\operatorname{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$	Worst	Total
2	В	12	DA	N1-C6-N6	-8.52	113.49	118.60	4	10
1	A	2	DA	N1-C6-N6	-8.31	113.62	118.60	10	10
2	В	11	DC	N3-C2-O2	-7.66	116.54	121.90	5	10
1	A	8	DC	N3-C2-O2	-7.61	116.57	121.90	5	10
1	A	1	DC	N3-C2-O2	-7.59	116.58	121.90	7	10
1	A	3	DC	N3-C2-O2	-7.54	116.62	121.90	8	10
1	A	5	DC	N3-C2-O2	-7.53	116.63	121.90	9	10
2	В	14	DC	N3-C2-O2	-7.42	116.70	121.90	7	10
2	В	17	DC	N3-C2-O2	-7.38	116.73	121.90	6	10
2	В	12	DA	C5-C6-N1	7.37	121.39	117.70	4	10
1	A	2	DA	C5-C6-N1	7.34	121.37	117.70	8	10
1	A	6	DC	N3-C2-O2	-7.19	116.86	121.90	5	10
2	В	12	DA	C4-C5-C6	-6.84	113.58	117.00	2	10
2	В	15	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	6.83	112.78	108.00	1	9
1	A	10	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	6.74	112.72	108.00	6	9
1	A	2	DA	C4-C5-C6	-6.70	113.65	117.00	8	10
1	A	8	DC	N1-C2-O2	6.16	122.60	118.90	5	10
1	A	9	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.13	119.22	122.90	5	10
2	В	11	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	6.10	112.27	108.00	4	3
2	В	11	DC	N1-C2-O2	6.08	122.55	118.90	5	10
2	В	20	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	6.05	112.24	108.00	5	10
1	A	5	DC	N1-C2-O2	5.97	122.48	118.90	5	10
2	В	14	DC	N1-C2-O2	5.96	122.47	118.90	4	10

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Mal	Mol Chain H		Type	Atoms	\mathbf{z}	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$	Mod	dels
IVIOI	Chain	Res	туре	Atoms		Observed()	ideai()	Worst	Total
2	В	14	DC	P-O3'-C3'	5.90	126.78	119.70	5	10
1	A	1	DC	N1-C2-O2	5.87	122.42	118.90	7	10
1	A	9	DT	N3-C2-O2	-5.82	118.81	122.30	3	10
2	В	19	DT	C6-C5-C7	-5.81	119.42	122.90	8	10
2	В	19	DT	N3-C2-O2	-5.80	118.82	122.30	10	10
1	A	3	DC	N1-C2-O2	5.77	122.36	118.90	9	10
2	В	17	DC	N1-C2-O2	5.75	122.35	118.90	6	10
1	A	6	DC	N1-C2-O2	5.40	122.14	118.90	5	8
1	A	10	DG	N1-C6-O6	-5.18	116.79	119.90	9	6
2	В	20	DG	N1-C6-O6	-5.17	116.80	119.90	4	9
2	В	15	DG	N1-C6-O6	-5.12	116.83	119.90	9	3
2	В	16	DG	N1-C6-O6	-5.09	116.84	119.90	8	6
1	A	4	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	5.09	111.56	108.00	9	1
2	В	18	DG	N1-C6-O6	-5.02	116.89	119.90	5	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	4040	2260	2260	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.



6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 38% for the well-defined parts and 38% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: 15.3_H2O_1-20.txt

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	136
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	136
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 32%, i.e. 130 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 404. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Sugar	100/240~(42%)	100/140 (71%)	0/100 (0%)	0/0 (%)
Base	30/164 (18%)	30/104~(29%)	0/32~(0%)	0/28 (0%)
Overall	130/404 (32%)	130/244 (53%)	0/132 (0%)	0/28 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 32%, i.e. 130 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 404. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.



	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Sugar	100/240~(42%)	100/140 (71%)	0/100 (0%)	0/0 (%)
Base	30/164 (18%)	30/104 (29%)	0/32~(0%)	0/28 (0%)
Overall	130/404 (32%)	130/244 (53%)	0/132~(0%)	0/28 (0%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

No random coil index(RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list. RCI is only applicable to proteins

7.2 Chemical shift list 2

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: 33.3 H2O 1-20.txt

7.2.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	129
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	129
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.2.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.2.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 30%, i.e. 123 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 404. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.



	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Sugar	69/240~(29%)	69/140~(49%)	0/100 (0%)	0/0 (%)
Base	54/164 (33%)	54/104~(52%)	0/32~(0%)	0/28 (0%)
Overall	123/404 (30%)	123/244 (50%)	0/132~(0%)	0/28 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 30%, i.e. 123 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 404. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Sugar	69/240~(29%)	69/140~(49%)	0/100 (0%)	0/0 (%)
Base	54/164 (33%)	54/104~(52%)	0/32~(0%)	0/28 (0%)
Overall	123/404 (30%)	123/244 (50%)	0/132~(0%)	0/28 (0%)

7.2.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.2.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

No random coil index(RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list. RCI is only applicable to proteins

