

## wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

#### May 25, 2024 – 03:11 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	7N84
EMDB ID	:	EMD-24231
Title	:	Double nuclear outer ring from the isolated yeast NPC
Authors	:	Akey, C.W.; Rout, M.P.; Ouch, C.; Echevarria, I.; Fernandez-Martinez, J.;
		Nudelman, I.
Deposited on	:	2021-06-13
Resolution	:	11.60  Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

:	0.0.1. dev 92
:	4.02b-467
:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
:	1.9.13
:	Engh & Huber (2001)
:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
:	2.36.2
	: : : : :

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 11.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f EM} {f structures} \ (\#{f Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq=3, 2, 1$  and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq=5\%$  The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of ch	ain		
1	Х	1655	6% 44% 18%	6% •	31%	)
2	Y	63	100%			
2	Z	63	100%			
3	a	1037	66%		25%	5%••
3	1	1037	68%		24%	5% •
4	b	744	64%		23%	• 9%
4	m	744	62%	2	22% 6	5% 10%
5	с	712	56%	19%	•	21%

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Conti	nucu jion	i previous	page		
Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
		_			
5	n	712	60% 15%	·	22%
6	d	297	71%	19%	• 8%
6	0	297	65%	22%	• • 8%
_		2.42			
7	е	349	66%	19%	• 12%
7	р	349	66%	18%	• 12%
_					
8	f	726	69%	17%	• 11%
_					
8	q	726	67%	19%	• 11%
9	g	1157	66%	22%	• • 8%
			<u>-</u>		
9	r	1157	66%	22%	• 9%

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## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 9 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 83142 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Nucleoporin NUP188.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Α	AltConf	Trace			
1	x	1137	Total	С	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	0	Ο
T	11	1107	9208	6035	1455	1700	18	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called unknown.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Aton	ns		AltConf	Trace
2	V	63	Total	С	Ν	Ο	0	0
2 1	00	315	189	63	63	0	0	
2	7	63	Total	С	Ν	0	0	0
Ζ	Z	05	315	189	63	63	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called Nucleoporin NUP120.

Mol	Chain	Residues		А	toms		AltConf	Trace	
2	3 0	1006	Total	С	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	0	0
o a	a		8279	5346	1334	1566	33		0
2	3 l	1 1006	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0
3		1000	8279	5346	1334	1566	33	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called Nucleoporin NUP85.

Mol	Chain	Residues		A		AltConf	Trace		
4	b	675	Total 5424	C 3493	N 863	O 1038	S 30	0	0
4	m	670	Total 5384	C 3468	N 857	O 1031	S 28	0	0

• Molecule 5 is a protein called Nucleoporin 145c.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	AltConf	Trace			
5	с	559	Total 4520	C 2884	N 750	O 869	S 17	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Residues		At		AltConf	Trace		
5	n	557	Total 4505	C 2873	N 748	O 867	S 17	0	0

• Molecule 6 is a protein called Protein transport protein SEC13.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ate	oms		AltConf	Trace	
6	d	274	Total 2160	C 1379	N 369	O 409	${ m S} { m 3}$	0	0
6	0	274	Total 2160	C 1379	N 369	O 409	${ m S} { m 3}$	0	0

• Molecule 7 is a protein called Nucleoporin SEH1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
7	0	207	Total	С	Ν	0	$\mathbf{S}$	0	0
1	е	307	2438	1543	422	462	11	0	0
7	n	207	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0
1	р	307	2438	1543	422	462	11	0	0

• Molecule 8 is a protein called Nucleoporin NUP84.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
8	f	649	Total	С	N	0	S	0	0
			5261	3370	866	1011	14		_
0	a	648	Total	С	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	0	0
0	Ч	040	5254	3365	865	1010	14	0	0

• Molecule 9 is a protein called Nucleoporin NUP133.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
Q	ď	1062	Total	С	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	Ο	0
9	g	1002	8627	5541	1393	1664	29	0 0	0
0	r	1056	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0
9		1030	8575	5511	1381	1654	29	U	U



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Nucleoporin NUP188





• Molecule 2: unknown

Chain Z:

100%



There are no outlier residues recorded for this chain.

• Molecule 3: Nucleoporin NUP120



• Molecule 3: Nucleoporin NUP120





• Molecule 4: Nucleoporin NUP85





• Molecule 4: Nu	cleoporin NUP85		
Chain m:	62%	22	°% 6% 10%
MET THR TILE ILLE ASP ASP ASN ASN ASN ASN ASN ASN ASN VAL	ASP GIN PHE ASP PHE LEU CEU ASP ASP ASP CIN CIN CIN CIN ASS SER ASN	THR ASP GLU GLU GLU GLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU CLU C	VAL SVAL GLY L147 147 147 147 158 155 055 055 055 158 158 158 158 158
S75 776 777 777 777 777 779 787 788 788 788 788	R97 L98 D99 F104 Y107 Y107 F112 F113 F113 F113 F113 F113 F113 F115	d119 R122 N126 V126 PR0 THR THR TLE GLY VAL	N135 F136 A137 A137 F158 F158 F158 N160 N160 N170 F172 F172 Y173
L179 R186 7189 7189 1191 L192 D196 D196 D196	F204 F204 R214 8216 0216 6217 6218 F220 F220 F220 F221 F223 F223 V227	LYS ASP SER THER A235 C236 C236 C236 V239 F245 F245	R265 S259 S259 R266 R266 R266 S281 S281 S281 S286 S281 S286 S281 S286 S281 S286 S281 S286 S281 S286 S281 S286 S281 S286 S281 S286 S281 S286 S281 S265 S269 S269 S269 S269 S269 S269 S269 S269
R329 0330 1331 1335 1335 1336 1336 1339 1339 1339 1339 1339	8350 R351 <b>T352</b> F357 F367 F367 F360 F366 C369 F366 F366 F366 F366 F366	A381 A381 W390 G400 K401 K401 F419 F419 T420	1433 6436 6436 6436 614 614 614 614 858 858 858 858 858 858 858 858 858 85
L451 E455 S456 8456 A458 A464 A461 A462 S463 S463	F469 A470 A470 A470 A476 B471 B471 B471 B471 B471 B478 C4480 C4480 C4487 C4480 C4487 C4480 C4487 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C4480 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C44800 C448000 C44800 C40	R499 8499 8499 1504 1504 1505 1506 1507 1512 7512	1515 1515 1515 1516 1518 1519 1519 1519 1519 1520 1527 1539 1543 1544
9545 A549 1552 1553 1553 8553 8555 8555 8555 8561 8561	L567 5570 7571 7576 7579 7579 7579 7550 7550 7550 7550 7550	A593 1594 1594 7695 8601 8602 9603 9603 9609 9610	M220 L624 A225 A225 Y627 A225 Y627 A226 A325 F633 F633 F633 F633 F633 F633 F633 F63
E640 D641 V642 V643 Q643 Q644 Q644 Q644 Q644 Q653 E653 E653 E655 F655	1657 1658 1658 1658 1658 1669 1663 1664 1663 1670 1671 1671 1671 1673 1674 1673 1674 1673 1674	6693 1690 1691 1691 1693 1693 1693 1693 K698	E7 04 87 06 87 06 77 11 17 11 17 11 17 11 17 12 17 13 17 17 13 17 13 17 17 13 17 13
K738 L739 CYS GLN ALLA PHHE MET			
• Molecule 5: Nu	cleoporin 145c		
Chain a:	F 60/	100/	210/

Chain c: 56% 19% 21% • SER TTPE COLUTION COL GLU ILE ASP ASP LEU LEU PHE SER GLU CYS





#### ASP LEU MET LYS CYS CYS THR TYR LYS ILS

• Molecule 5: Nucleoporin 145c



 $\bullet$  Molecule 6: Protein transport protein SEC13





# N112 N112 8129 8120 8120 8120 8120 8120 8120 8120 8120 8120 8120 8120 8120 8120 8120 8120 8155 8156 8157 8157 8157 8157 8157 8157 8157 8157 8178 8179 8171 8177 8178 8179 8179 8171 8173 8179 8179 8179 8179 8179 8179 8179 8179 8179 819 819 810 8112 </t

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• Molecule 7: Nucleoporin SEH1















# 4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	45000	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING ONLY	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{\AA}^2)$	40	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	3800	Depositor
Magnification	37651	Depositor
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.130	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.019	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.006	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.01	Depositor
Map size (Å)	1276.8, 1276.8, 1276.8	wwPDB
Map dimensions	480, 480, 480	wwPDB
Map angles $(^{\circ})$	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	2.66, 2.66, 2.66	Depositor



# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	B	ond lengths	Bond angles		
WIOI	Ullaili	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	Х	1.68	65/9370~(0.7%)	2.00	242/12670~(1.9%)	
3	а	1.73	82/8464~(1.0%)	2.03	250/11469~(2.2%)	
3	l	1.75	82/8461~(1.0%)	2.03	235/11460~(2.1%)	
4	b	1.71	48/5533~(0.9%)	2.00	149/7493~(2.0%)	
4	m	1.73	42/5492~(0.8%)	1.97	149/7440~(2.0%)	
5	с	1.72	40/4600~(0.9%)	1.95	107/6211~(1.7%)	
5	n	1.70	30/4584~(0.7%)	1.93	95/6188~(1.5%)	
6	d	1.75	22/2220~(1.0%)	1.91	46/3028~(1.5%)	
6	0	1.72	16/2220~(0.7%)	2.04	73/3028~(2.4%)	
7	е	1.71	19/2499~(0.8%)	2.01	70/3388~(2.1%)	
7	р	1.66	14/2499~(0.6%)	1.95	60/3388~(1.8%)	
8	f	1.64	22/5359~(0.4%)	1.90	115/7258~(1.6%)	
8	q	1.69	39/5352~(0.7%)	1.92	139/7248~(1.9%)	
9	g	1.69	58/8806~(0.7%)	1.97	210/11936~(1.8%)	
9	r	3.94	53/8755~(0.6%)	2.91	392/11870~(3.3%)	
All	All	2.05	632/84214~(0.8%)	2.09	2332/114075~(2.0%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	Х	7	51
3	a	0	71
3	l	1	50
4	b	0	30
4	m	0	29
5	с	0	27
5	n	0	28
6	d	0	5
6	0	0	11
7	е	0	9

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Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
7	р	0	12
8	f	1	15
8	q	1	19
9	g	0	54
9	r	0	33
All	All	10	444

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The worst 5 of 632 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
9	r	251	PRO	N-CD	123.85	3.21	1.47
9	r	150	PRO	N-CD	123.31	3.20	1.47
9	r	155	PRO	N-CD	122.44	3.19	1.47
9	r	325	PRO	N-CD	121.60	3.18	1.47
9	r	304	PRO	N-CD	119.21	3.14	1.47

The worst 5 of 2332 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
9	r	72	LEU	O-C-N	-62.08	23.37	122.70
9	r	431	SER	O-C-N	-49.50	43.50	122.70
9	r	215	GLU	C-N-CD	-43.53	24.84	120.60
9	r	274	PRO	N-CA-CB	38.04	148.95	103.30
9	r	150	PRO	N-CA-CB	37.90	148.78	103.30

5 of 10 chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
1	Х	793	LEU	CA
1	Х	794	ILE	CA
1	Х	1060	LEU	CA
1	Х	1276	LYS	CA
1	Х	1277	ILE	CA

5 of 444 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	Х	150	GLN	Peptide
1	Х	164	TYR	Sidechain
1	Х	182	PHE	Sidechain
1	Х	213	PHE	Peptide
1	Х	322	HIS	Sidechain



#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Х	9208	0	9538	148	0
2	Y	315	0	65	0	0
2	Ζ	315	0	65	0	0
3	a	8279	0	8125	0	0
3	l	8279	0	8121	0	0
4	b	5424	0	5397	0	0
4	m	5384	0	5361	0	0
5	с	4520	0	4539	0	0
5	n	4505	0	4521	0	0
6	d	2160	0	2096	0	0
6	0	2160	0	2096	0	0
7	е	2438	0	2378	0	0
7	р	2438	0	2378	0	0
8	f	5261	0	5261	0	0
8	q	5254	0	5252	0	0
9	g	8627	0	8539	0	0
9	r	8575	0	8469	0	0
All	All	83142	0	82201	148	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 148 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:X:745:HIS:CE1	1:X:749:ILE:HG22	1.41	1.50
1:X:319:PRO:HD2	1:X:357:ASP:OD2	1.22	1.32
1:X:775:PHE:CE2	1:X:811:ASP:O	1.88	1.26
1:X:745:HIS:CE1	1:X:749:ILE:CG2	2.32	1.13
1:X:813:ILE:HG23	1:X:816:ALA:HB3	1.14	1.12

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Pe	rce	entiles
1	X	1099/1655~(66%)	839 (76%)	171 (16%)	89 (8%)		1	12
3	a	996/1037~(96%)	825 (83%)	114 (11%)	57 (6%)		1	18
3	1	991/1037~(96%)	809 (82%)	115 (12%)	67 (7%)		1	15
4	b	667/744~(90%)	545 (82%)	80 (12%)	42 (6%)		1	17
4	m	662/744~(89%)	531 (80%)	81 (12%)	50 (8%)		1	13
5	с	551/712~(77%)	474 (86%)	53 (10%)	24 (4%)		2	22
5	n	549/712~(77%)	488 (89%)	48 (9%)	13 (2%)		6	33
6	d	270/297~(91%)	229 (85%)	35 (13%)	6 (2%)		6	35
6	0	270/297~(91%)	231 (86%)	28 (10%)	11 (4%)		3	23
7	е	303/349~(87%)	263 (87%)	30 (10%)	10 (3%)		4	26
7	р	303/349~(87%)	265 (88%)	30 (10%)	8 (3%)		5	31
8	f	635/726~(88%)	554 (87%)	55 (9%)	26 (4%)		3	23
8	q	634/726~(87%)	546 (86%)	66 (10%)	22 (4%)		3	25
9	g	1052/1157~(91%)	847 (80%)	137 (13%)	68 (6%)		1	16
9	r	1048/1157~(91%)	917 (88%)	88 (8%)	43 (4%)		3	23
All	All	10030/11699~(86%)	8363 (83%)	1131 (11%)	536 (5%)		3	19

5 of 536 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Х	136	ASN
1	Х	217	GLN
1	Х	370	SER
1	Х	408	PRO
1	Х	430	ALA



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the side chain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	Х	1072/1557~(69%)	990~(92%)	82 (8%)	13 37
3	a	945/972~(97%)	897~(95%)	48 (5%)	24 48
3	1	945/972~(97%)	908~(96%)	37~(4%)	32 56
4	b	606/670~(90%)	579~(96%)	27~(4%)	27 52
4	m	602/670~(90%)	572~(95%)	30~(5%)	24 49
5	с	513/646~(79%)	487~(95%)	26~(5%)	24 48
5	n	511/646~(79%)	497~(97%)	14 (3%)	44 65
6	d	233/252~(92%)	223~(96%)	10 (4%)	29 53
6	О	233/252~(92%)	219~(94%)	14 (6%)	19 44
7	е	269/305~(88%)	261~(97%)	8(3%)	41 63
7	р	269/305~(88%)	258~(96%)	11 (4%)	30 55
8	f	594/669~(89%)	549~(92%)	45 (8%)	13 37
8	q	593/669~(89%)	566~(95%)	27~(5%)	27 52
9	g	997/1088~(92%)	949~(95%)	48 (5%)	25 51
9	r	991/1088 (91%)	971 (98%)	20 (2%)	55 74
All	All	9373/10761~(87%)	8926 (95%)	447 (5%)	29 51

5 of 447 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
8	f	408	ASP
9	r	848	PHE
9	g	1058	LEU
9	r	632	LYS
7	р	342	MET

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 137 such side chains are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
9	r	428	GLN
9	r	510	ASN
9	r	796	ASN
6	d	192	GLN
6	d	144	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
3	1	4
5	с	2
5	n	2
9	r	1
3	a	1
9	g	1

The worst 5 of 11 chain breaks are listed below:



Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	r	877:GLU	С	878:SER	Ν	16.07
1	1	207:SER	С	208:LEU	Ν	14.63
1	1	206:LYS	С	207:SER	Ν	13.72
1	a	486:LEU	С	487:ASN	Ν	6.43
1	с	533:PRO	С	535:SER	Ν	5.54



# 6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-24231. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

## 6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

#### 6.1.1 Primary map



6.1.2 Raw map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.



#### 6.2 Central slices (i)

#### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 240



Y Index: 240



Z Index: 240

#### 6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 150

Y Index: 150



The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.



#### 6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

#### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 351



Y Index: 129



Z Index: 309

#### 6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 170

Y Index: 158

Z Index: 140

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.



#### 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

#### 6.4.1 Primary map



6.4.2 Raw map



The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.



## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.01. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

#### 6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.



#### Mask visualisation (i) 6.6

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

#### $emd_{24231}_{msk_{1.map}}$ 6.6.1





## 7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



### 7.2 Volume estimate (i)



The volume at the recommended contour level is  $33303 \text{ nm}^3$ ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 30083 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



#### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.086  $\mathrm{\AA^{-1}}$ 



## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

#### 8.1 FSC (i)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.086  $\mathrm{\AA^{-1}}$ 



### 8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

$\mathbf{Bosolution} \text{ ostimato } (\mathbf{\hat{\lambda}})$	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)			
Resolution estimate (A)	0.143	0.5	Half-bit	
Reported by author	11.60	-	-	
Author-provided FSC curve	11.09	17.76	11.42	
Unmasked-calculated*	22.37	26.95	23.15	

\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 22.37 differs from the reported value 11.6 by more than 10 %



## 9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-24231 and PDB model 7N84. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

#### 9.1 Map-model overlays

#### 9.1.1 Map-model overlay (i)



#### 9.1.2 Map-model assembly overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.01 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.



#### 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

#### 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.01).



#### 9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 98% of all backbone atoms, 98% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



#### Map-model fit summary (i) 9.5

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.01) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score	
All	0.9820	0.0630	
Х	0.8870	0.0340	
Y	0.9870	0.0690	
Z	1.0000	0.0680	1.0
a	1.0000	0.0700	
b	1.0000	0.0610	
С	1.0000	0.0820	
d	1.0000	0.0660	
е	1.0000	0.0680	
f	1.0000	0.0760	
g	0.9910	0.0490	
1	1.0000	0.0700	
m	1.0000	0.0700	0.0 <
n	1.0000	0.0860	
0	1.0000	0.0690	
р	1.0000	0.0620	
q	1.0000	0.0770	
r	0.9610	0.0520	

