

wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Dec 6, 2022 – 12:58 pm GMT

PDB ID : 7ODE

EMDB ID : EMD-12826

Title : E. coli 50S ribosome LiCl core particle

Authors : Larsson, D.S.D.; Selmer, M.

Deposited on : 2021-04-29

Resolution : 2.84 Å(reported)

Based on initial model : 4YBB

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

MapQ: 1.9.9

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

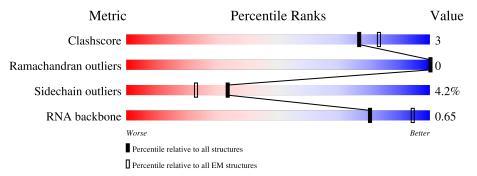
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.3

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.84 Å.

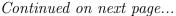
Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826
RNA backbone	4643	859

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	I	2904	55% 12%		31%	
2	K	273	68%	14%	•	17%
3	L	209	78%		10%	12%
4	M	201	19%	18%		18%
5	R	142	87%			13%
6	S	123	50% 87%			12% •
7	V	127	82%			2% • 6%





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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
8	X	115	30% 90%	9% •
9	Y	118	86%	12% ••
10	Z	103	86%	14%
11	a	110	97%	•
12	b	100	90%	• 7%
13	С	104	64% 94%	
14	g	63	98%	
15	i	57	58% 89%	9% •
16	k	46	98%	•



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 16 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 92569 atoms, of which 36041 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a RNA chain called 23S rRNA.

Mol	Chain	Residues			Ato	ms			AltConf	Trace
1	I	1990	Total 64256	C 19077	H 21509	N 7915	O 13771	P 1984	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called 50S ribosomal protein L2.

Mol	Chain	Residues			AltConf	Trace				
2	V	226	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0	0
	IX	220	3509	1066	1788	344	304	7	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called 50S ribosomal protein L3.

Mol	Chain	Residues			Atom	AltConf	Trace			
3	L	183	Total 2813	C 869	H 1438	N 247	O 255	S 4	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called 50S ribosomal protein L4.

Mol	Chain	Residues			Atom	AltConf	Trace			
4	M	165	Total 2619	C 809	H 1337	N 225	O 243	S 5	0	0

• Molecule 5 is a protein called 50S ribosomal protein L13.

Mol	Chain	Residues			Atom	AltConf	Trace			
5	R	142	Total 2291	C 714	H 1162	N 212	O 199	S 4	0	0

• Molecule 6 is a protein called 50S ribosomal protein L14.

\mathbf{N}	Iol	Chain	Residues		Atoms						Trace
	6	S	122	Total 1950	C 587	H 1012	N 180	O 165	S 6	0	0



• Molecule 7 is a protein called 50S ribosomal protein L17.

Mol	Chain	Residues			Atom	ıs			AltConf	Trace
7	V	120	Total 1960	C 593	H 1000	N 196	O 166	S 5	0	0

• Molecule 8 is a protein called 50S ribosomal protein L19.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Aton	ns			AltConf	Trace
8	X	114	Total 1879	H 962	- '	O 163	S 1	0	0

• Molecule 9 is a protein called 50S ribosomal protein L20.

\mathbf{M}	ol	Chain	Residues		P	Atoms			AltConf	Trace
6		Y	117	Total 1967	C 604	H 1020	N 192	O 151	0	0

• Molecule 10 is a protein called 50S ribosomal protein L21.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
10	Z	103	Total 1655	C 516	H 839	N 153	O 145	S 2	0	0

• Molecule 11 is a protein called 50S ribosomal protein L22.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
11	a	110	Total 1779	C 532	H 922	N 166	O 156	S 3	0	0

• Molecule 12 is a protein called 50S ribosomal protein L23.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms						Trace
12	b	93	Total 1545	C 466	H 807	N 139	O 131	S 2	0	0

• Molecule 13 is a protein called 50S ribosomal protein L24.

Ι	Mol	Chain	Residues		A	AltConf	Trace			
	13	С	102	Total 1612	C 492	H 833	N 146	O 141	0	0

• Molecule 14 is a protein called 50S ribosomal protein L29.



Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$					AltConf	Trace	
14	g	62	Total 1032	C 308	H 531	N 98	O 94	S 1	0	0

• Molecule 15 is a protein called 50S ribosomal protein L32.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
15	i	56	Total 907	C 269	H 463	N 94	O 80	S 1	0	0

• Molecule 16 is a protein called 50S ribosomal protein L34.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace	
16	k	46	Total 795	C 228	H 418	N 90	O 57	S 2	0	0

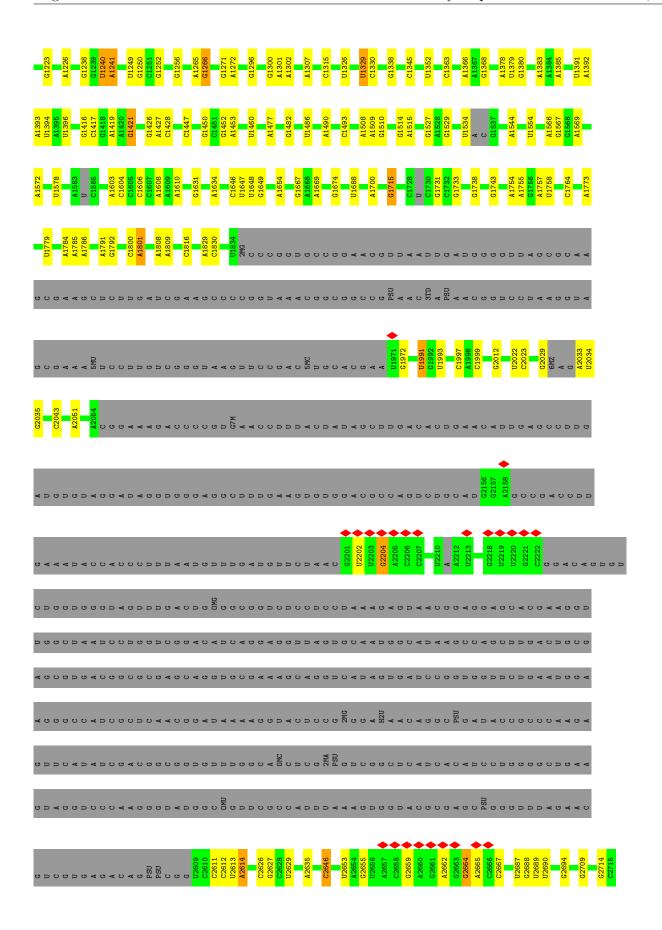


3 Residue-property plots (i)

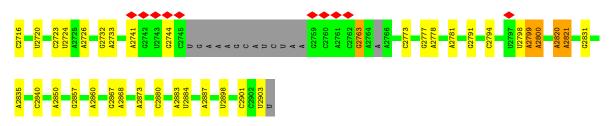
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: 23S rRNA Chain I: 31%

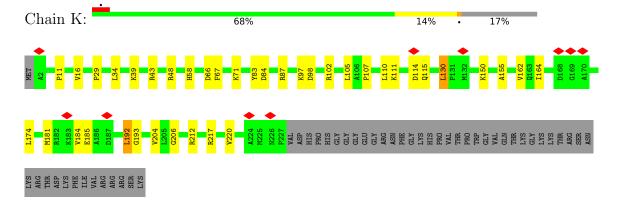




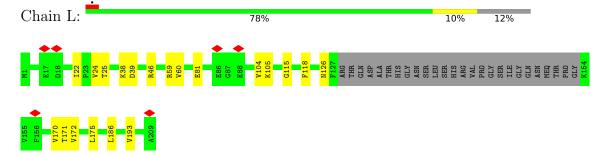




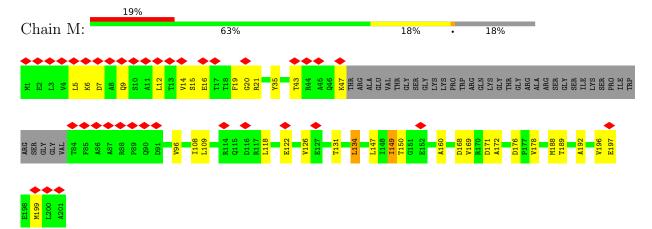
• Molecule 2: 50S ribosomal protein L2



• Molecule 3: 50S ribosomal protein L3



 \bullet Molecule 4: 50S ribosomal protein L4



• Molecule 5: 50S ribosomal protein L13

Chain R: 87% 13%









• Molecule 12: 50S ribosomal protein L23

Chain b: 90% . 7%



• Molecule 13: 50S ribosomal protein L24

Chain c: 94% . .





• Molecule 14: 50S ribosomal protein L29

Chain g: 98%



• Molecule 15: 50S ribosomal protein L32

Chain i: 89% 9% •



• Molecule 16: 50S ribosomal protein L34

Chain k: 98%





4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	384374	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE	Depositor
	CORRECTION	
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	42	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	75000	Depositor
Image detector	FEI FALCON III (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	1.178	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.499	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.018	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.1	Depositor
Map size (Å)	479.36002, 479.36002, 479.36002	wwPDB
Map dimensions	448, 448, 448	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.07, 1.07, 1.07	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PSU, 5MU, 1MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond	angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	I	0.26	0/47771	0.67	0/74478
2	K	0.25	0/1750	0.56	0/2356
3	L	0.26	0/1391	0.51	0/1867
4	M	0.24	0/1294	0.46	0/1741
5	R	0.25	0/1152	0.49	0/1551
6	S	0.25	0/947	0.55	0/1268
7	V	0.25	0/973	0.56	0/1301
8	X	0.24	0/929	0.54	0/1242
9	Y	0.26	0/960	0.52	0/1278
10	Z	0.26	0/829	0.54	0/1107
11	a	0.25	0/864	0.54	0/1156
12	b	0.25	0/744	0.50	0/994
13	С	0.25	0/787	0.51	0/1051
14	g	0.22	0/502	0.50	0/667
15	i	0.24	0/450	0.57	0/599
16	k	0.26	0/380	0.66	0/498
All	All	0.26	0/61723	0.64	0/93154

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	I	42747	21509	21541	127	0
2	K	1721	1788	1788	25	0
3	L	1375	1438	1437	14	0
4	M	1282	1337	1336	25	0
5	R	1129	1162	1162	10	0
6	S	938	1012	1012	8	0
7	V	960	1000	1000	11	0
8	X	917	962	962	5	0
9	Y	947	1020	1019	13	0
10	Z	816	839	839	6	0
11	a	857	922	922	0	0
12	b	738	807	807	0	0
13	c	779	833	831	0	0
14	g	501	531	531	0	0
15	i	444	463	458	0	0
16	k	377	418	418	0	0
All	All	56528	36041	36063	210	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 210 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:I:1667:G:O2'	1:I:1991:U:O4	1.95	0.85
1:I:1567:G:OP2	2:K:83:TYR:OH	1.98	0.82
1:I:1649:G:O2'	7:V:106:ASP:OD2	1.99	0.81
1:I:1296:G:OP1	1:I:2709:G:O2'	2.04	0.75
1:I:1715:G:O2'	1:I:1743:G:O6	2.04	0.74

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
2	K	224/273~(82%)	220 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
3	L	179/209 (86%)	174 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
4	M	161/201 (80%)	160 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
5	R	140/142 (99%)	138 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
6	S	120/123 (98%)	118 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
7	V	118/127 (93%)	116 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
8	X	112/115 (97%)	108 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100
9	Y	115/118 (98%)	115 (100%)	0	0	100	100
10	Z	101/103 (98%)	99 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
11	a	108/110 (98%)	105 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
12	b	91/100 (91%)	90 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
13	c	100/104 (96%)	94 (94%)	6 (6%)	0	100	100
14	g	60/63~(95%)	59 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
15	i	54/57 (95%)	53 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
16	k	44/46 (96%)	43 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	1727/1891 (91%)	1692 (98%)	35 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
2	K	178/218 (82%)	171 (96%)	7 (4%)	32 58
3	L	143/163 (88%)	139 (97%)	4 (3%)	43 68
4	M	138/165 (84%)	130 (94%)	8 (6%)	20 38
5	R	116/116 (100%)	113 (97%)	3 (3%)	46 70
6	S	103/104 (99%)	99 (96%)	4 (4%)	32 58
7	V	100/103 (97%)	99 (99%)	1 (1%)	76 88

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
8	X	99/100 (99%)	94 (95%)	5 (5%)	24 45
9	Y	89/90 (99%)	83 (93%)	6 (7%)	16 32
10	Z	84/84 (100%)	78 (93%)	6 (7%)	14 30
11	a	93/93 (100%)	90 (97%)	3 (3%)	39 63
12	b	80/84 (95%)	77 (96%)	3 (4%)	33 59
13	c	83/85 (98%)	79 (95%)	4 (5%)	25 49
14	g	54/55~(98%)	54 (100%)	0	100 100
15	i	47/48 (98%)	42 (89%)	5 (11%)	6 14
16	k	38/38 (100%)	37 (97%)	1 (3%)	46 70
All	All	1445/1546 (94%)	1385 (96%)	60 (4%)	33 54

5 of 60 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
8	X	39	ARG
15	i	10	ARG
9	Y	70	ARG
15	i	3	VAL
16	k	24	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers
1	I	1964/2904 (67%)	229 (11%)	1 (0%)

5 of 229 RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	I	10	A
1	I	34	U
1	I	42	A
1	I	46	G
1	I	51	G

All (1) RNA pucker outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	I	1240	U

Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i) 5.4



4 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trmo	Chain	Res Link		Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	PSU	I	746	1	18,21,22	1.07	2 (11%)	22,30,33	1.46	2 (9%)
1	1MG	I	745	1	18,26,27	1.01	1 (5%)	19,39,42	0.72	0
1	PSU	I	955	1	18,21,22	0.82	1 (5%)	22,30,33	1.45	2 (9%)
1	5MU	I	747	1	19,22,23	0.44	0	28,32,35	0.74	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	PSU	I	746	1	-	2/7/25/26	0/2/2/2
1	1MG	I	745	1	-	0/3/25/26	0/3/3/3
1	PSU	I	955	1	-	0/7/25/26	0/2/2/2
1	5MU	I	747	1	-	0/7/25/26	0/2/2/2

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
1	I	746	PSU	O4'-C1'	-3.08	1.39	1.43
1	I	955	PSU	C6-N1	-2.32	1.32	1.36
1	I	746	PSU	C6-N1	-2.31	1.32	1.36
1	I	745	1MG	C5-C4	-2.30	1.37	1.43

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	I	955	PSU	C6-N1-C2	4.94	127.74	122.68
1	I	746	PSU	C6-N1-C2	4.76	127.55	122.68
1	I	955	PSU	N1-C2-N3	-2.75	112.02	115.13
1	I	746	PSU	N1-C2-N3	-2.73	112.03	115.13

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	I	746	PSU	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
1	I	746	PSU	C3'-C4'-C5'-O5'

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



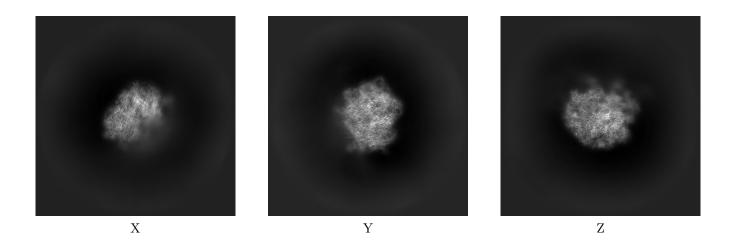
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-12826. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

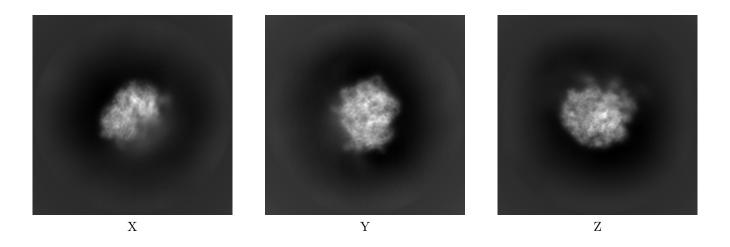
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

6.1.1 Primary map



6.1.2 Raw map

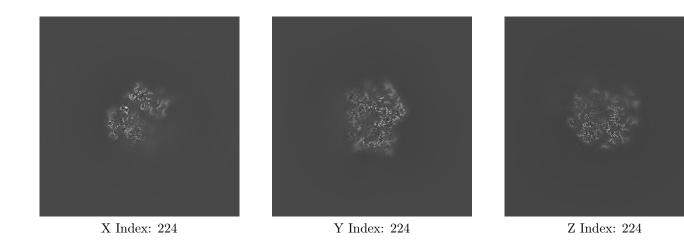


The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

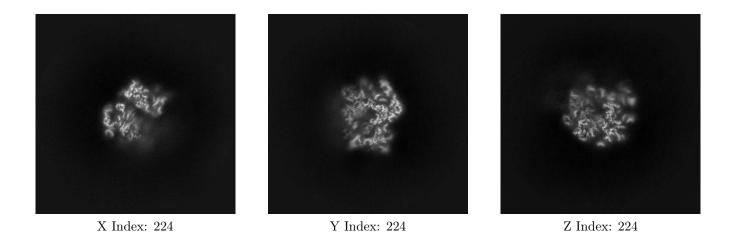


6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map



6.2.2 Raw map

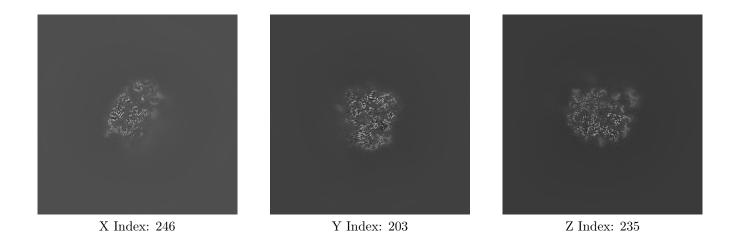


The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

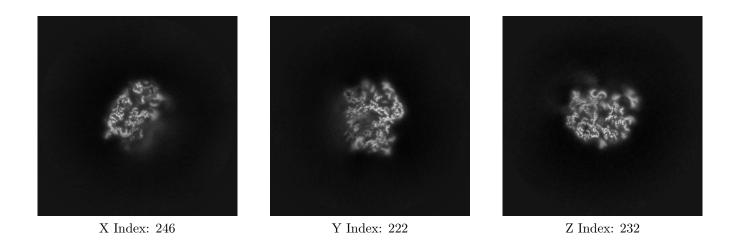


6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

6.3.1 Primary map



6.3.2 Raw map



The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.



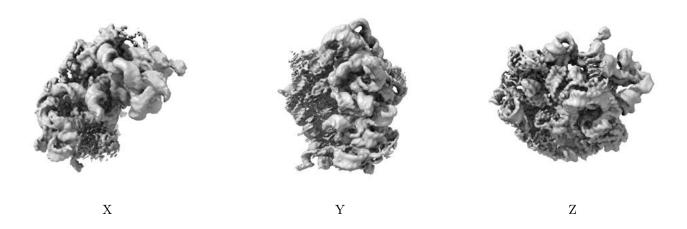
6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.1. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.4.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

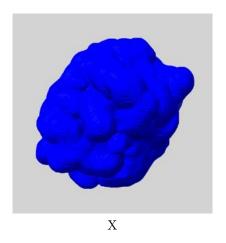


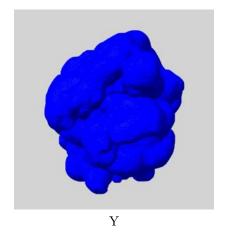
6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

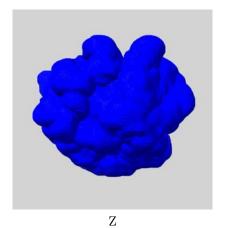
This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure



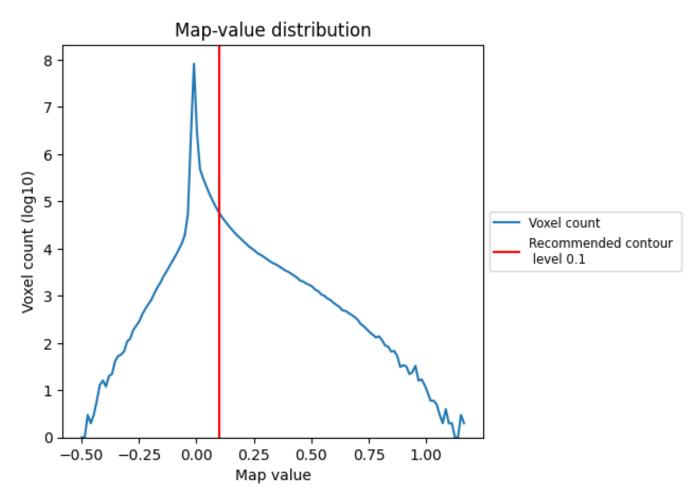




7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

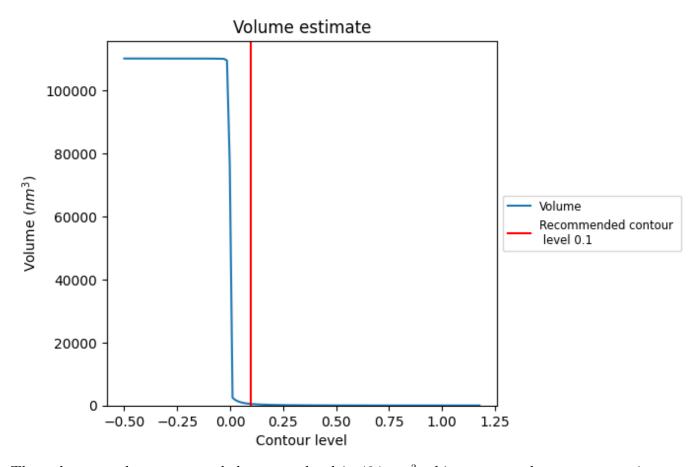
7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)

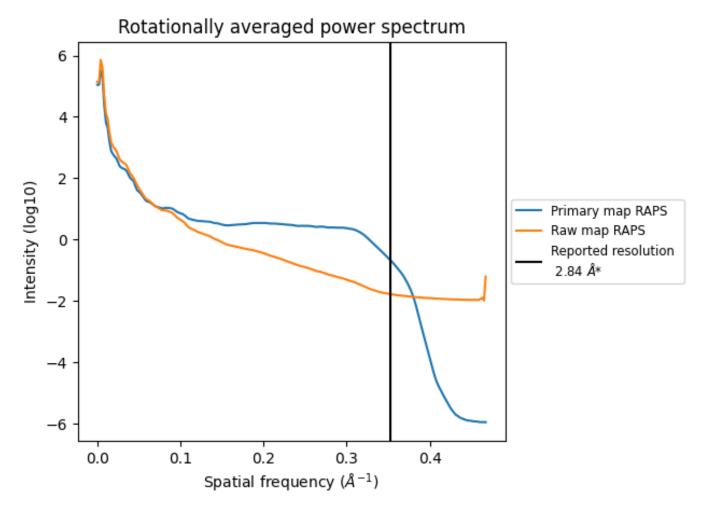


The volume at the recommended contour level is $484~\mathrm{nm^3}$; this corresponds to an approximate mass of $437~\mathrm{kDa}$.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



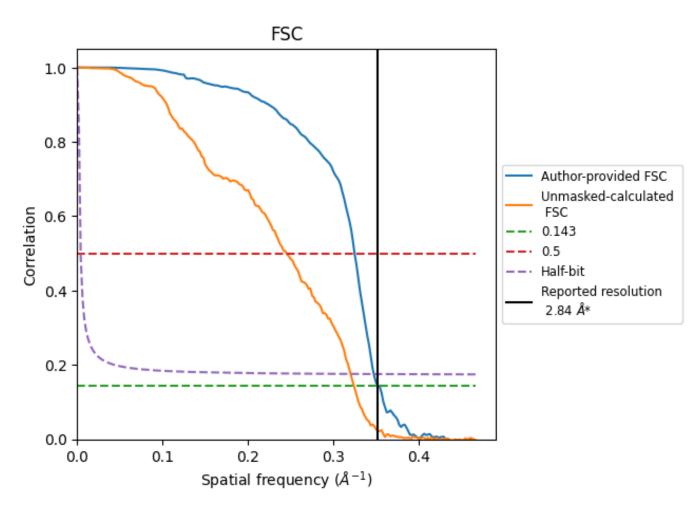
^{*}Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.352 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.352 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

Resolution estimate (Å)	Estim	ation	criterion (FSC cut-off)
rtesolution estimate (A)	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.84	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.83	3.08	2.88
Unmasked-calculated*	3.08	4.07	3.12

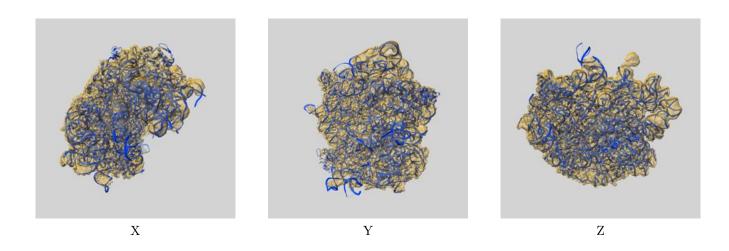
^{*}Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-12826 and PDB model 7ODE. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 7.

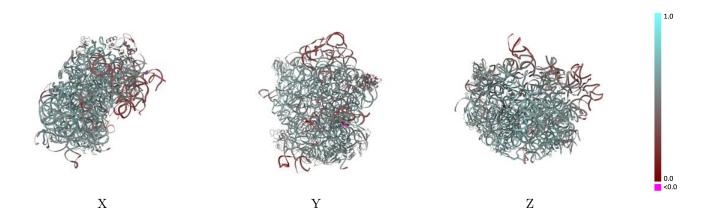
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.1 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

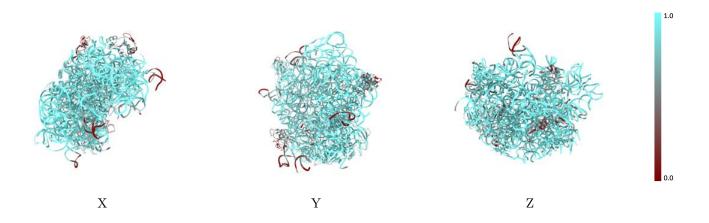


9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

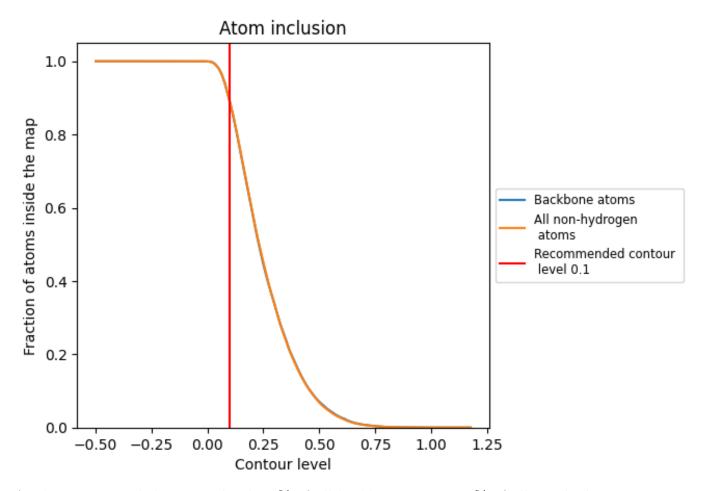
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.1).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 89% of all backbone atoms, 89% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.1) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8905	0.5400
I	0.9371	0.5440
K	0.8189	0.5590
L	0.8691	0.5510
M	0.5856	0.4250
R	0.8609	0.5360
S	0.4151	0.4690
V	0.9588	0.6060
X	0.5946	0.5100
Y	0.9141	0.5490
Z	0.8356	0.4930
a	0.9031	0.5720
b	0.9183	0.5870
С	0.2999	0.4640
g	0.8712	0.5460
i	0.3458	0.4460
k	0.9521	0.5950



