



## Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Jun 3, 2024 – 06:51 PM JST

PDB ID : 7V2W  
EMDB ID : EMD-31669  
Title : protomer structure from the dimer of yeast THO complex  
Authors : Chen, C.; Tan, M.; Wu, Z.; Wu, J.; Lei, M.  
Deposited on : 2021-08-10  
Resolution : 3.20 Å (reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

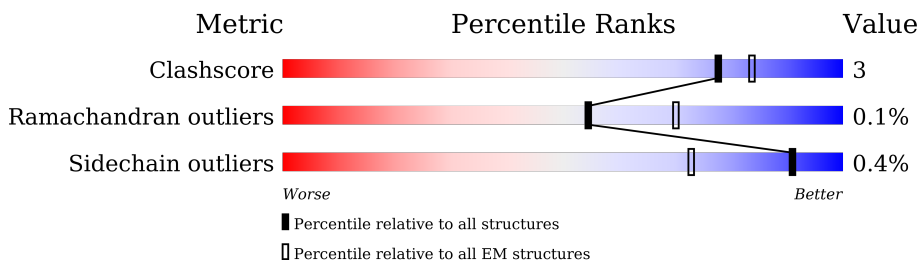
EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev92  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
MapQ : 1.9.13  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  
*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	F	752	 73% 6% 21%
2	G	1597	 5% 68% 7% 24%
3	H	422	 81% 9% 10%
4	I	392	 55% 6% 39%
5	J	261	 5% 85% 6% 10%

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 21619 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called THO complex subunit HPR1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	F	593	4942	3158	819	946	19	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called THO complex subunit 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	G	1207	9824	6309	1626	1849	40	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Protein TEX1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	H	379	2979	1893	493	575	18	1	0

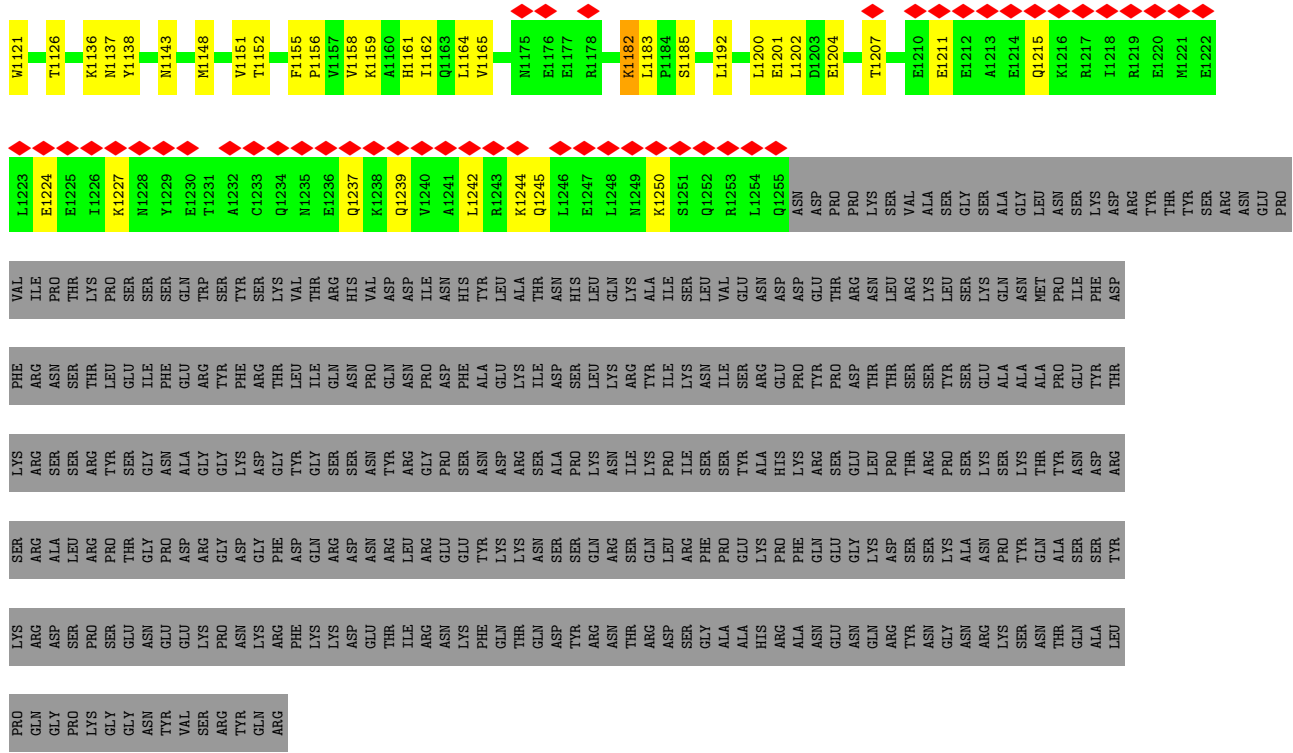
- Molecule 4 is a protein called THO complex subunit MFT1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	I	240	1941	1227	329	382	3	0	0

- Molecule 5 is a protein called THO complex subunit THP2.

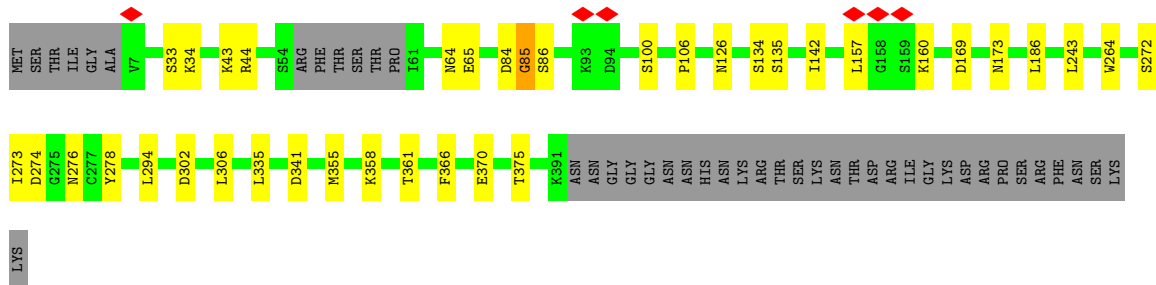
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
5	J	236	1933	1212	331	382	8	0	0





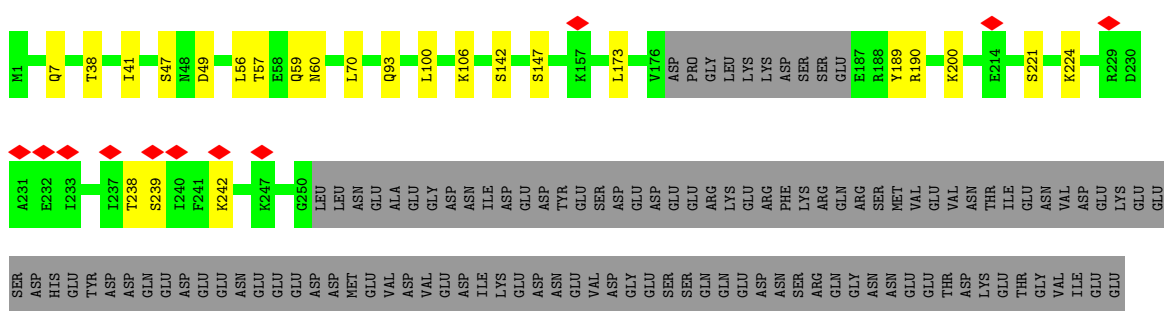
• Molecule 3: Protein TEX1

Chain H: 81% 9% 10%



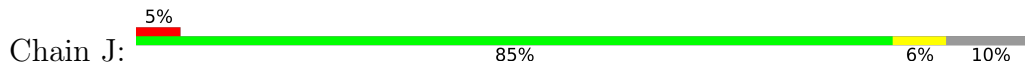
• Molecule 4: THO complex subunit MFT1

Chain I: 55% 6% 39%



PRO  
ASP  
ALA  
VAL  
ASN  
ASP  
ALA  
GLU  
GLU  
ALA  
ASP  
SER  
ASP  
HIS  
SER  
SER  
SER  
ARG  
LYS  
LEU  
GLY  
THR  
THR  
SER  
ASP  
PHE  
SER  
ALA  
SER  
SER  
SER  
VAL  
GLU  
GLU  
VAL  
LYS

● Molecule 5: THO complex subunit THP2



TYR  
PRO  
VAL  
ASP  
LYS  
GLU  
GLY  
ASP  
ILE  
VAL  
LEU  
GLU

## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	393530	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.135	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.064	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.002	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.01	Depositor
Map size (Å)	534.60004, 534.60004, 534.60004	wwPDB
Map dimensions	486, 486, 486	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.1, 1.1, 1.1	Depositor

## 5 Model quality i

### 5.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	F	0.32	0/5054	0.54	0/6826
2	G	0.32	0/10021	0.54	1/13550 (0.0%)
3	H	0.36	0/3039	0.58	1/4111 (0.0%)
4	I	0.28	0/1965	0.55	1/2639 (0.0%)
5	J	0.31	0/1963	0.52	0/2644
All	All	0.32	0/22042	0.54	3/29770 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	F	0	2
2	G	0	3
3	H	0	2
5	J	0	1
All	All	0	8

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	H	335	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.92	131.21	115.30
2	G	1183	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.11	129.36	115.30
4	I	100	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	-5.41	101.80	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (8) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	F	333	PRO	Peptide

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	F	545	VAL	Peptide
2	G	143	SER	Peptide
2	G	34	ILE	Peptide
2	G	519	ALA	Peptide
3	H	100	SER	Peptide
3	H	85	GLY	Peptide
5	J	124	LEU	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	F	4942	0	4832	30	0
2	G	9824	0	9893	64	0
3	H	2979	0	2973	20	0
4	I	1941	0	1985	16	0
5	J	1933	0	1932	11	0
All	All	21619	0	21615	125	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (125) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:G:1164:LEU:HD22	2:G:1250:LYS:HD3	1.77	0.66
2:G:1224:GLU:HA	2:G:1227:LYS:HE2	1.79	0.65
1:F:336:PRO:HB3	5:J:127:ASP:HB3	1.80	0.62
2:G:588:LEU:HD22	2:G:591:ASN:HD22	1.65	0.62
2:G:1159:LYS:HA	2:G:1200:LEU:HD13	1.83	0.61
2:G:316:TRP:O	2:G:404:LYS:NZ	2.35	0.60
4:I:147:SER:HB3	4:I:190:ARG:HE	1.66	0.59
1:F:211:SER:OG	2:G:171:LYS:NZ	2.34	0.59
3:H:44:ARG:NH1	3:H:64:ASN:OD1	2.37	0.58
2:G:154:GLN:NE2	4:I:7:GLN:O	2.38	0.57
1:F:83:ASP:H	1:F:88:ASN:HD21	1.53	0.57

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:G:251:SER:O	2:G:271:ASN:ND2	2.38	0.57
1:F:44:LEU:O	1:F:109:ASN:ND2	2.36	0.57
2:G:1126:THR:HG21	2:G:1161:HIS:HB3	1.87	0.57
1:F:190:ASN:HD22	5:J:86:THR:HG23	1.70	0.56
3:H:126:ASN:ND2	3:H:142:ILE:O	2.38	0.56
2:G:1242:LEU:HD12	2:G:1245:GLN:HE21	1.70	0.56
2:G:660:LYS:HD2	3:H:294:LEU:HD21	1.88	0.56
2:G:16:LYS:HD2	5:J:55:PRO:HG2	1.88	0.55
2:G:6:LEU:HA	2:G:9:LYS:HD3	1.88	0.55
1:F:110:ARG:NH1	1:F:115:SER:O	2.39	0.55
2:G:797:SER:HA	2:G:996:THR:HG21	1.89	0.55
1:F:51:LEU:HA	1:F:54:ASN:HD21	1.71	0.54
2:G:1162:ILE:HD12	2:G:1200:LEU:HD11	1.89	0.53
1:F:50:PRO:O	1:F:54:ASN:ND2	2.41	0.53
4:I:57:THR:HB	4:I:60:ASN:HB2	1.91	0.53
4:I:57:THR:HG22	4:I:59:GLN:H	1.73	0.53
3:H:370:GLU:HB3	3:H:375:THR:HG23	1.90	0.52
2:G:1116:ARG:NH2	2:G:1207:THR:OG1	2.43	0.52
2:G:253:PRO:HG3	2:G:271:ASN:HB2	1.92	0.52
2:G:703:GLN:NE2	2:G:746:ASP:O	2.43	0.52
4:I:173:LEU:HD12	4:I:189:TYR:HB3	1.92	0.52
1:F:391:ASP:O	5:J:119:ASN:ND2	2.43	0.51
1:F:67:ILE:HD12	4:I:70:LEU:HD22	1.93	0.51
3:H:33:SER:OG	3:H:34:LYS:N	2.41	0.51
2:G:638:GLU:OE2	2:G:657:ARG:NH2	2.44	0.51
1:F:80:ALA:O	1:F:88:ASN:ND2	2.43	0.51
2:G:1158:VAL:HG13	2:G:1202:LEU:HD13	1.92	0.51
3:H:274:ASP:OD1	3:H:274:ASP:N	2.36	0.50
2:G:4:GLN:HE22	4:I:56:LEU:HD23	1.77	0.50
1:F:500:ARG:H	2:G:318:ASN:HD21	1.60	0.50
5:J:11:GLU:HA	5:J:14:CYS:HB2	1.94	0.50
5:J:166:ASP:OD1	5:J:166:ASP:N	2.43	0.49
2:G:940:ILE:HD13	2:G:1029:ILE:HG22	1.95	0.49
2:G:391:GLY:N	2:G:393:GLN:OE1	2.46	0.49
1:F:194:LEU:HD22	4:I:93:GLN:HE21	1.78	0.49
1:F:542:GLU:OE2	2:G:895:ARG:NH2	2.46	0.49
2:G:1079:LEU:O	2:G:1143:ASN:ND2	2.42	0.49
2:G:1015:SER:O	2:G:1019:ASN:ND2	2.42	0.49
2:G:1182:LYS:HA	2:G:1185:SER:HB2	1.95	0.49
2:G:1152:THR:HA	2:G:1155:PHE:HB2	1.94	0.48
2:G:1165:VAL:HG23	2:G:1192:LEU:HD21	1.95	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:H:86:SER:HB3	3:H:106:PRO:HA	1.95	0.48
2:G:745:MET:O	2:G:820:ARG:NH2	2.47	0.48
2:G:1201:GLU:HG3	2:G:1204:GLU:H	1.79	0.48
3:H:264:TRP:NE1	3:H:306:LEU:O	2.39	0.48
3:H:272:SER:OG	3:H:273:ILE:N	2.47	0.47
5:J:127:ASP:OD2	5:J:127:ASP:N	2.46	0.47
2:G:1148:MET:HA	2:G:1151:VAL:HG12	1.96	0.47
1:F:512:ASP:OD1	1:F:512:ASP:N	2.41	0.47
2:G:586:SER:HB2	2:G:628:LEU:HD11	1.97	0.47
4:I:238:THR:O	4:I:242:LYS:N	2.44	0.47
2:G:790:LEU:O	2:G:794:ASN:ND2	2.47	0.47
3:H:65:GLU:HA	3:H:361:THR:HG21	1.96	0.47
1:F:388:GLN:OE1	5:J:116:ARG:NH2	2.47	0.47
2:G:40:ARG:HE	2:G:43:THR:HG21	1.78	0.47
1:F:307:LYS:HE2	1:F:311:ARG:HH21	1.79	0.46
1:F:420:ASN:OD1	1:F:423:LYS:NZ	2.41	0.46
1:F:247:SER:O	1:F:247:SER:OG	2.33	0.46
4:I:200:LYS:HA	4:I:200:LYS:HD3	1.75	0.46
2:G:1067:ASN:OD1	2:G:1121:TRP:NE1	2.38	0.46
3:H:84:ASP:OD2	3:H:85:GLY:N	2.49	0.46
1:F:364:ASP:O	4:I:106:LYS:NZ	2.48	0.46
2:G:794:ASN:OD1	2:G:1044:SER:OG	2.33	0.46
1:F:351:GLU:O	1:F:355:ASN:ND2	2.49	0.46
2:G:718:GLN:HG3	2:G:719:PHE:H	1.81	0.46
2:G:1211:GLU:O	2:G:1215:GLN:N	2.48	0.45
1:F:336:PRO:HD2	1:F:339:MET:HB2	1.97	0.45
2:G:16:LYS:HG3	2:G:17:VAL:HG13	1.98	0.45
1:F:298:ILE:HD12	1:F:387:THR:HA	1.98	0.45
1:F:240:ARG:HD2	1:F:377:SER:HB2	1.99	0.45
2:G:452:LEU:HD13	2:G:520:SER:HA	1.98	0.44
2:G:470:MET:HE1	5:J:141:VAL:HG13	1.99	0.44
4:I:47:SER:OG	4:I:49:ASP:OD1	2.32	0.44
1:F:420:ASN:HA	1:F:423:LYS:HG3	2.00	0.44
2:G:1161:HIS:HA	2:G:1164:LEU:HD12	1.98	0.44
2:G:779:ILE:HD13	2:G:871:GLU:HB3	2.00	0.44
2:G:303:ILE:O	2:G:307:ASN:ND2	2.43	0.44
2:G:926:LEU:HD23	2:G:926:LEU:HA	1.86	0.44
5:J:44:ASP:O	5:J:48:THR:OG1	2.34	0.44
2:G:937:LEU:HA	2:G:940:ILE:HG22	1.99	0.44
3:H:341:ASP:OD2	3:H:341:ASP:N	2.51	0.43
2:G:221:ILE:HG23	2:G:277:ILE:HD11	2.00	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:G:1156:PRO:HA	2:G:1162:ILE:HD11	2.00	0.43
3:H:43:LYS:HA	3:H:43:LYS:HD2	1.86	0.43
3:H:134:SER:OG	3:H:135:SER:N	2.51	0.43
3:H:186:LEU:HD11	3:H:243:LEU:HD13	2.01	0.43
2:G:1244:LYS:HE3	2:G:1244:LYS:HB2	1.85	0.43
4:I:239:SER:HA	4:I:242:LYS:HD2	2.00	0.43
1:F:372:MET:HG3	1:F:397:GLN:NE2	2.33	0.43
3:H:358:LYS:HA	3:H:358:LYS:HD2	1.93	0.43
1:F:3:ASN:HB3	1:F:6:GLU:HG2	2.01	0.42
2:G:523:ASP:OD1	2:G:527:ASN:ND2	2.52	0.42
3:H:157:LEU:H	3:H:160:LYS:HD2	1.84	0.42
4:I:221:SER:HA	4:I:224:LYS:HB2	2.01	0.42
4:I:38:THR:HA	4:I:41:ILE:HD12	2.00	0.42
3:H:169:ASP:HB3	3:H:173:ASN:H	1.84	0.42
2:G:943:ASP:O	2:G:947:THR:OG1	2.28	0.42
2:G:968:ASN:OD1	2:G:968:ASN:N	2.52	0.42
2:G:1111:ASN:O	2:G:1115:SER:N	2.47	0.41
3:H:276:ASN:ND2	3:H:278:TYR:OH	2.50	0.41
2:G:1137:ASN:OD1	2:G:1138:TYR:N	2.53	0.41
3:H:355:MET:HB3	3:H:366:PHE:HE2	1.86	0.41
1:F:220:SER:HB2	2:G:168:GLU:HA	2.03	0.41
2:G:19:PRO:HA	2:G:20:PRO:HD3	1.82	0.41
2:G:22:SER:O	2:G:25:GLN:NE2	2.53	0.41
2:G:960:LYS:HD2	2:G:960:LYS:HA	1.88	0.41
2:G:695:ASN:OD1	2:G:695:ASN:N	2.54	0.40
2:G:1237:GLN:HE21	2:G:1239:GLN:HE21	1.69	0.40
1:F:251:SER:HA	1:F:254:ILE:HG12	2.03	0.40
1:F:34:LEU:HA	1:F:35:PRO:HD3	1.98	0.40
2:G:538:TYR:HD1	2:G:541:ARG:HD2	1.86	0.40
4:I:142:SER:O	4:I:142:SER:OG	2.35	0.40
2:G:1005:LYS:HD2	2:G:1005:LYS:HA	1.78	0.40
5:J:174:ILE:O	5:J:178:LEU:N	2.47	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM

entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	F	589/752 (78%)	545 (92%)	42 (7%)	2 (0%)	41	74
2	G	1203/1597 (75%)	1120 (93%)	83 (7%)	0	100	100
3	H	375/422 (89%)	337 (90%)	38 (10%)	0	100	100
4	I	236/392 (60%)	225 (95%)	11 (5%)	0	100	100
5	J	234/261 (90%)	222 (95%)	12 (5%)	0	100	100
All	All	2637/3424 (77%)	2449 (93%)	186 (7%)	2 (0%)	54	83

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	F	336	PRO
1	F	325	TYR

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	F	559/698 (80%)	557 (100%)	2 (0%)	91	95
2	G	1119/1467 (76%)	1112 (99%)	7 (1%)	86	94
3	H	345/382 (90%)	344 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	96
4	I	221/363 (61%)	221 (100%)	0	100	100
5	J	219/242 (90%)	218 (100%)	1 (0%)	88	95
All	All	2463/3152 (78%)	2452 (100%)	11 (0%)	91	95

All (11) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	F	325	TYR
1	F	519	THR

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	G	559	LYS
2	G	620	LYS
2	G	648	ILE
2	G	682	LYS
2	G	991	LYS
2	G	1136	LYS
2	G	1182	LYS
3	H	302	ASP
5	J	231	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (28) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	F	54	ASN
1	F	95	ASN
1	F	190	ASN
1	F	265	HIS
1	F	355	ASN
1	F	444	ASN
2	G	4	GLN
2	G	54	ASN
2	G	78	ASN
2	G	136	HIS
2	G	318	ASN
2	G	414	HIS
2	G	492	HIS
2	G	527	ASN
2	G	591	ASN
2	G	703	GLN
2	G	718	GLN
2	G	749	ASN
2	G	786	ASN
2	G	801	GLN
2	G	916	ASN
2	G	1215	GLN
2	G	1239	GLN
3	H	223	HIS
3	H	359	ASN
4	I	10	GLN
4	I	93	GLN
5	J	74	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

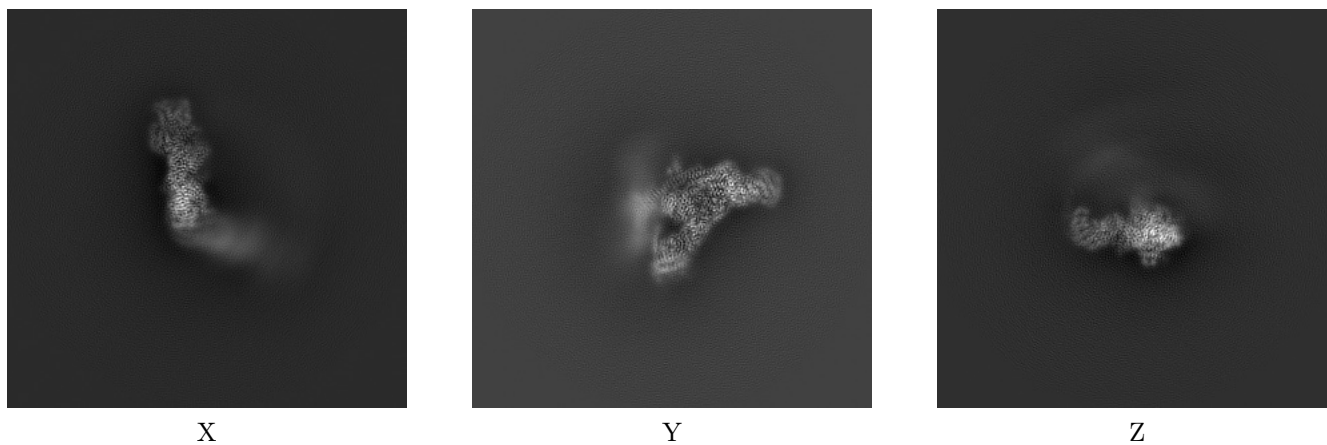
## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-31669. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

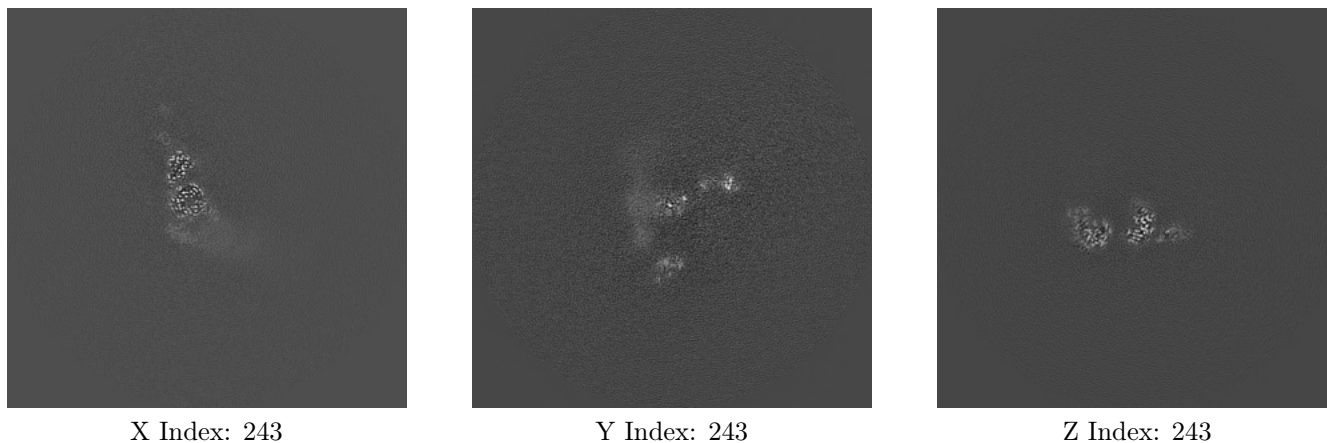
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

### 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

#### 6.2.1 Primary map

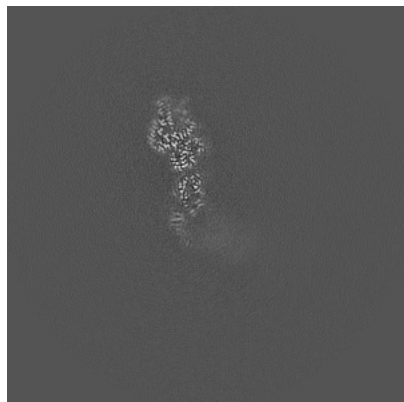




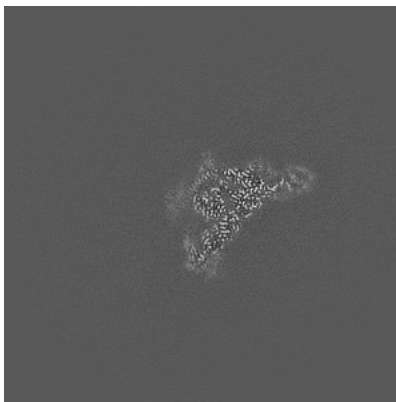
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

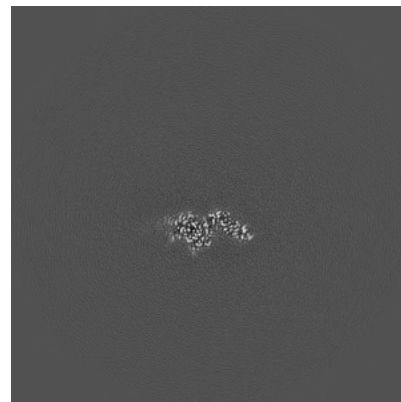
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 262



Y Index: 212

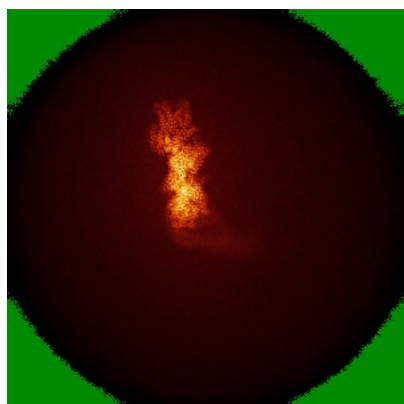


Z Index: 268

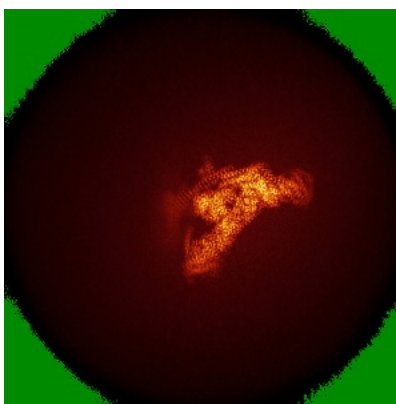
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

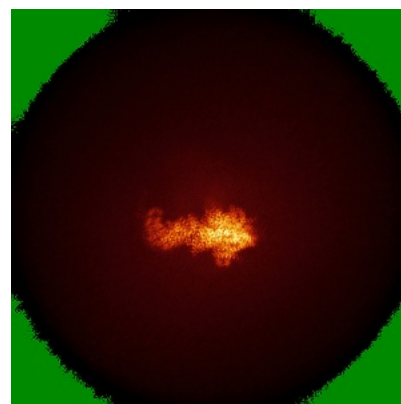
### 6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

### 6.5.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.01. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

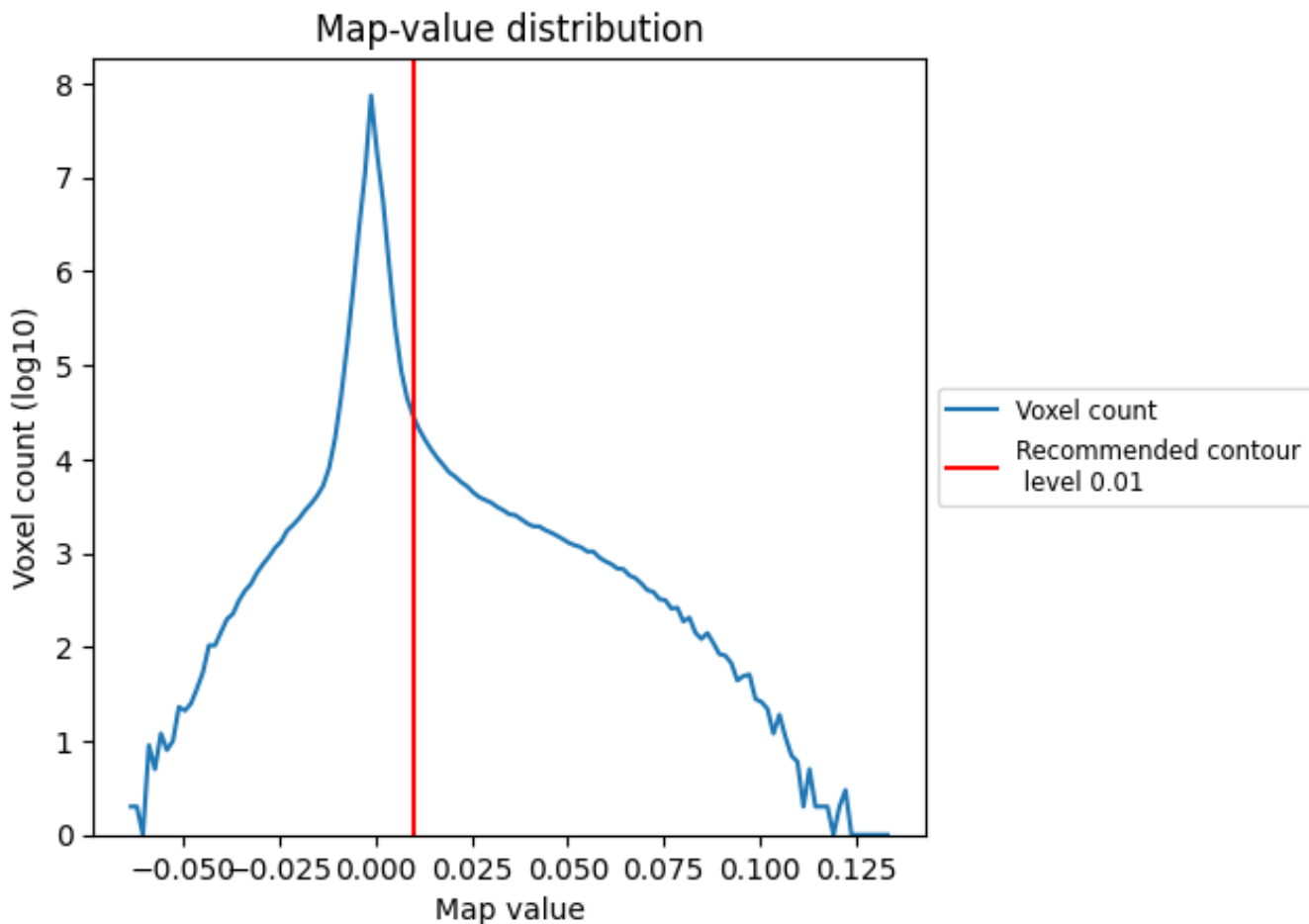
## 6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

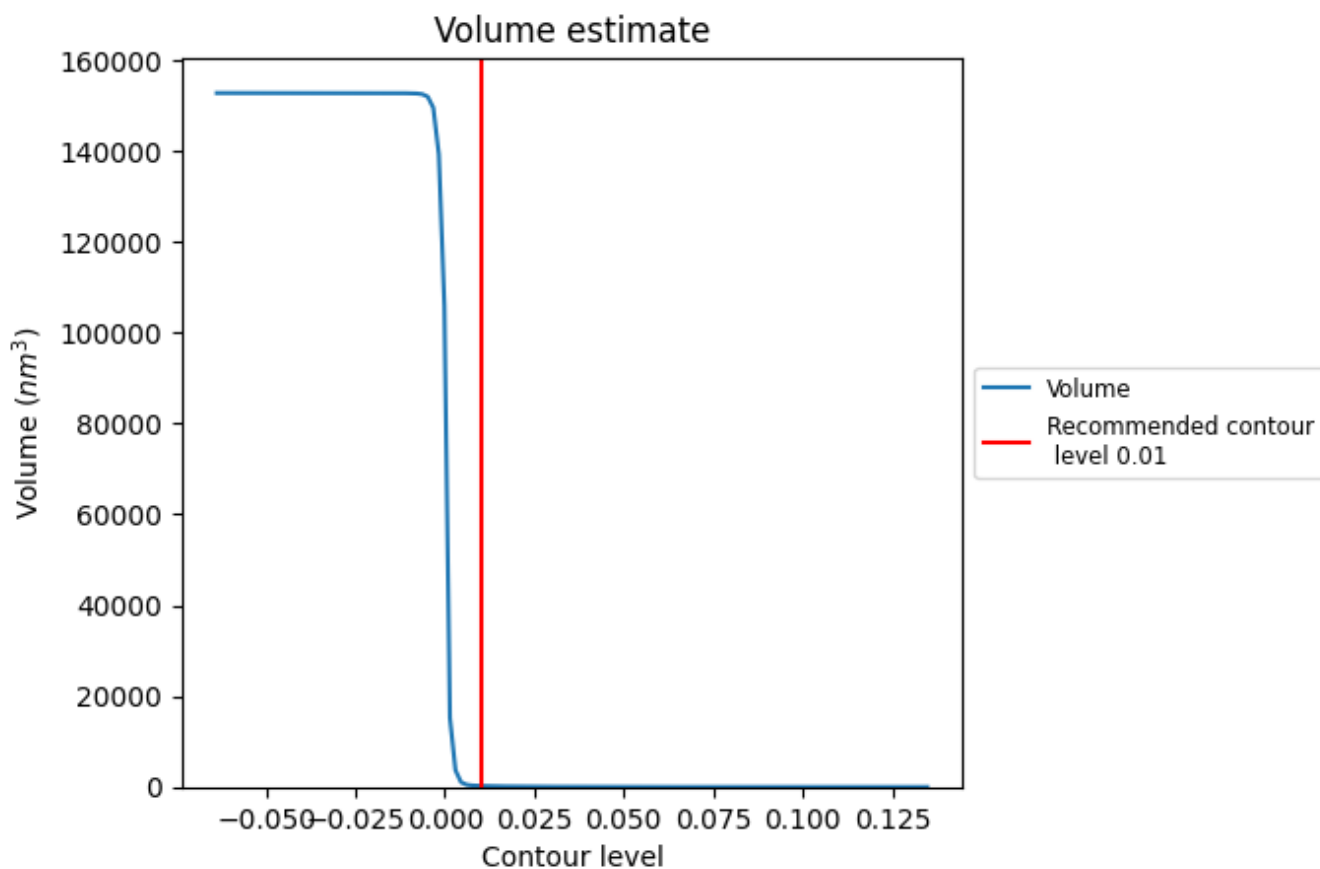
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

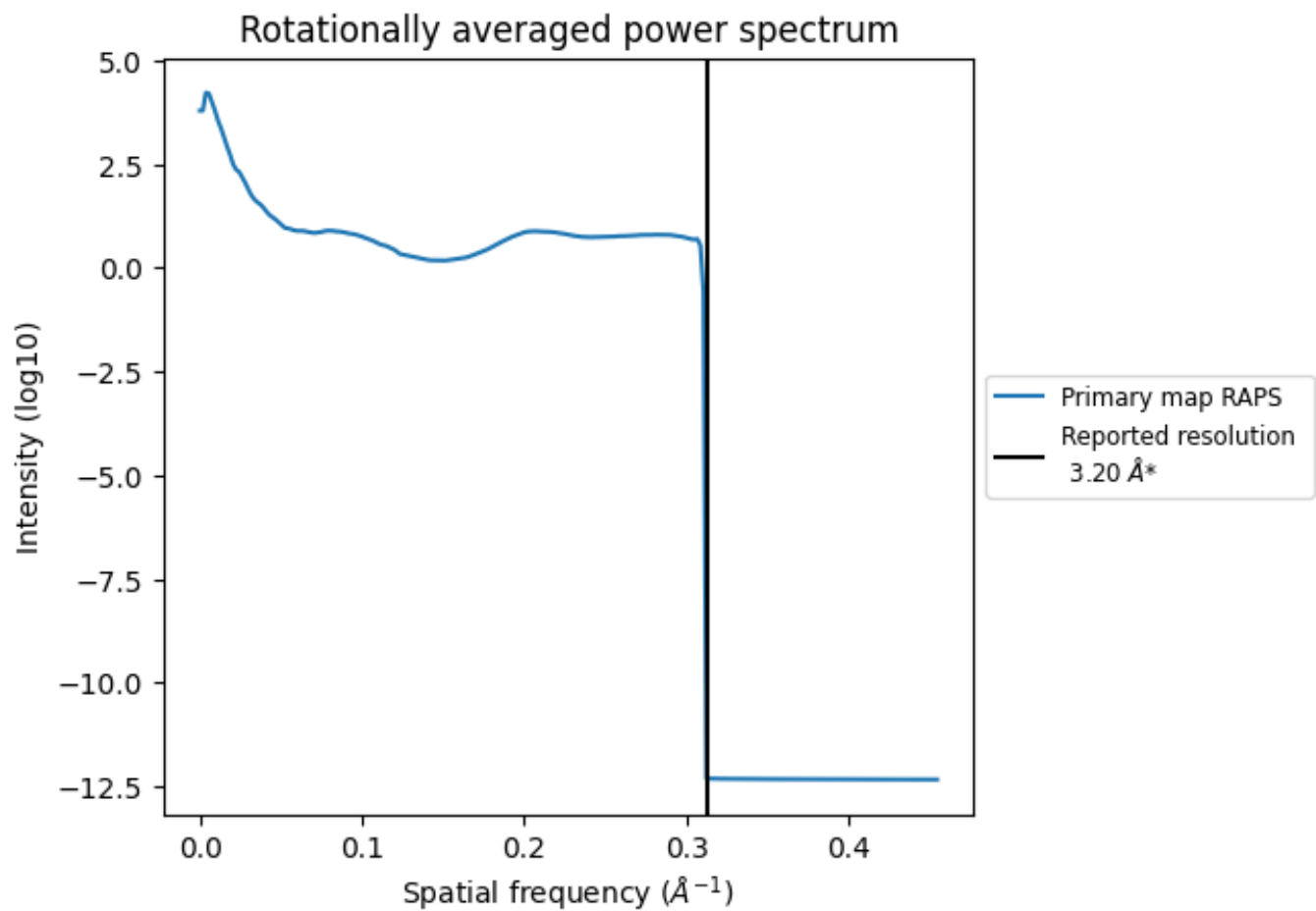
## 7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 231  $\text{nm}^3$ ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 209 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of  $0.312 \text{\AA}^{-1}$

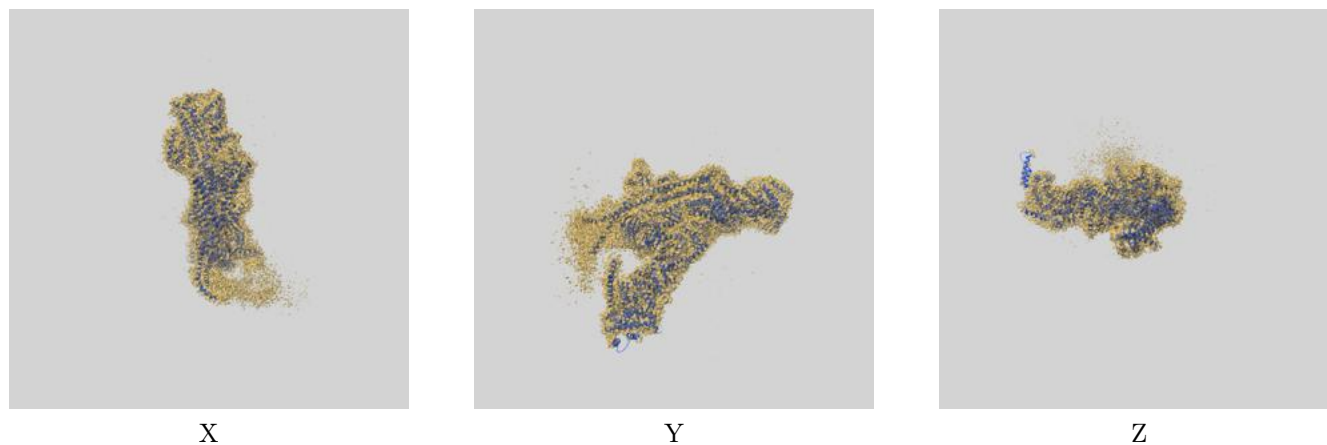
## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

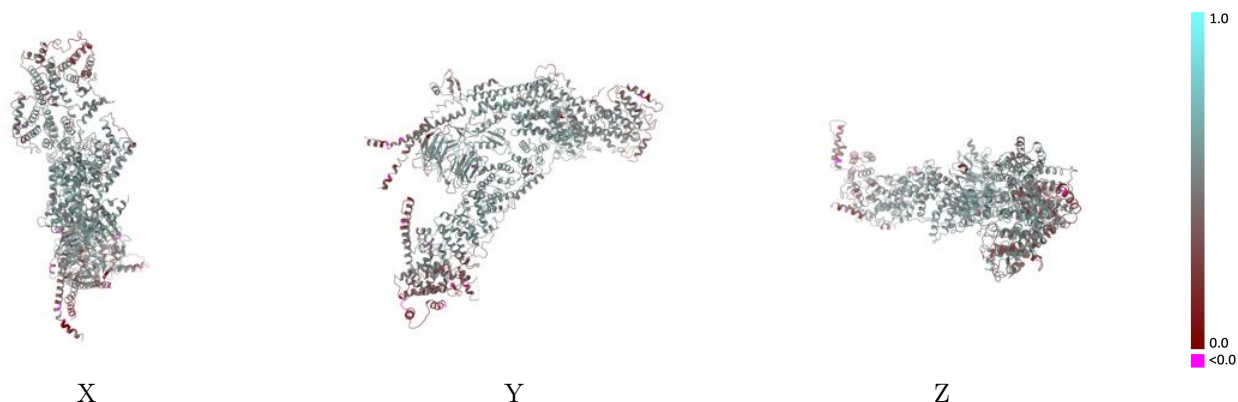
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-31669 and PDB model 7V2W. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [4](#).

### 9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



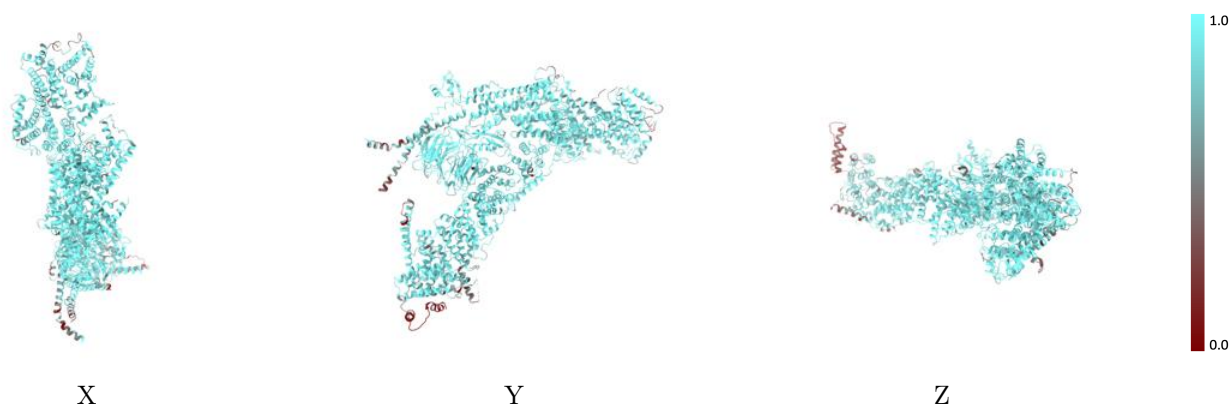
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.01 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

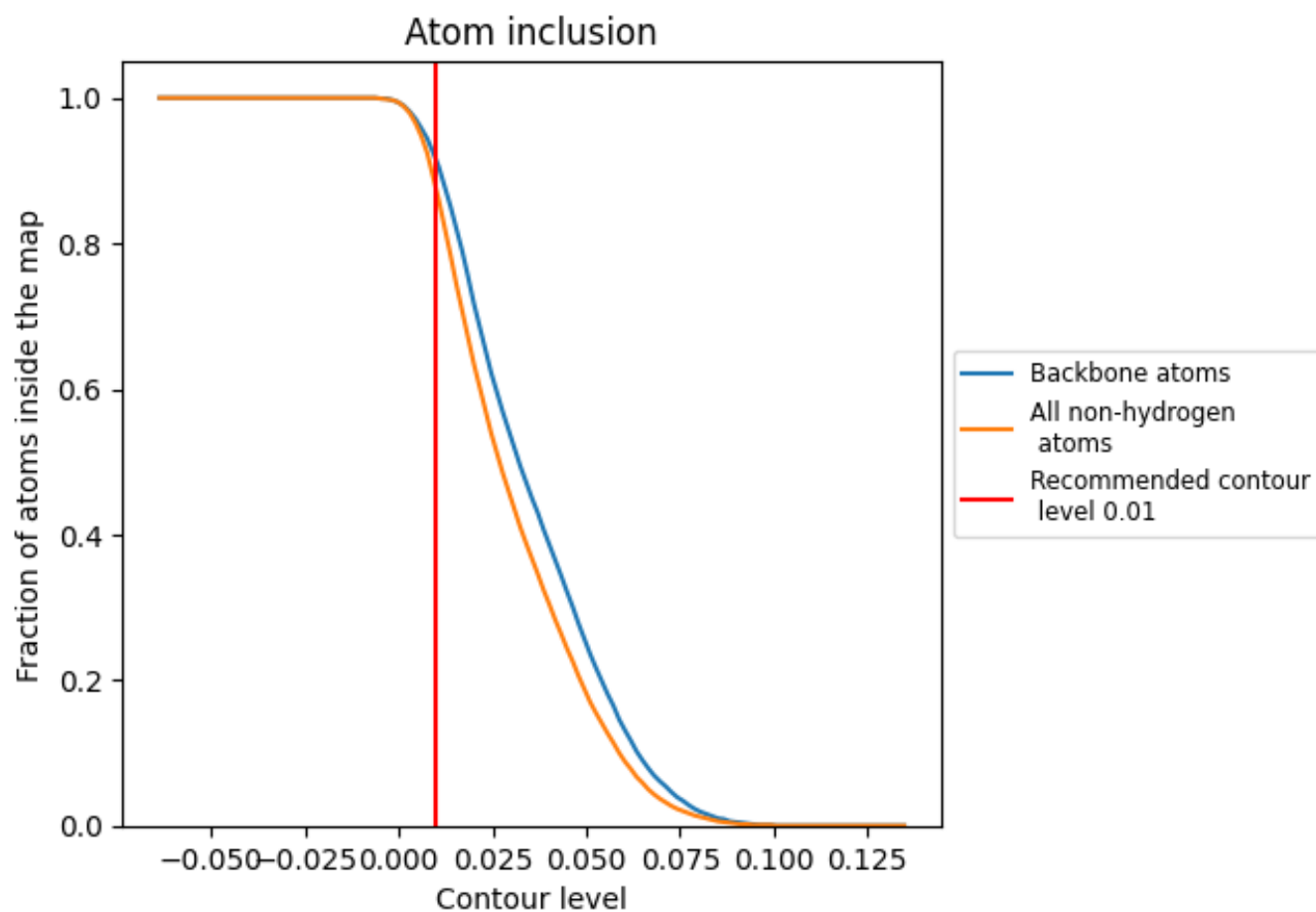
## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.01).















## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 92% of all backbone atoms, 88% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.01) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.8750	 0.4790
F	 0.8890	 0.4990
G	 0.8640	 0.4680
H	 0.9230	 0.5190
I	 0.8440	 0.4440
J	 0.8550	 0.4570

