



## wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Nov 13, 2023 – 05:35 PM EST

PDB ID : 8UXH  
EMDB ID : EMD-42764  
Title : Structure of PKA phosphorylated human RyR2-R420W in the primed state  
in the presence of calcium  
Authors : Miotto, M.C.; Marks, A.R.  
Deposited on : 2023-11-09  
Resolution : 3.52 Å (reported)  
Based on initial model : 7UA5

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev70  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
MapQ : 1.9.9  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

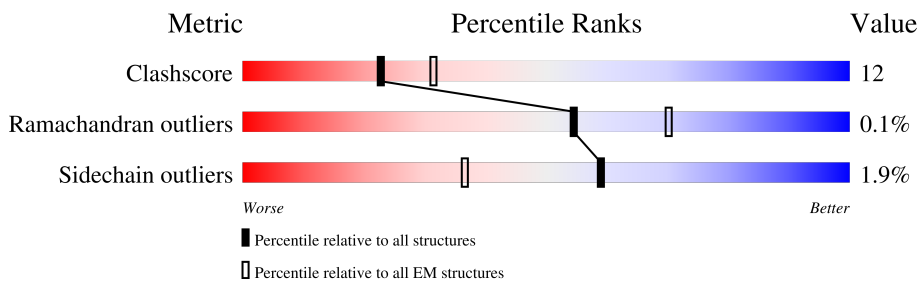
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.52 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	4967	
1	B	4967	
1	C	4967	
1	D	4967	
2	E	108	
2	F	108	
2	G	108	
2	H	108	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 131656 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Ryanodine receptor 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	4004	32032	20411	5451	5955	215	2	0
1	B	4004	32032	20411	5451	5955	215	2	0
1	C	4004	32032	20411	5451	5955	215	2	0
1	D	4004	32032	20411	5451	5955	215	2	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	420	TRP	ARG	variant	UNP Q92736
B	420	TRP	ARG	variant	UNP Q92736
C	420	TRP	ARG	variant	UNP Q92736
D	420	TRP	ARG	variant	UNP Q92736

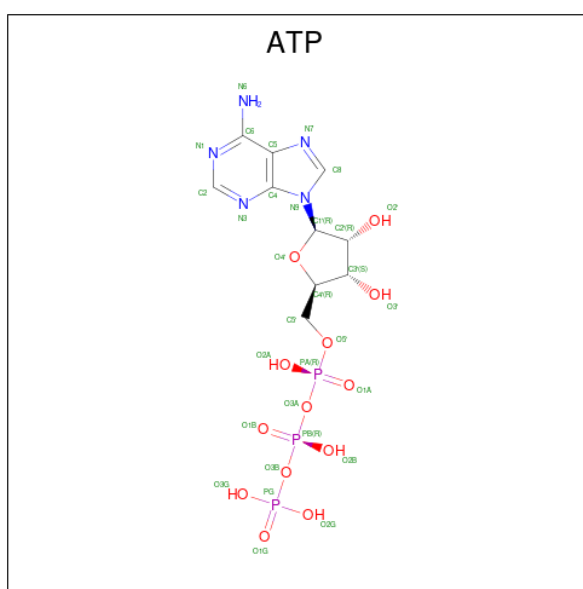
- Molecule 2 is a protein called Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase FKBP1B.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	E	107	818	516	144	154	4	0	0
2	F	107	818	516	144	154	4	0	0
2	G	107	818	516	144	154	4	0	0
2	H	107	818	516	144	154	4	0	0

- Molecule 3 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
3	A	1	Total Zn 1 1	0
3	B	1	Total Zn 1 1	0
3	C	1	Total Zn 1 1	0
3	D	1	Total Zn 1 1	0

- Molecule 4 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula: C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>13</sub>P<sub>3</sub>) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C N O P 31 10 5 13 3	0
4	A	1	Total C N O P 31 10 5 13 3	0
4	B	1	Total C N O P 31 10 5 13 3	0
4	B	1	Total C N O P 31 10 5 13 3	0
4	C	1	Total C N O P 31 10 5 13 3	0
4	C	1	Total C N O P 31 10 5 13 3	0
4	D	1	Total C N O P 31 10 5 13 3	0

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P	
4	D	1	31	10	5	13	3	0

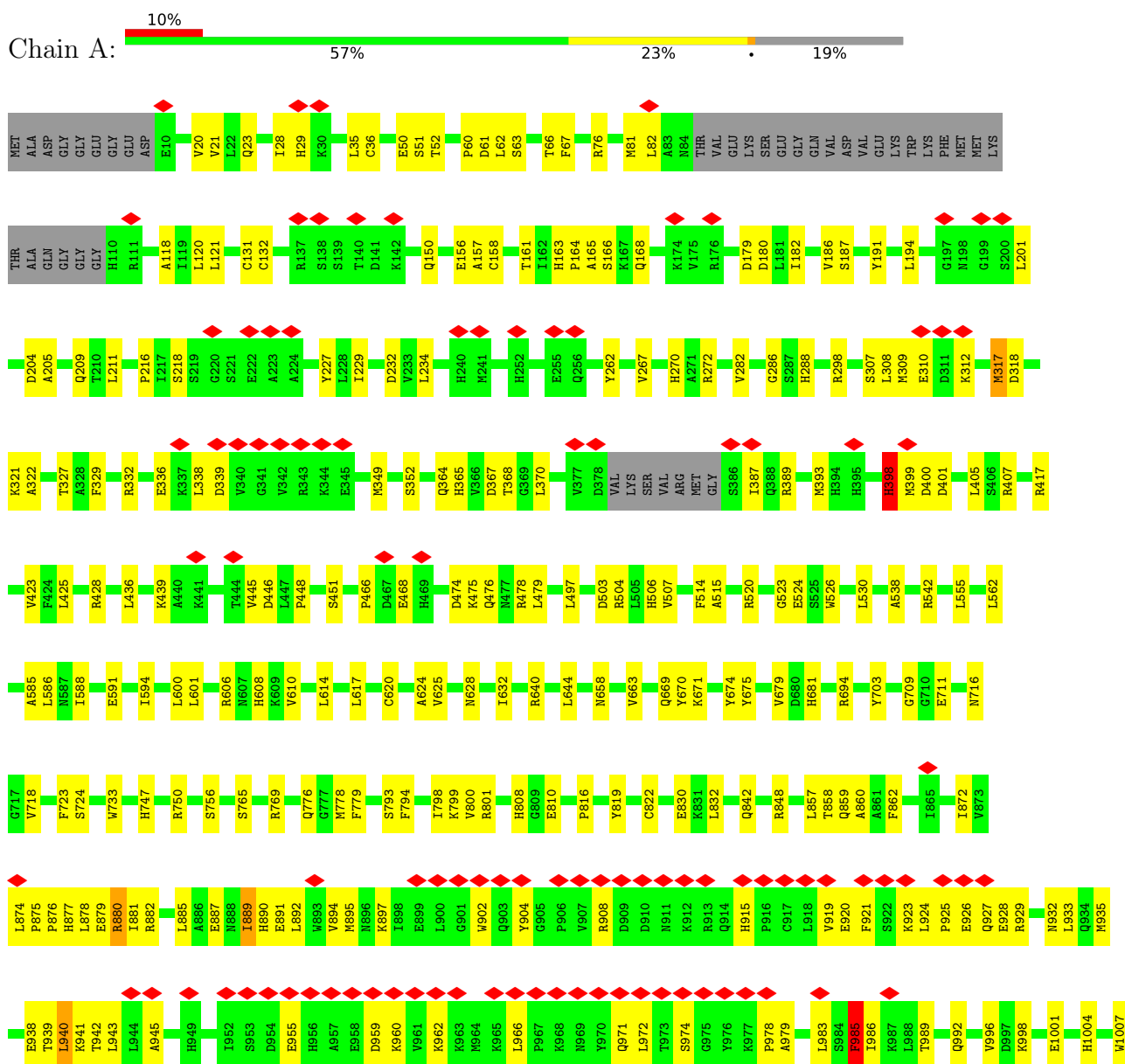
- Molecule 5 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
5	A	1	Total 1	Ca 1	0
5	B	1	Total 1	Ca 1	0
5	C	1	Total 1	Ca 1	0
5	D	1	Total 1	Ca 1	0

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

#### • Molecule 1: Ryanodine receptor 2

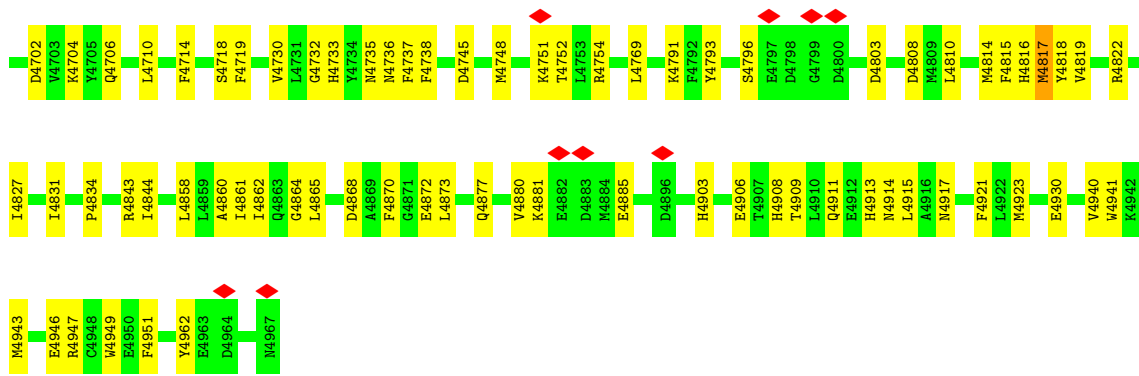




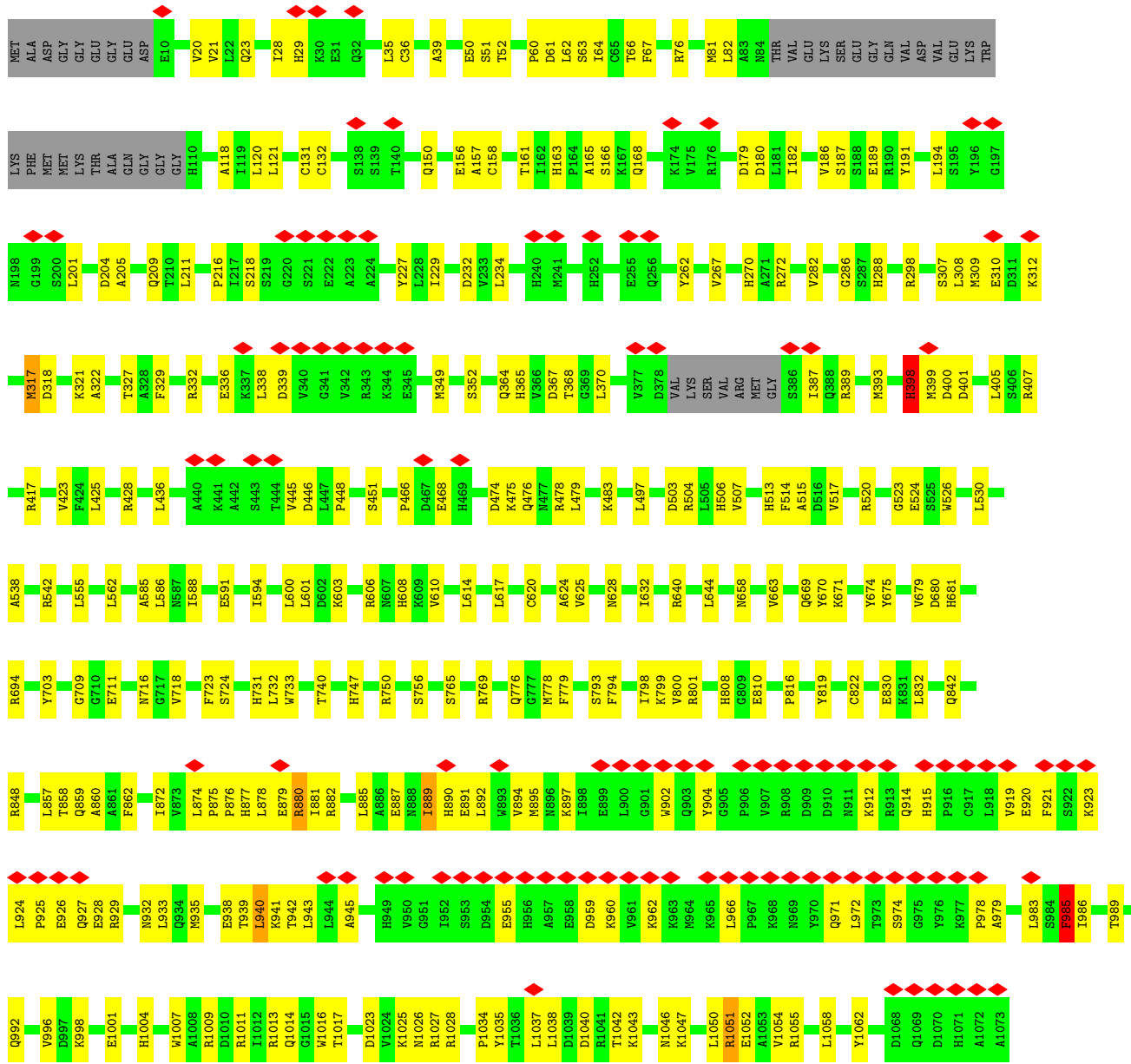


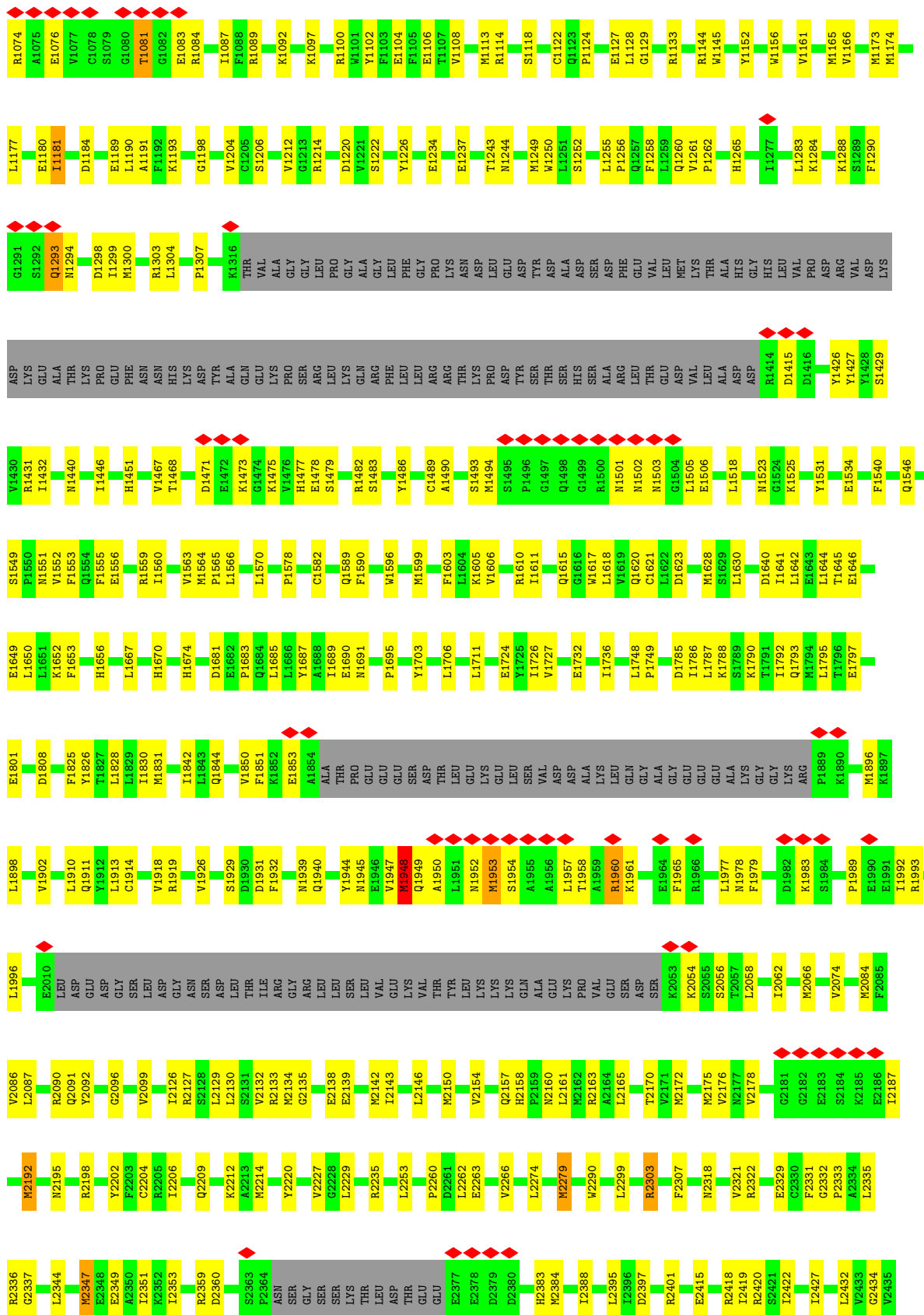






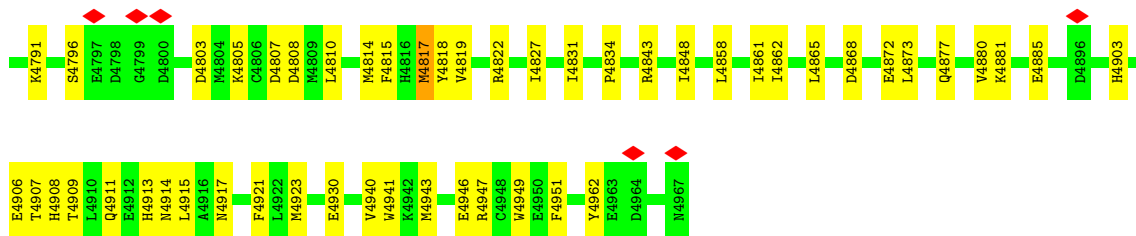
● Molecule 1: Ryanodine receptor 2



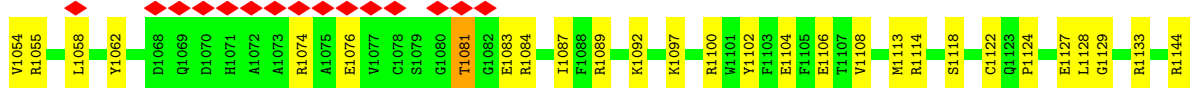
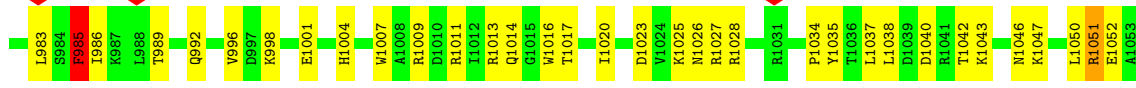
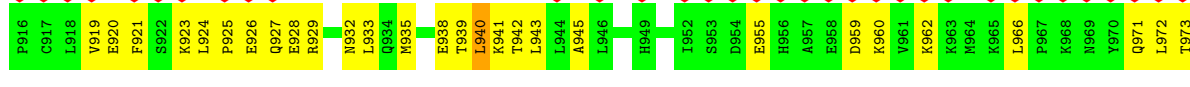
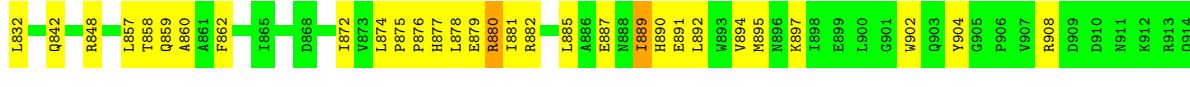
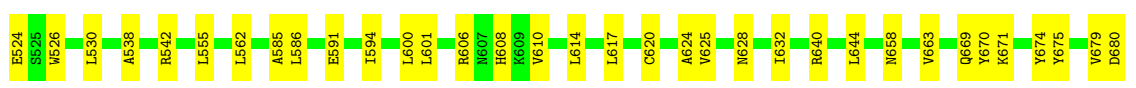
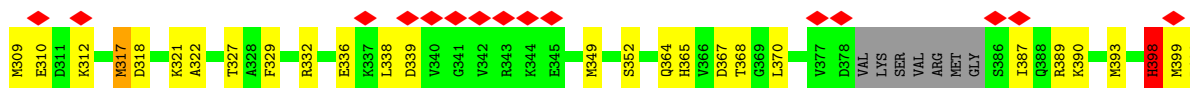








• Molecule 1: Ryanodine receptor 2



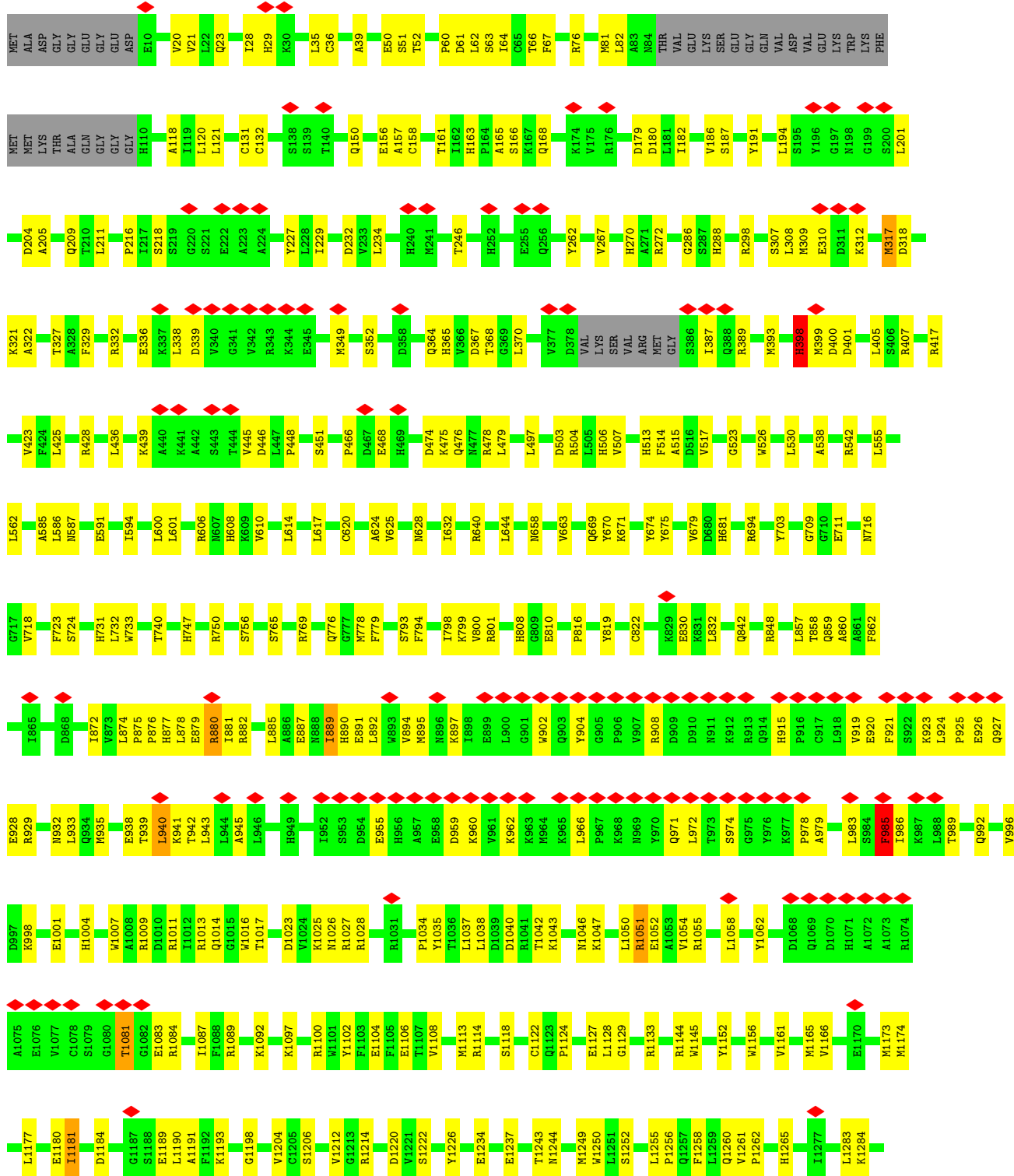








● Molecule 1: Ryanodine receptor 2

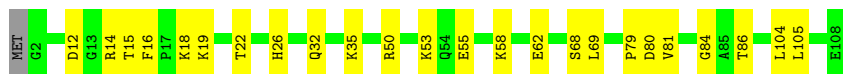
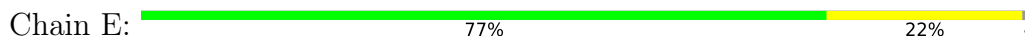


K1288	G1291	S1292	Q1293	M1294	D1298	I1299	M1300	R1303	L1304	P1307	K1316	THR	VAL	ALA	GLY	GLY	LEU	PRO	GLY	ALA	GLY	LEU	PHE	GLY	PRO	LYS	ASN	ASP	LEU	GLU	ASP	TYR	ASP	ALA	ASP	SER	ASP	PHE	GLU	VAL	LEU	MET	LYS	THR	ALA	HIS	GLY	HIS	VAL	PRO	ASP	ARG	VAL	
Y1428	S1429	V1430	P1431	I1432	M1440	I1446	H1451	V1467	T1468	D1471	E1472	K1473	G1474	K1475	V1476	H1477	E1478	S1479	V1594	L1595	W1596	M1599	F1603	L1604	L1605	V1606	R1610	I1611	Q1615	G1616	W1617	L1618	M1501	M1502	M1503	G1504	L1505	E1506	L1518	M1523	K1524	K1525	Y1531	E1534	F1540	Q1546								
A1547	T1548	P1550	N1551	F1553	Q1554	E1556	R1559	I1560	M1563	M1564	P1565	L1566	L1570	P1578	H1589	Q1589	F1590	V1594	L1595	W1596	M1599	F1603	L1604	L1605	V1606	R1610	I1611	Q1615	G1616	W1617	L1618	M1501	M1502	M1503	G1504	L1505	E1506	M1628	S1629	L1630	D1640	I1641	L1642	E1643	L1644	T1645								
E1646	E1649	L1650	L1651	K1652	F1653	H1656	L1667	H1670	H1674	D1681	E1682	P1683	Q1684	L1685	L1686	Y1687	I1688	E1689	M1691	P1695	Y1703	L1706	L1711	E1724	Y1725	Y1726	Y1727	E1732	I1736	L1748	P1749	Y1776	D1785	I1786	K1788	S1789	K1790	T1791	I1792	Q1793	M1794													
L1795	T1796	E1797	E1801	D1808	F1825	Q1826	T1827	L1828	L1829	I1830	M1831	I1842	L1843	Q1844	F1851	K1852	E1853	A1854	ALA	THR	PRO	GLU	GLU	GLU	SER	ASP	THR	THR	LEU	GLU	LYS	L1951	M1952	M1953	S1954	A1955	A1956	L1957	T1958	A1959	R1960	K1961	F1965	M1978	P1979	K1980	D1981	D1982	K1983	S1984	P1989	E1990	E1991	I1992
E1893	M1896	K1897	L1898	V1902	L1910	Q1911	Y1912	L1913	C1914	V1918	R1919	V1926	S1929	D1930	D1931	F1932	M1939	Q1940	Y1944	N1945	E1946	V1947	M1948	Q1949	A1950	L1951	M1952	M1953	S1954	A1955	A1956	L1957	T1958	A1959	R1960	K1961	F1965	M1978	P1979	K1980	D1981	D1982	K1983	S1984	P1989	E1990	E1991	I1992						
R1993	L1996	E2010	LEU	ASP	GLU	ASP	GLY	SER	LEU	ASP	GLY	ASN	SER	ASP	LEU	THR	ILE	ARG	GLY	ARG	GLY	LEU	SER	LEU	VAL	GLU	VAL	THR	TVR	LEU	LYS	LYS	GLN	ALA	GLU	LYS	PRO	VAL	GLU	SER	S2054	S2055	S2056	T2057	L2058	L2062	M2066	V2074						
M2084	R2090	Q2091	Y2092	G2096	V2099	R2127	S2128	L2129	L2130	S2131	R2132	R2133	M2134	G2135	E2138	E2139	M2142	I2143	L2146	M2150	L2261	E2263	V2266	L2274	M2279	W2290	L2299	R2303	F2307	M2318	V2321	R2322	F2329	G2330	F2331	G2332	P2333	A2334	Q2441	M2442	L2335	R2336												
M2347	E2348	E2349	A2350	I2351	K2352	L2353	R2359	D2360	P2364	ASN	SER	GLY	SER	SER	LYS	THR	LEU	ASP	THR	D2378	D2379	D2380	H2383	M2384	I2388	L2389	L2396	D2397	R2401	E2415	R2418	I2419	R2420	S2421	I2422	I2427	L2432	I2436	F2440	Q2441	M2442	L2335	R2336											
D2455	A2458	G2459	F2460	K2465	F2471	V2475	V2480	Q2481	F2483	L2488	F2492	L2493	P2494	D2495	L2496	R2497	L2502	D2503	T2504	S2508	A2513	L2516	M2517	R2518	C2521	T2522	L2525	P2526	T2529	R2530	E2539	V2552	Y2553	R2554	K2557	R2566	D2567	S2568	L2569	E2570														
V2571	C2572	L2573	I2576	L2580	R2581	P2582	S2583	M2584	M2585	L2589	R2590	L2591	L2592	V2593	M2605	P2606	L2610	R2616	K2619	L2623	G2626	M2627	G2628	N2629	F2630	A2633	E2635	E2636	E2637	L2638	L2644	I2648	A2651	L2652	Q2654	K2655	Q2659	K2663	L2666	A2673														
ASP	LYS	ASP	LYS	GLU	ALA	THR	LYS	PRO	GLU	ASN	HIS	ASP	LYS	ASP	TYR	ALA	GLN	GLU	VAL	GLY	ALA	GLM	ARG	PHE	LEU	PHE	GLY	PRO	ARG	THR	SER	HIS	R1414	D1415	D1416	Y1426	Y1427																	

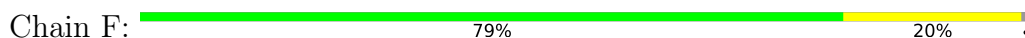




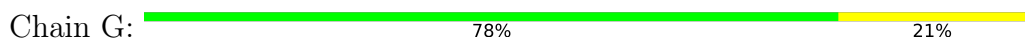
• Molecule 2: Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase FKBP1B



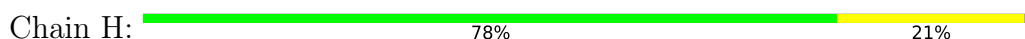
• Molecule 2: Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase FKBP1B



• Molecule 2: Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase FKBP1B



• Molecule 2: Peptidyl-prolyl cis-trans isomerase FKBP1B



## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	55886	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	58	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1200	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.564	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.016	Depositor
Average map value	0.008	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.027	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.12	Depositor
Map size (Å)	431.36, 431.36, 431.36	wwPDB
Map dimensions	512, 512, 512	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.8425, 0.8425, 0.8425	Depositor

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA, ZN, ATP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.27	1/32738 (0.0%)	0.55	17/44213 (0.0%)
1	B	0.27	1/32738 (0.0%)	0.55	17/44213 (0.0%)
1	C	0.27	1/32738 (0.0%)	0.54	17/44213 (0.0%)
1	D	0.27	1/32738 (0.0%)	0.55	17/44213 (0.0%)
2	E	0.27	0/834	0.53	0/1123
2	F	0.27	0/834	0.53	0/1123
2	G	0.27	0/834	0.53	0/1123
2	H	0.27	0/834	0.53	0/1123
All	All	0.27	4/134288 (0.0%)	0.54	68/181344 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3
1	B	0	3
1	C	0	3
1	D	0	3
All	All	0	12

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	2787	TRP	CB-CG	-6.00	1.39	1.50
1	D	2787	TRP	CB-CG	-6.00	1.39	1.50
1	A	2787	TRP	CB-CG	-5.99	1.39	1.50
1	C	2787	TRP	CB-CG	-5.98	1.39	1.50

The worst 5 of 68 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	2279	MET	CB-CG-SD	10.74	144.62	112.40
1	C	2279	MET	CB-CG-SD	10.74	144.61	112.40
1	B	2279	MET	CB-CG-SD	10.73	144.60	112.40
1	D	2279	MET	CB-CG-SD	10.73	144.58	112.40
1	D	2279	MET	CA-CB-CG	10.43	131.03	113.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 12 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	2530	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	2788	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	398	HIS	Peptide
1	B	2530	ARG	Sidechain
1	B	398	HIS	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	32032	0	31689	830	0
1	B	32032	0	31689	827	0
1	C	32032	0	31689	812	0
1	D	32032	0	31689	815	0
2	E	818	0	821	14	0
2	F	818	0	821	12	0
2	G	818	0	821	13	0
2	H	818	0	821	13	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	B	1	0	0	0	0
3	C	1	0	0	0	0
3	D	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	62	0	24	0	0
4	B	62	0	24	0	0
4	C	62	0	24	0	0
4	D	62	0	24	0	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	B	1	0	0	0	0

*Continued on next page...*

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	C	1	0	0	0	0
5	D	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	131656	0	130136	3262	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

The worst 5 of 3262 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:4279:MET:HE2	1:B:4487:TYR:HD1	1.30	0.93
1:D:2857:LYS:HE3	1:D:2871:LEU:HD23	1.52	0.92
1:A:2857:LYS:HE3	1:A:2871:LEU:HD23	1.52	0.92
1:C:2857:LYS:HE3	1:C:2871:LEU:HD23	1.52	0.91
1:B:2857:LYS:HE3	1:B:2871:LEU:HD23	1.52	0.90

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	3978/4967 (80%)	3861 (97%)	113 (3%)	4 (0%)	51	84
1	B	3978/4967 (80%)	3862 (97%)	112 (3%)	4 (0%)	51	84
1	C	3978/4967 (80%)	3861 (97%)	113 (3%)	4 (0%)	51	84
1	D	3978/4967 (80%)	3862 (97%)	112 (3%)	4 (0%)	51	84
2	E	105/108 (97%)	101 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100
2	F	105/108 (97%)	101 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100
2	G	105/108 (97%)	101 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100
2	H	105/108 (97%)	101 (96%)	4 (4%)	0	100	100

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
All	All	16332/20300 (80%)	15850 (97%)	466 (3%)	16 (0%)	54	84

5 of 16 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	2988	ARG
1	A	3927	PRO
1	A	4641	PRO
1	B	2988	ARG
1	B	3927	PRO

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	3513/4358 (81%)	3447 (98%)	66 (2%)	57	80
1	B	3513/4358 (81%)	3447 (98%)	66 (2%)	57	80
1	C	3513/4358 (81%)	3447 (98%)	66 (2%)	57	80
1	D	3513/4358 (81%)	3447 (98%)	66 (2%)	57	80
2	E	88/89 (99%)	85 (97%)	3 (3%)	37	68
2	F	88/89 (99%)	85 (97%)	3 (3%)	37	68
2	G	88/89 (99%)	85 (97%)	3 (3%)	37	68
2	H	88/89 (99%)	85 (97%)	3 (3%)	37	68
All	All	14404/17788 (81%)	14128 (98%)	276 (2%)	59	80

5 of 276 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	2192	MET
1	D	2530	ARG
1	D	3051	GLU
1	B	1957	LEU
1	B	1939	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 60 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	3975	GLN
1	D	2868	HIS
1	C	1046	ASN
1	D	2704	GLN
1	D	4049	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 16 ligands modelled in this entry, 8 are monoatomic - leaving 8 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
4	ATP	B	5004	-	26,33,33	0.59	0	31,52,52	0.73	2 (6%)
4	ATP	A	5004	-	26,33,33	0.59	0	31,52,52	0.73	2 (6%)
4	ATP	B	5002	-	26,33,33	0.60	0	31,52,52	0.73	2 (6%)
4	ATP	D	5002	-	26,33,33	0.60	0	31,52,52	0.74	2 (6%)
4	ATP	D	5004	-	26,33,33	0.60	0	31,52,52	0.73	2 (6%)
4	ATP	A	5002	-	26,33,33	0.59	0	31,52,52	0.74	2 (6%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	ATP	C	5002	-	26,33,33	0.59	0	31,52,52	0.74	2 (6%)
4	ATP	C	5004	-	26,33,33	0.59	0	31,52,52	0.73	2 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	ATP	B	5004	-	-	8/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	ATP	A	5004	-	-	8/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	ATP	B	5002	-	-	9/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	ATP	D	5002	-	-	9/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	ATP	D	5004	-	-	8/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	ATP	A	5002	-	-	9/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	ATP	C	5002	-	-	9/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
4	ATP	C	5004	-	-	8/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 16 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	C	5002	ATP	C5-C6-N6	2.31	123.86	120.35
4	A	5004	ATP	C5-C6-N6	2.30	123.85	120.35
4	B	5004	ATP	C5-C6-N6	2.30	123.85	120.35
4	A	5002	ATP	C5-C6-N6	2.30	123.85	120.35
4	C	5004	ATP	C5-C6-N6	2.30	123.85	120.35

There are no chirality outliers.

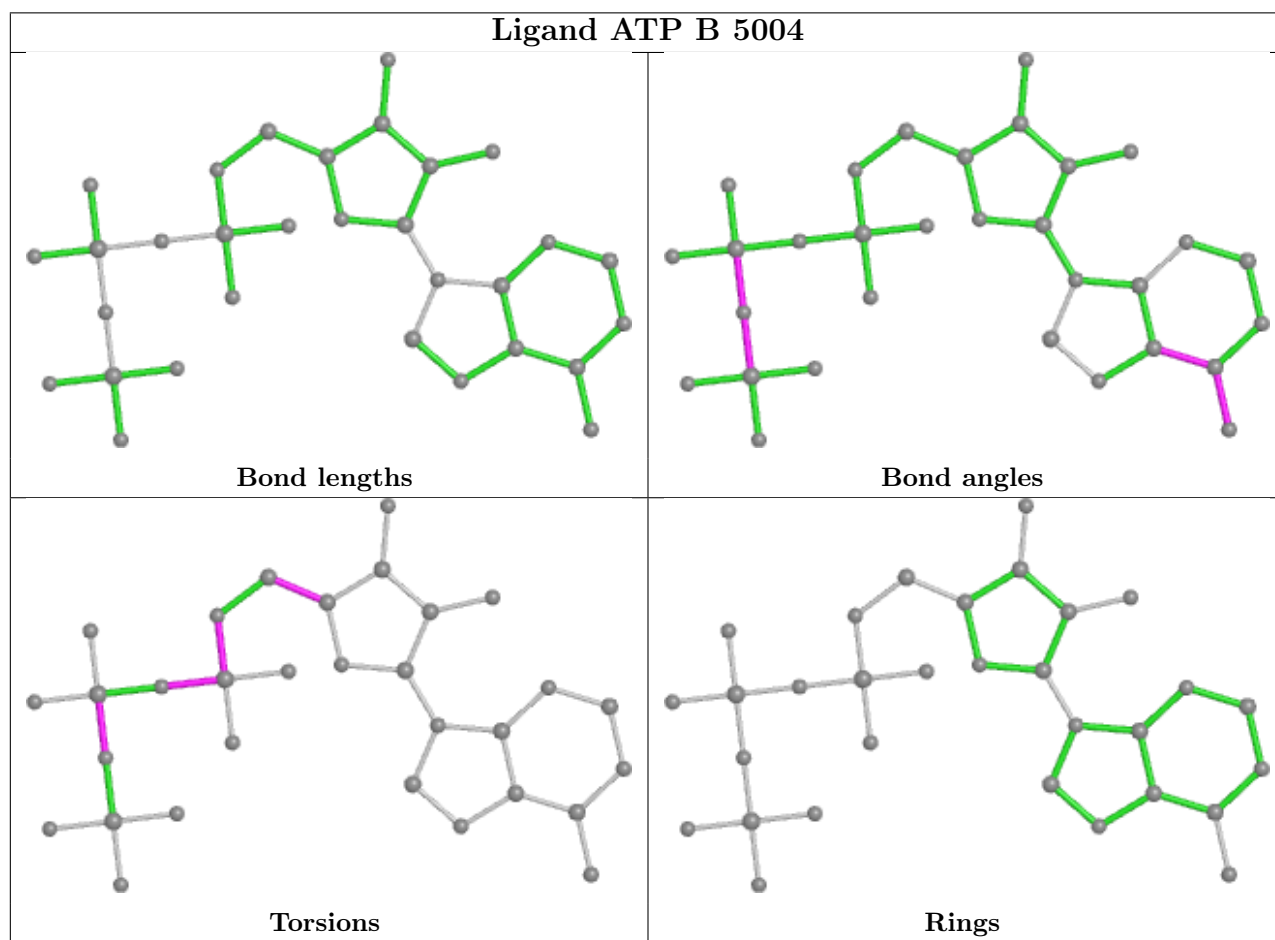
5 of 68 torsion outliers are listed below:

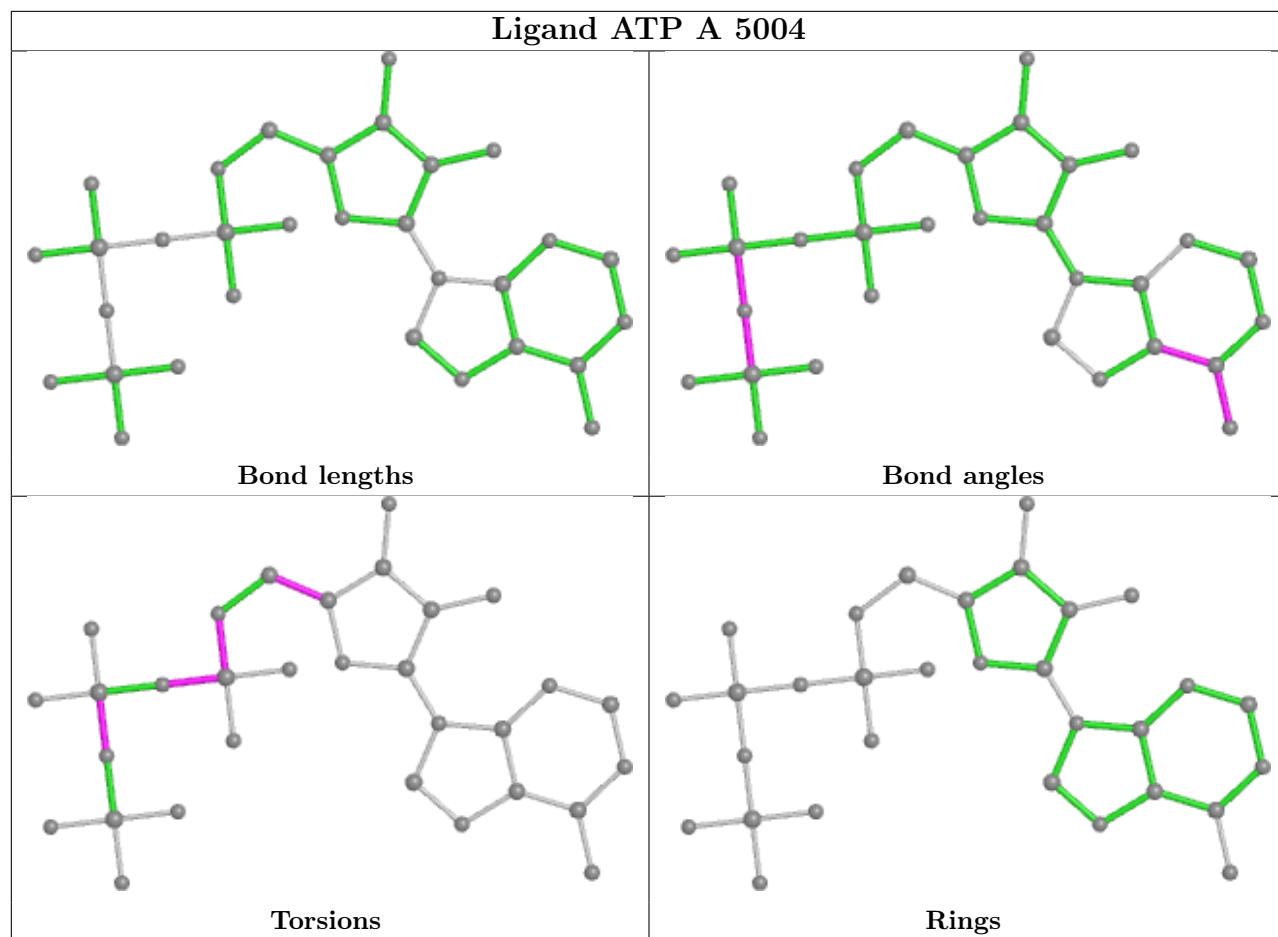
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	5002	ATP	PB-O3B-PG-O3G
4	A	5002	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
4	A	5002	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
4	A	5004	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
4	B	5002	ATP	PB-O3B-PG-O3G

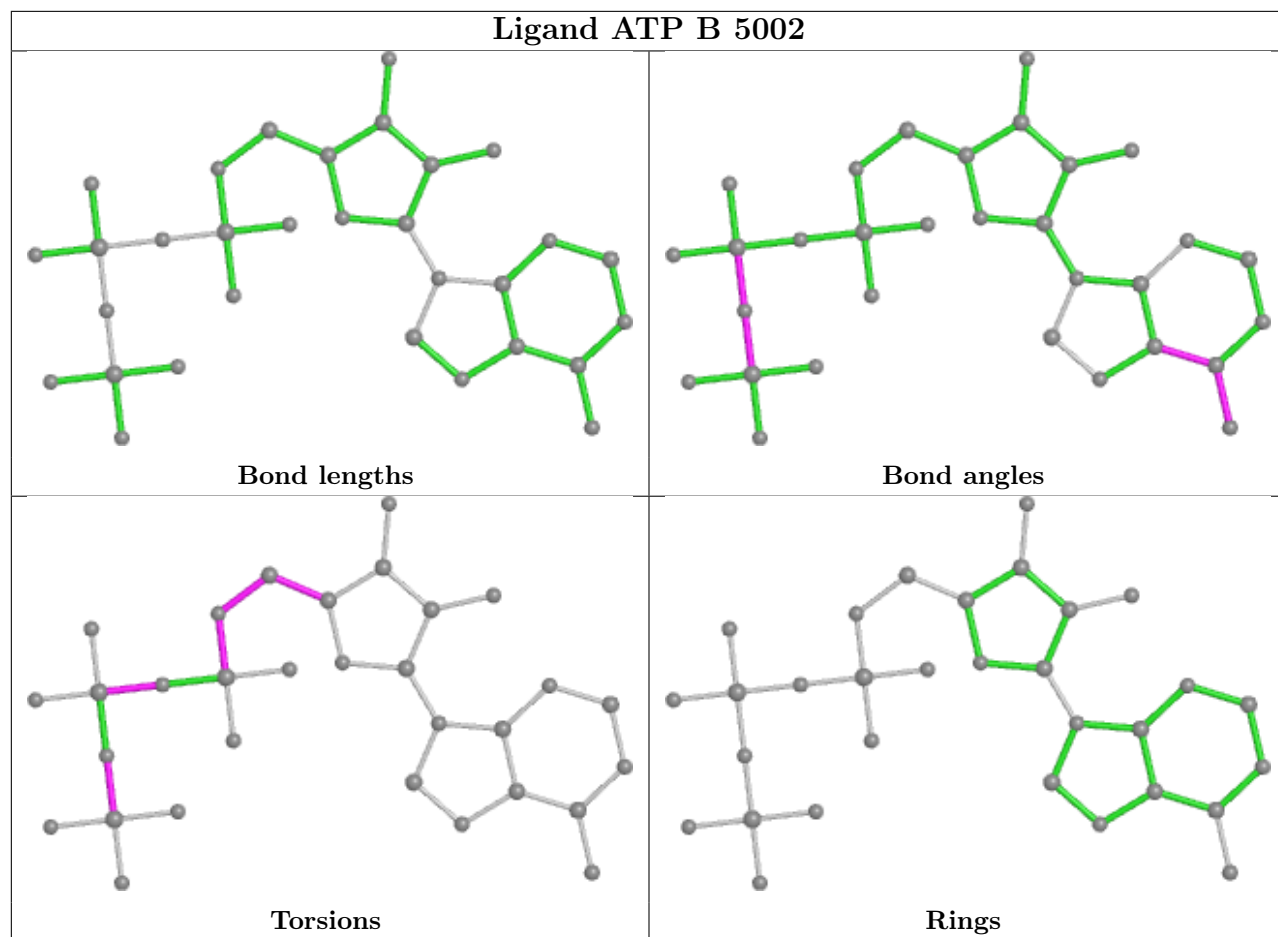
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

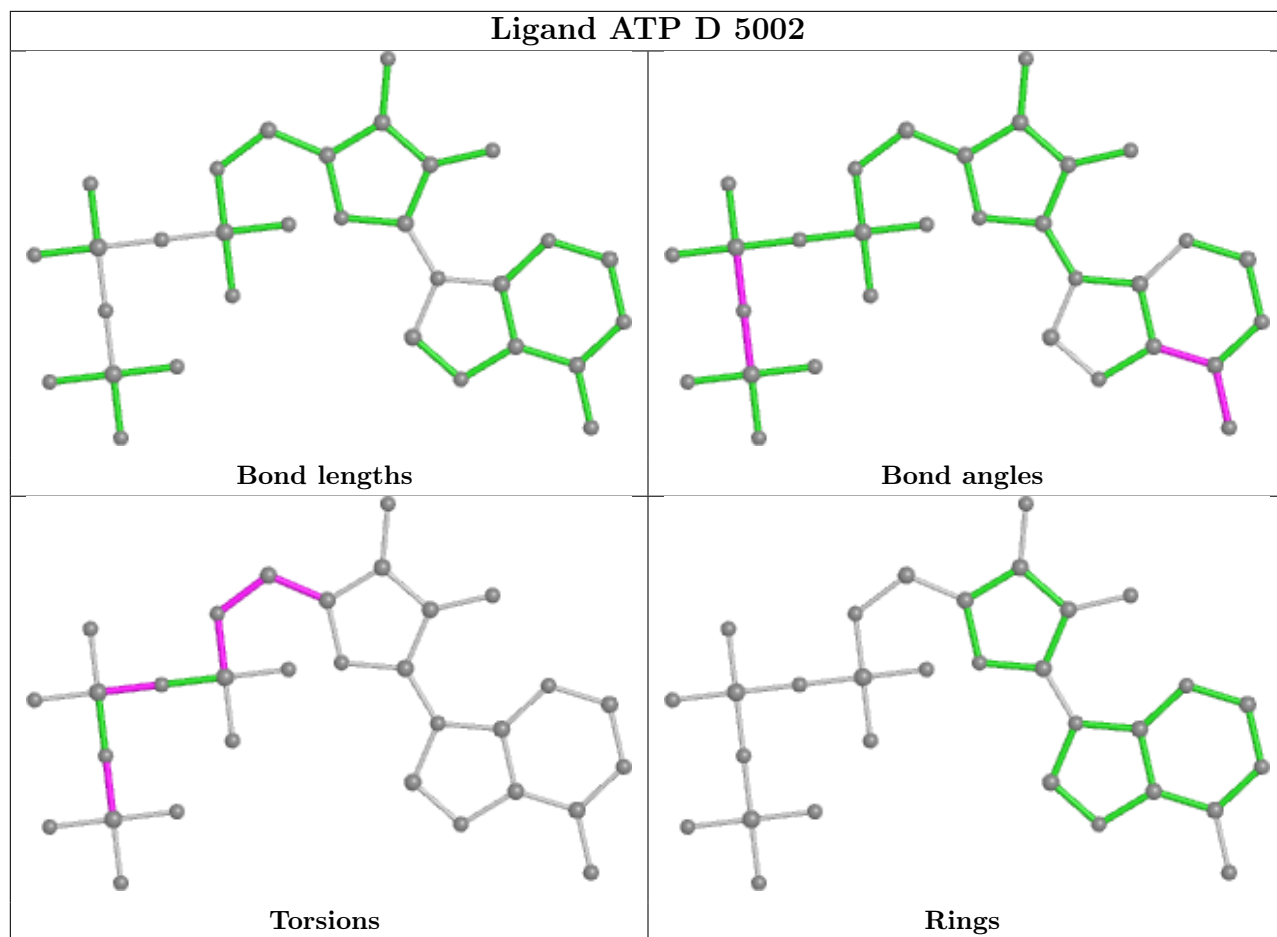
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

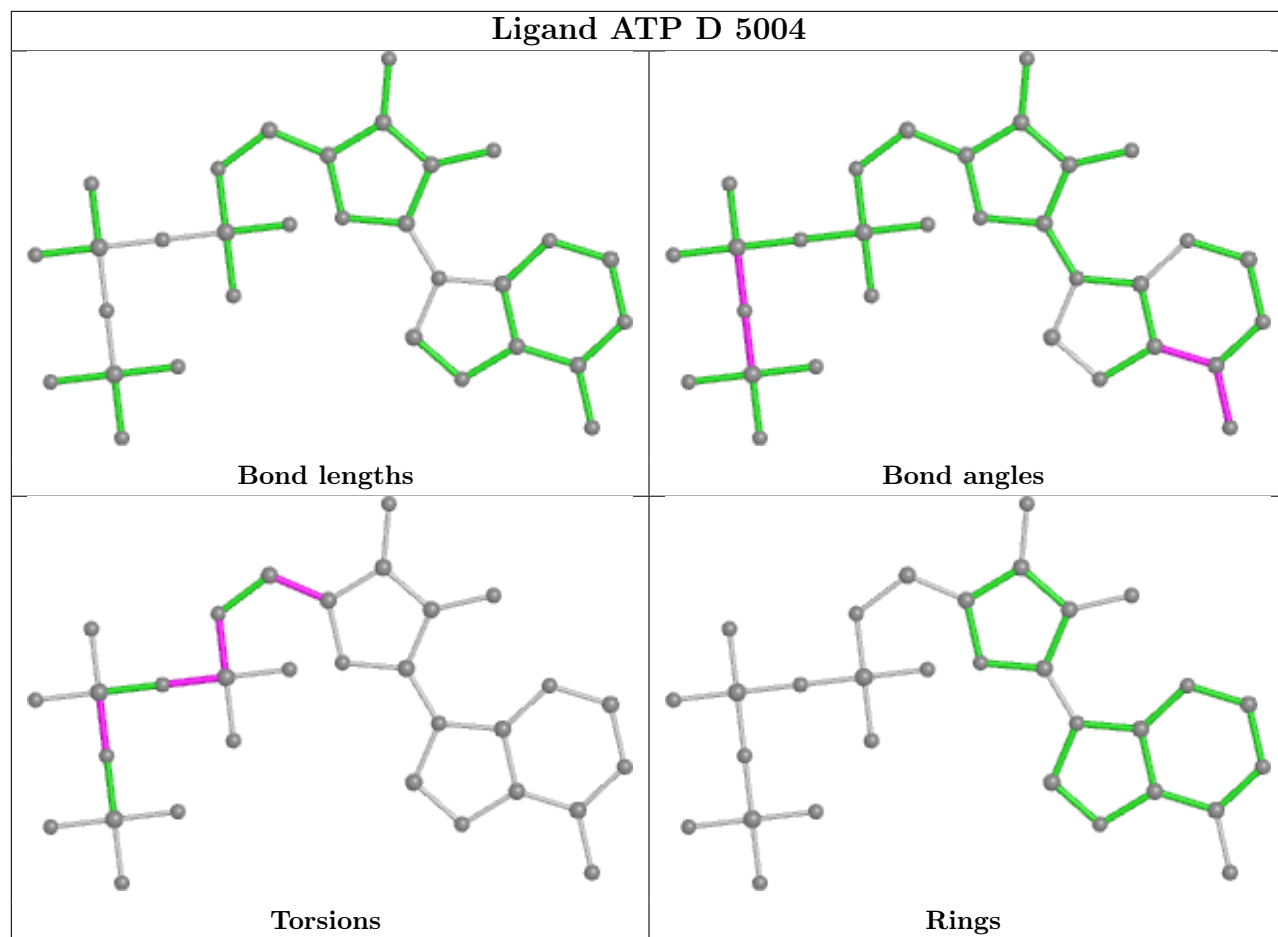


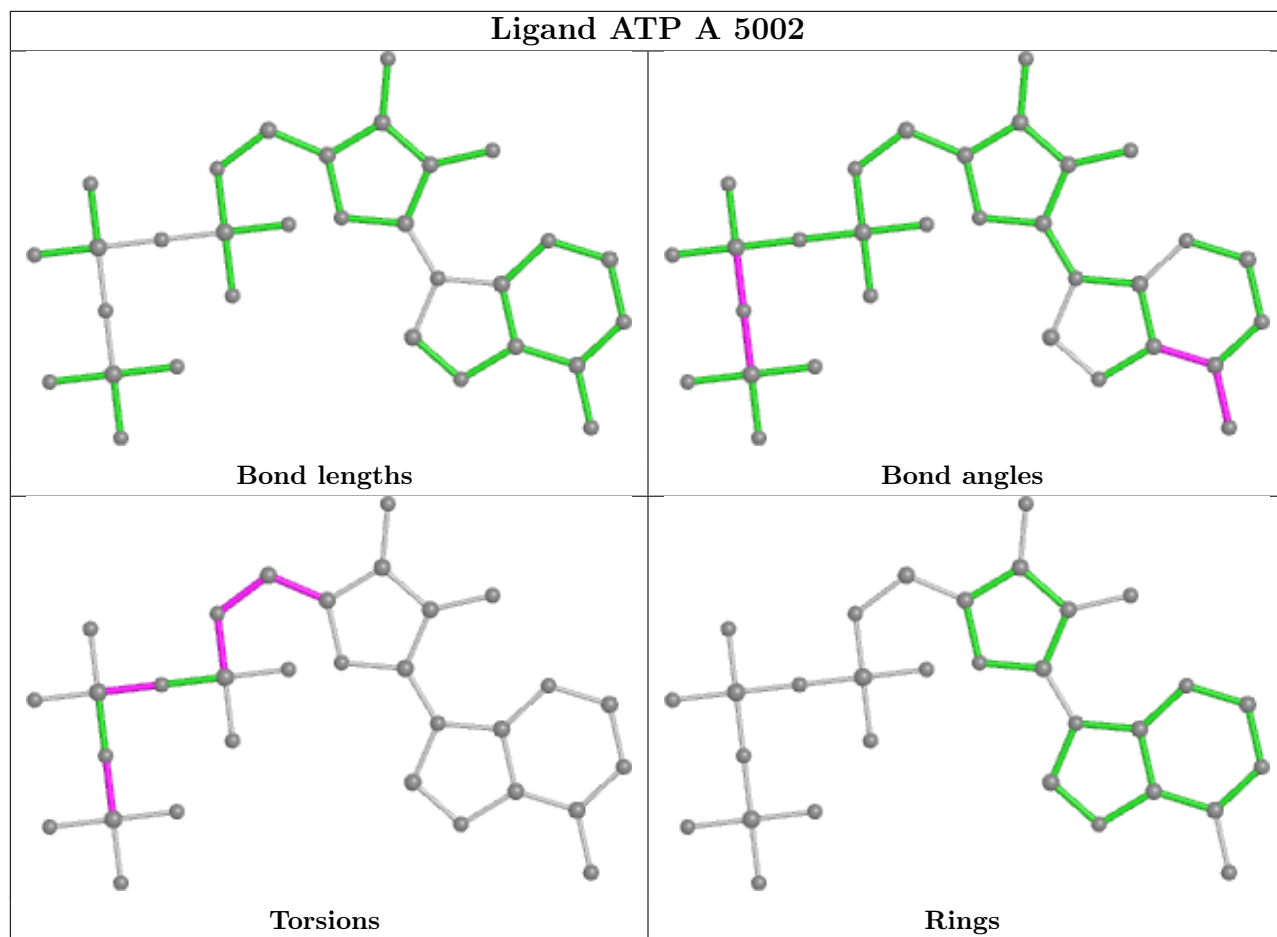


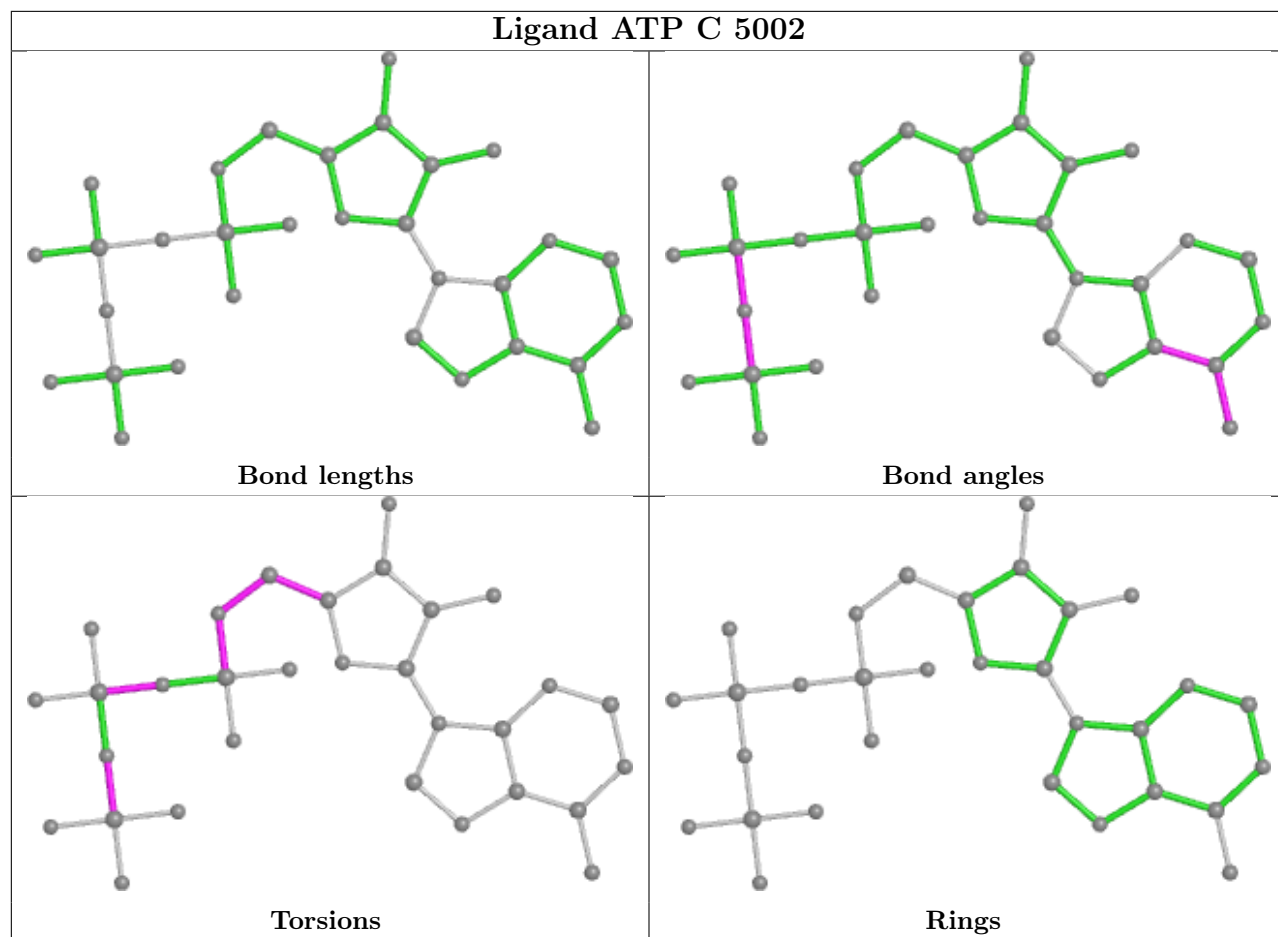


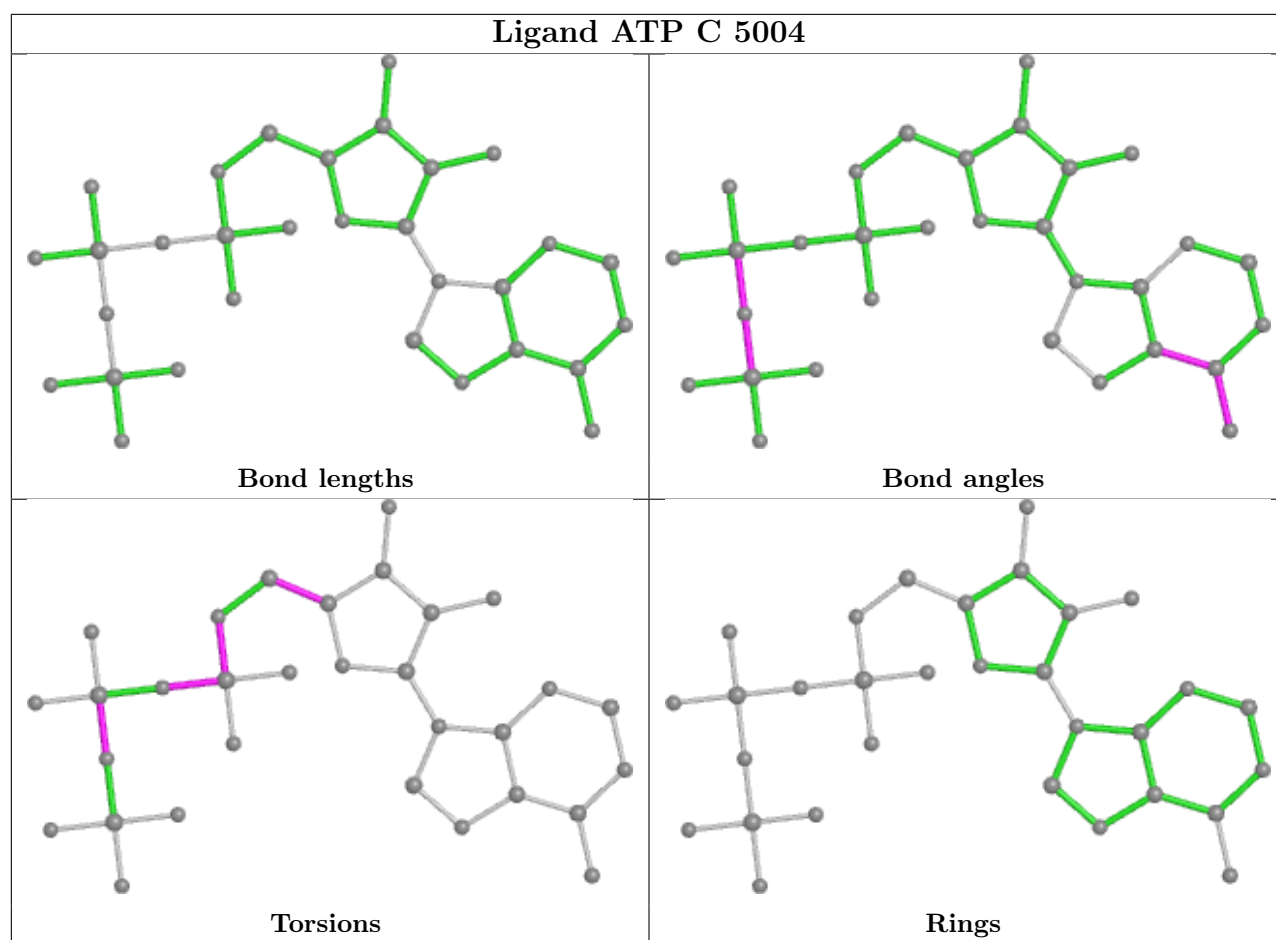












## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-42764. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

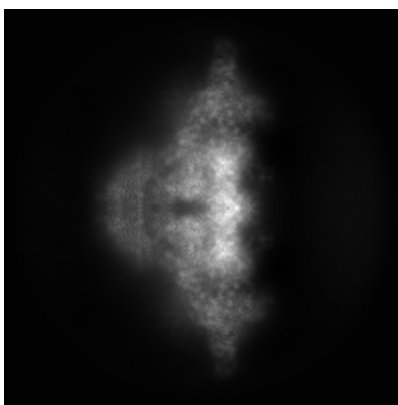
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

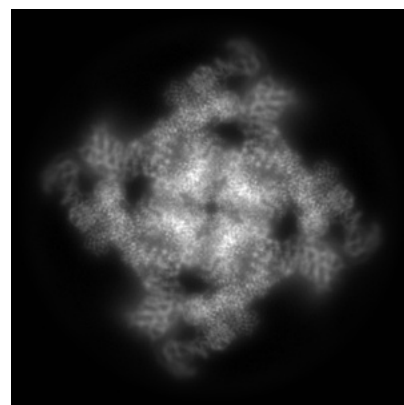
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

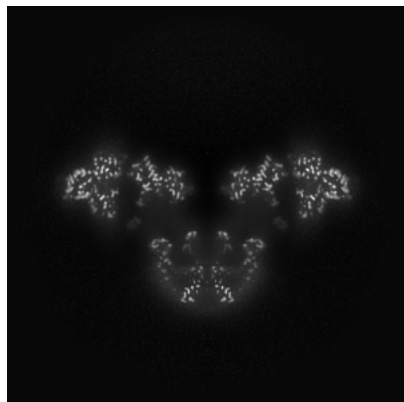


Z

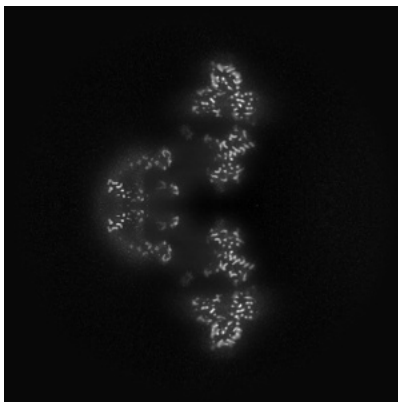
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

### 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

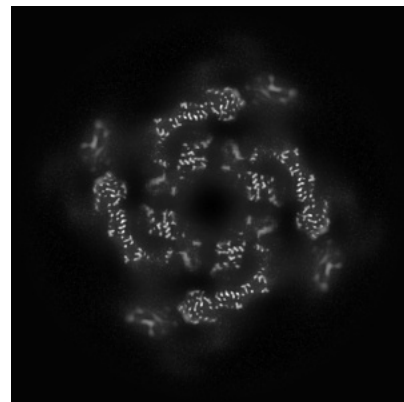
#### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 256



Y Index: 256

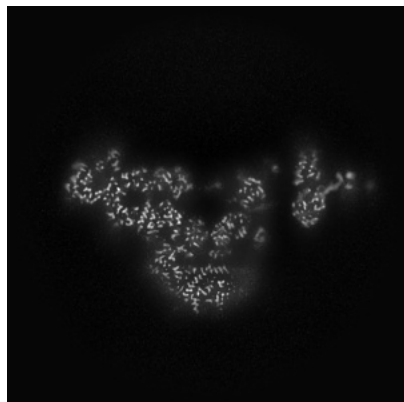


Z Index: 256

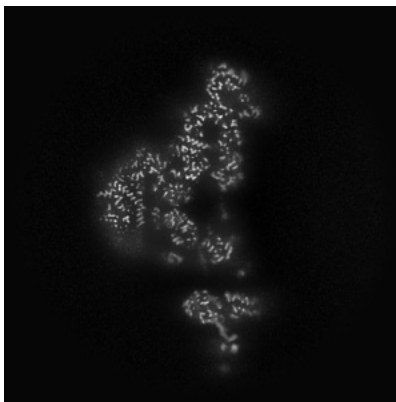
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [\(i\)](#)

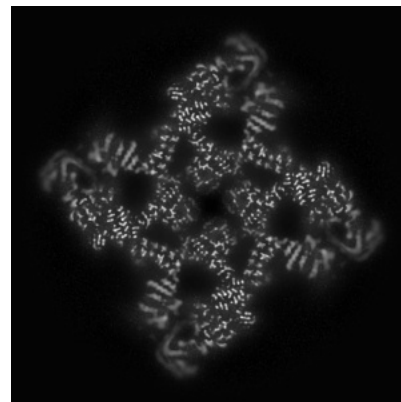
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 274



Y Index: 274



Z Index: 277

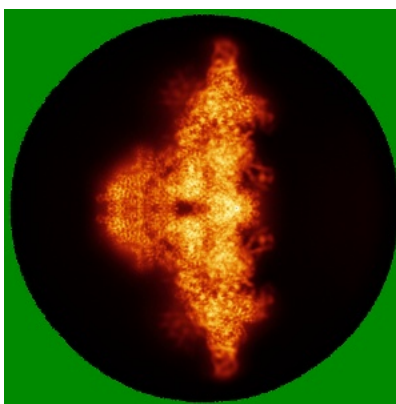
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [\(i\)](#)

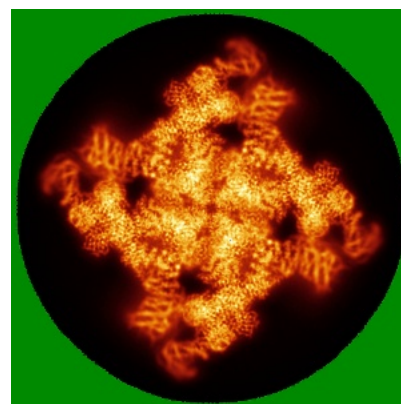
### 6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

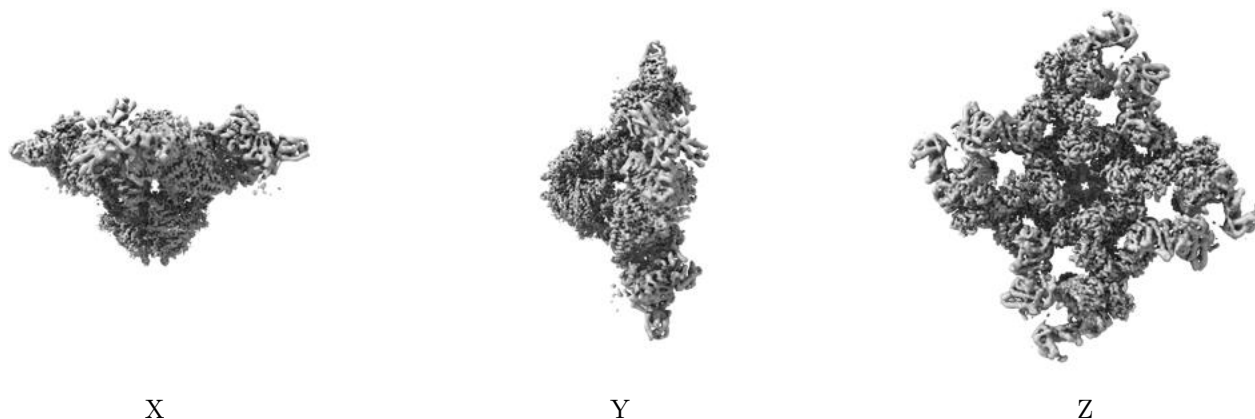


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.12. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

## 6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

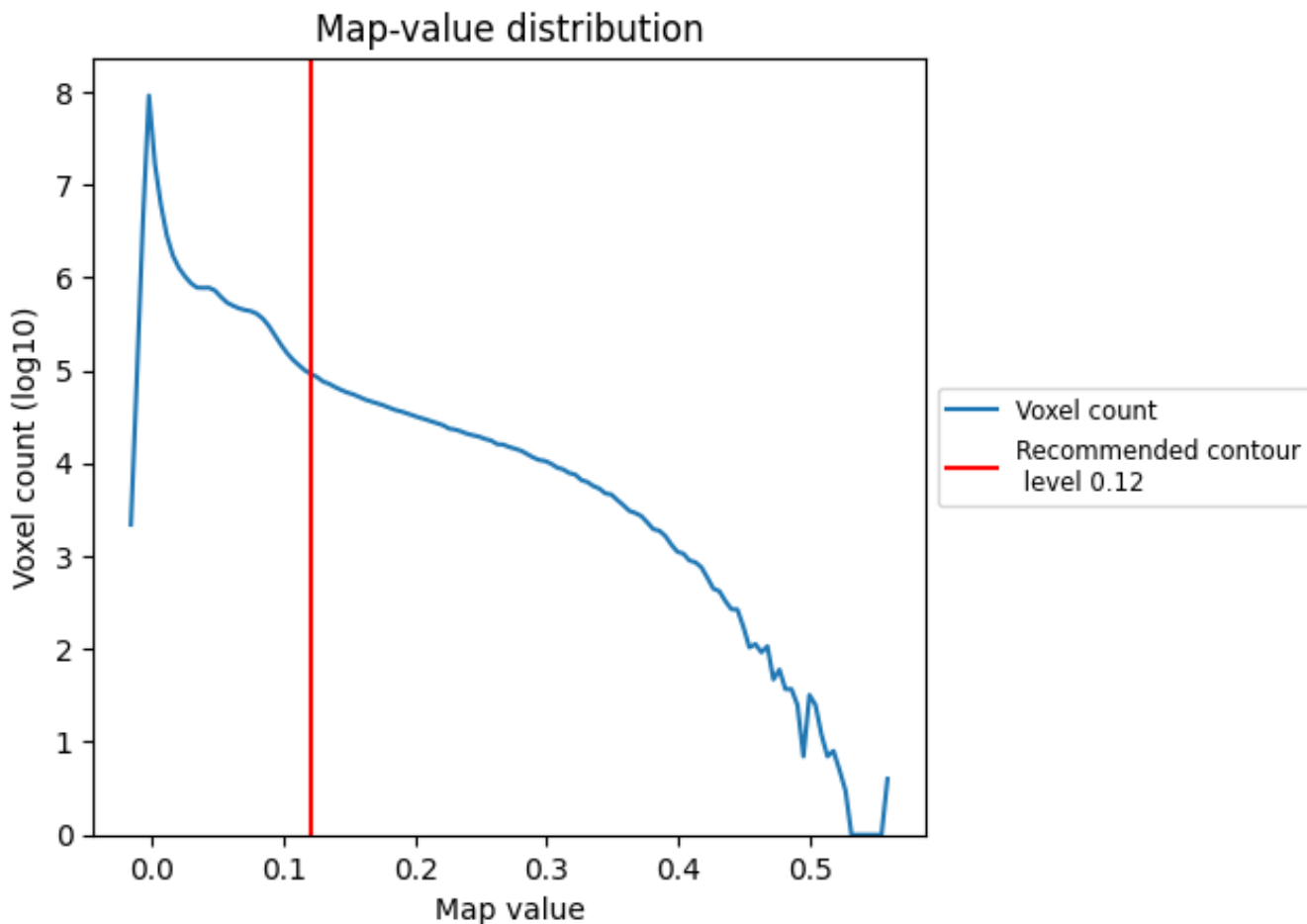
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

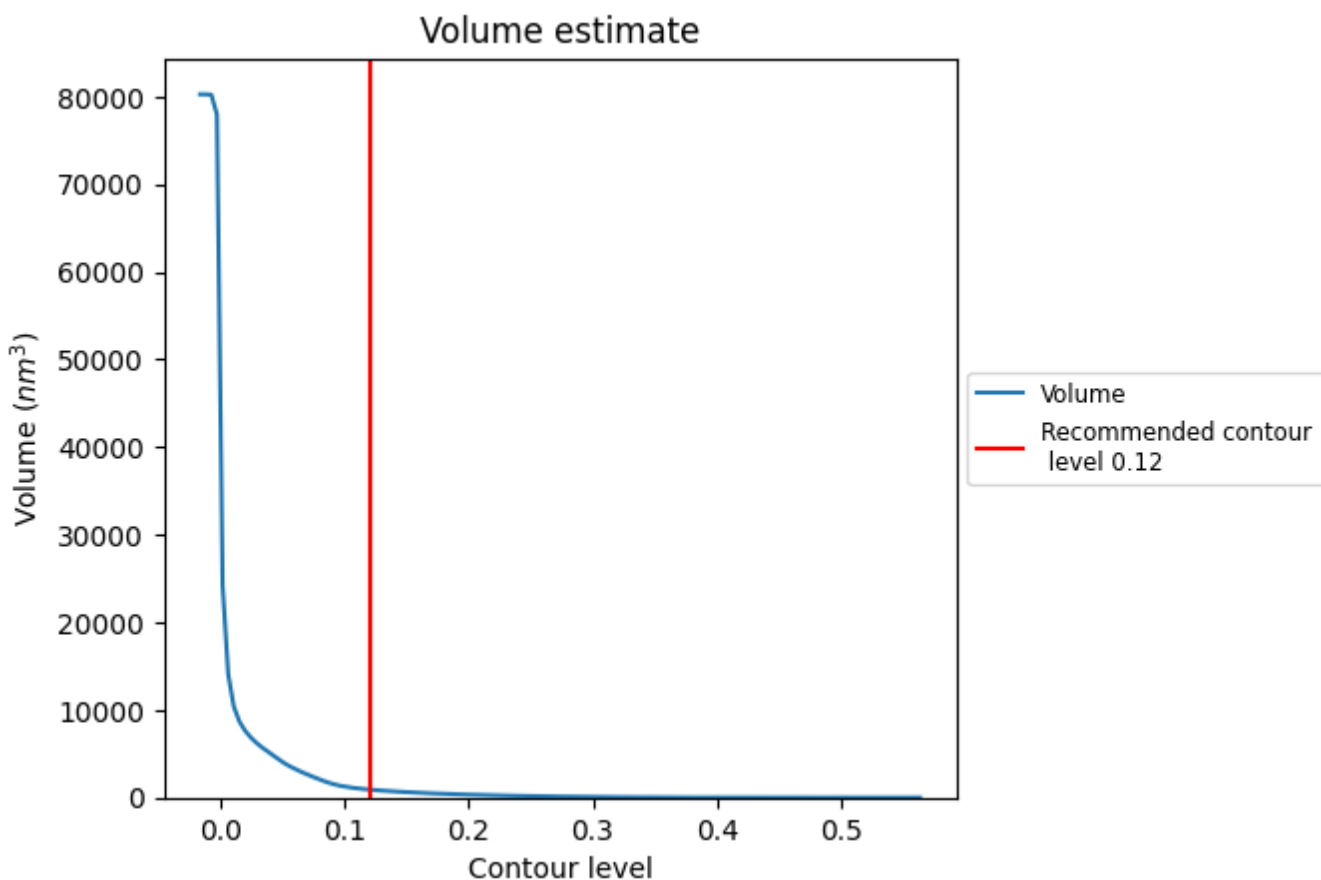
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

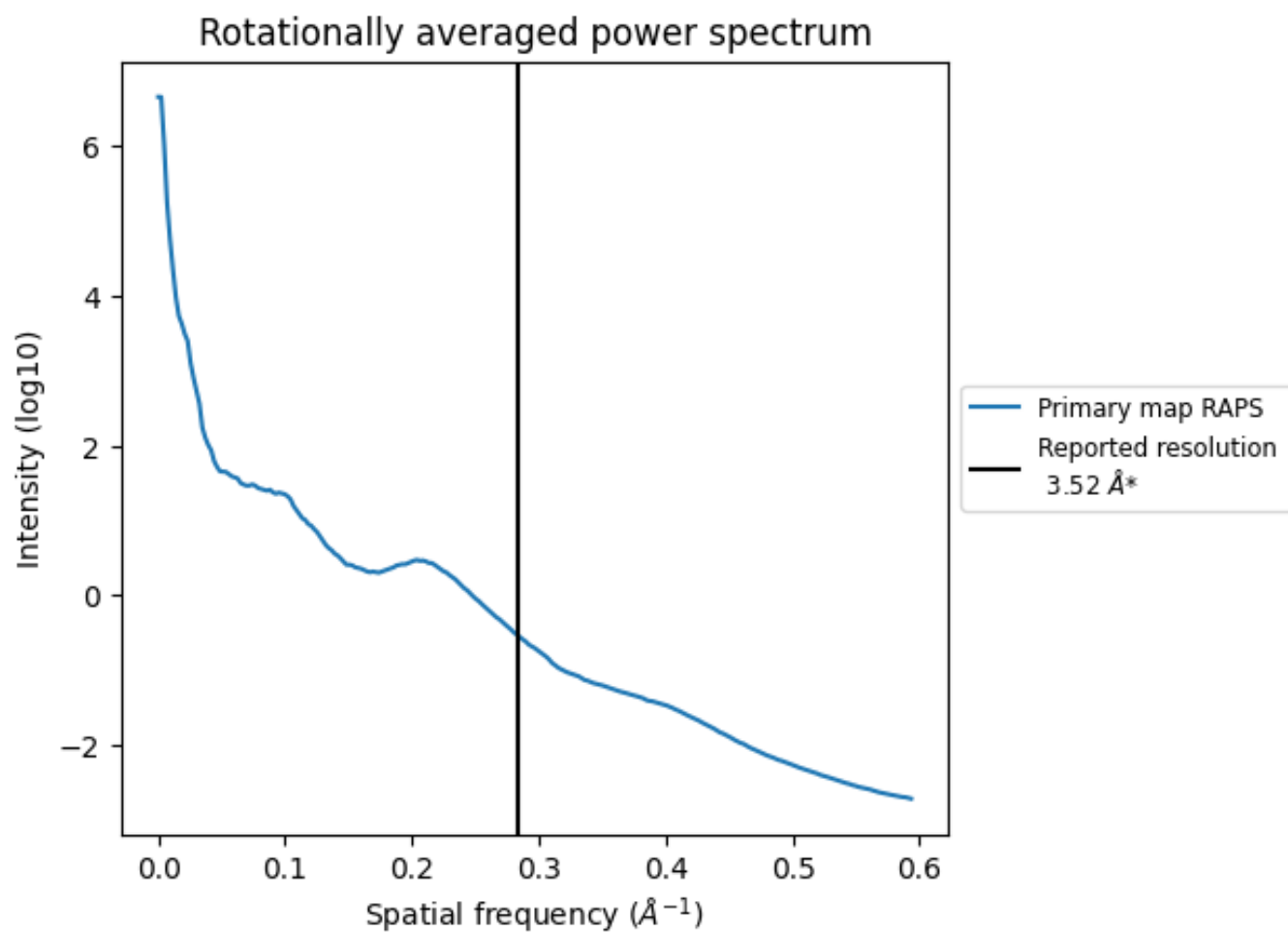
## 7.2 Volume estimate [\(i\)](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 911 nm<sup>3</sup>; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 823 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.284 Å<sup>-1</sup>

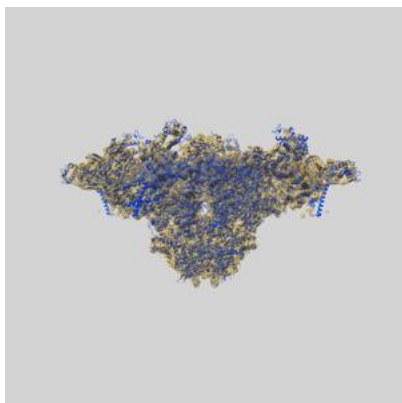
## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

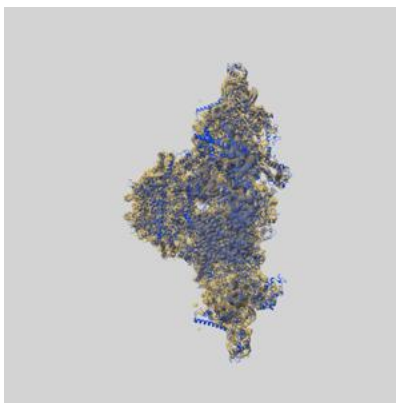
## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-42764 and PDB model 8UXH. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

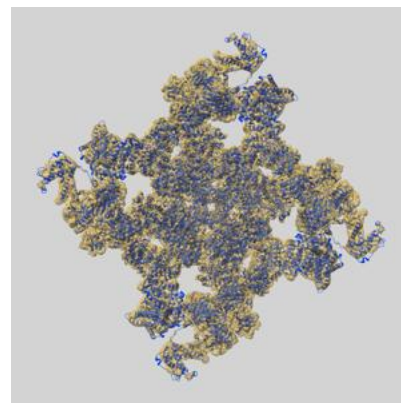
### 9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



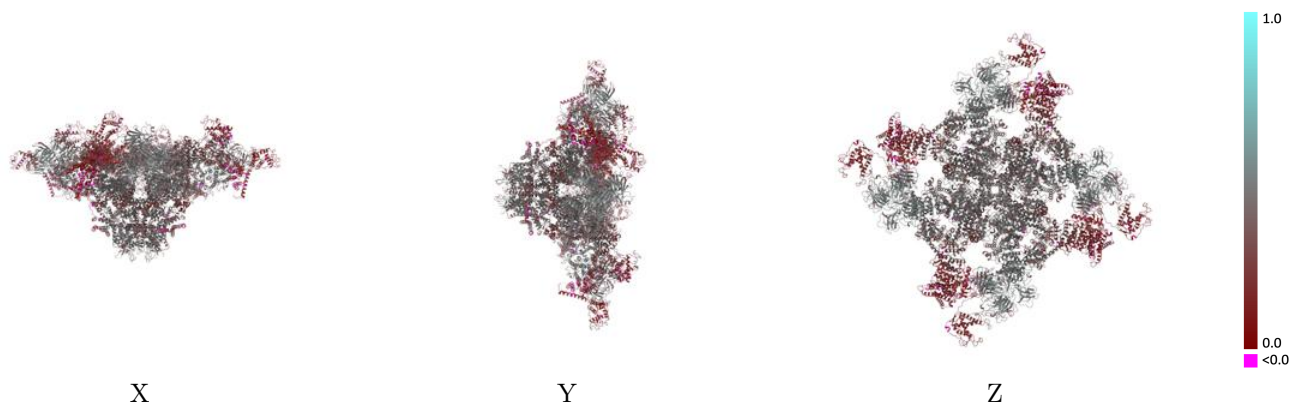
Y



Z

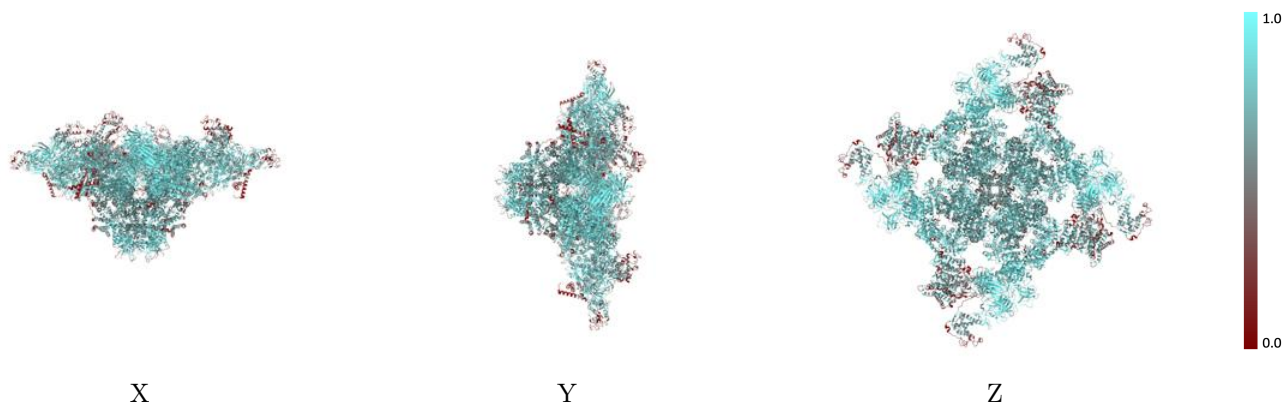
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.12 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



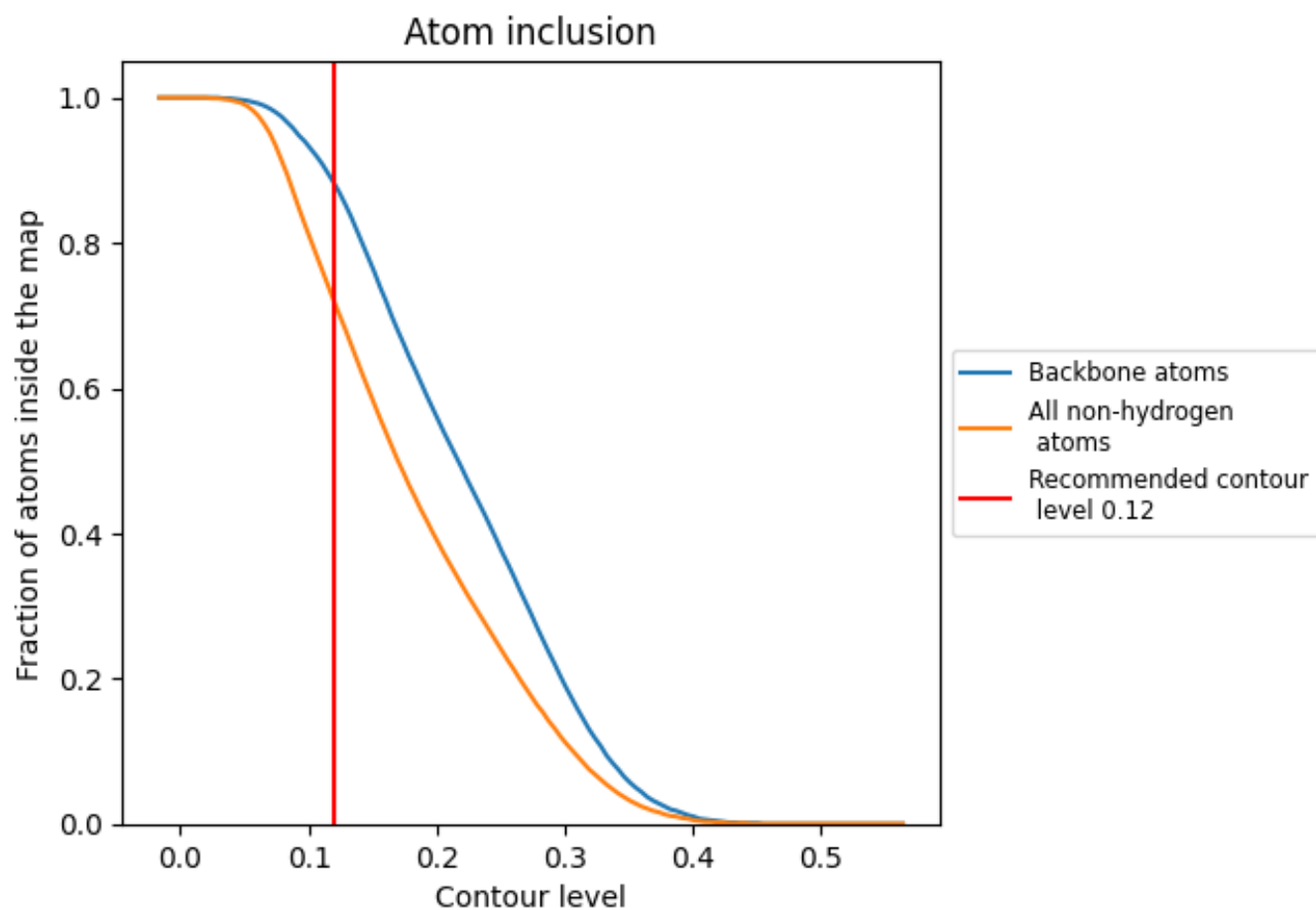
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.12).



















## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 88% of all backbone atoms, 72% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.12) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.7190	 0.3660
A	 0.7170	 0.3650
B	 0.7160	 0.3640
C	 0.7180	 0.3660
D	 0.7120	 0.3560
E	 0.8560	 0.5050
F	 0.8510	 0.5030
G	 0.8590	 0.5060
H	 0.8570	 0.5040

