Exploring the PDB Republic Re

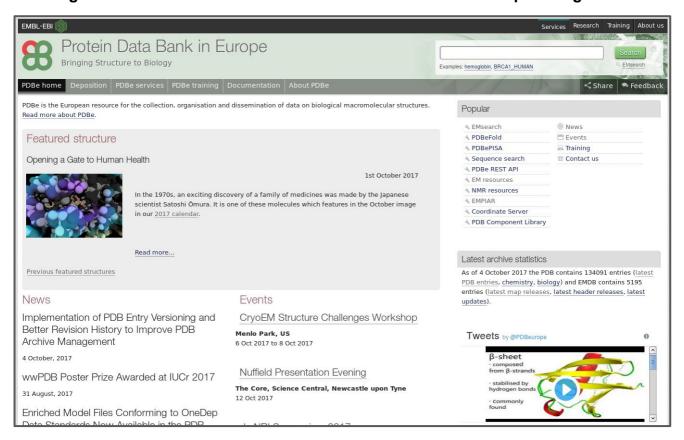
The Protein Data Bank in Europe (PDBe) provides access to three dimensional structures of proteins, DNA and RNA.

The PDBe website offers a simple and informative way to explore and visualise these molecules in 3D allowing you learn about their function within nature. In textbooks, proteins are often shown as 2D images, and while this can be a good way to understand the basic principles, proteins truly come alive when seen in 3D. Seeing how they are arranged and interact in 3D gives a fascinating insight into protein biochemistry.

Using the PDBe website you can search for a known protein to explore, such as insulin or haemoglobin, you can take a look at the featured structure or search for entries that were only just released this week. You can even travel back into history, and view structures solved in the 1970s. The hard part is narrowing down your options and choosing just one of the interesting structures to investigate from the thousands available!

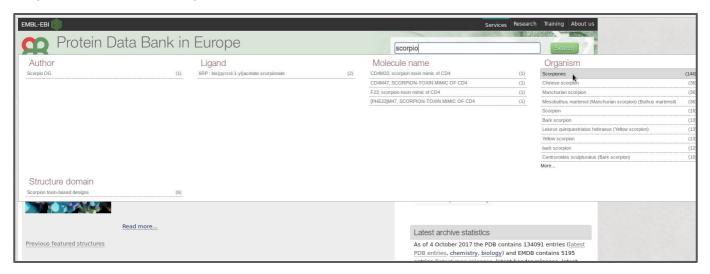
In this activity follow the numbered steps for a guided tour of the PDB archive.

1. Finding the PDB online. All these 3D structures can be accessed at pdbe.org

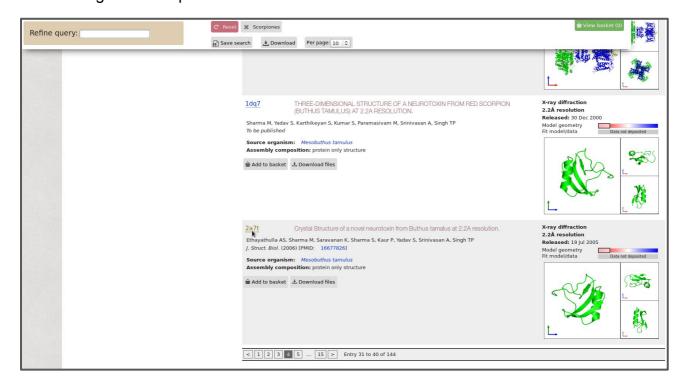


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2. Searching the PDB. The search bar is on the top right of the page. Start typing and the search will try and suggest what you're looking for. Maybe it's the molecule name, a species, or person who did the experiment.

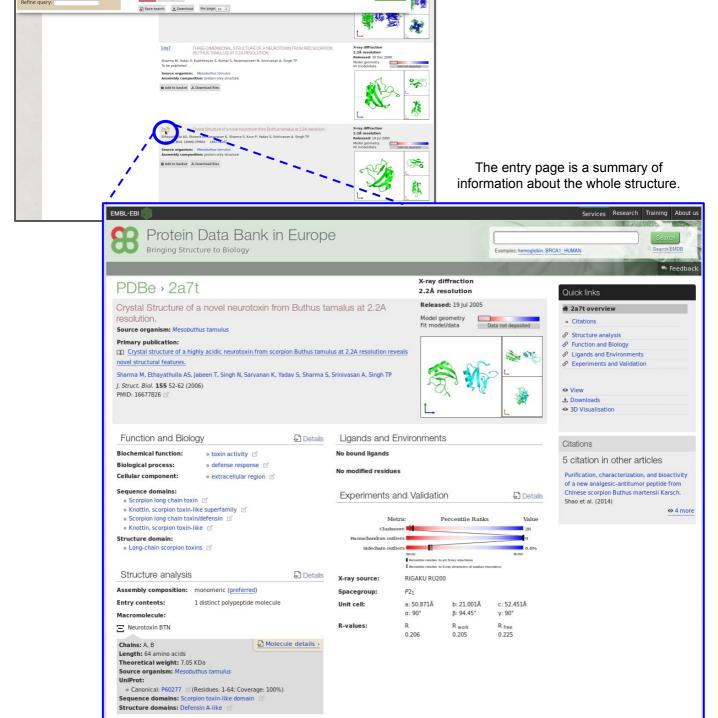


3. Results of a search. Results are presented as a list which you can scroll through. Each structure is given a unique four letter ID code.



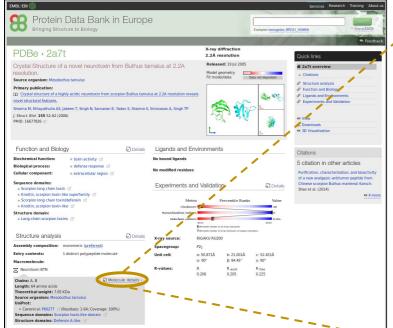


4. Selecting results from search. Click the four letter PDB code (blue circle) to investigate an 3D structure on its own entry page.

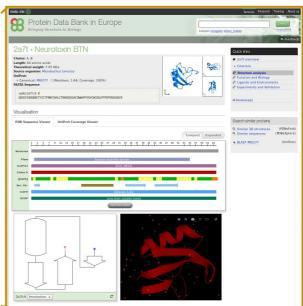


Exploring the PDB Exploring the PDB

5. Molecule Page. Can be found by clicking on the Molecule details text (yellow circle).

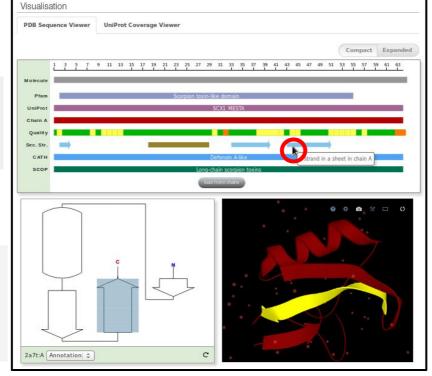


As a PDB entry might contain several different molecules, this page contains details of each one.



1D primary structure (amino acid sequence) of the protein.

2D visualisation window shows secondary structure.



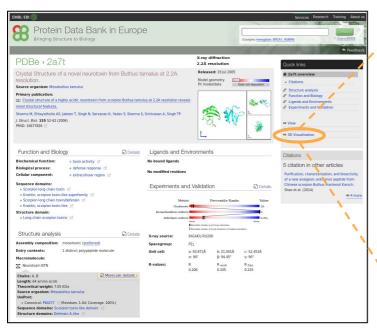
Zoom view of molecule page

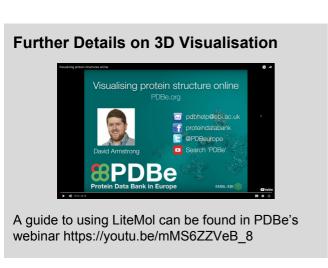
Hovering the mouse over an amino acid or feature will highlight it in all three panels.

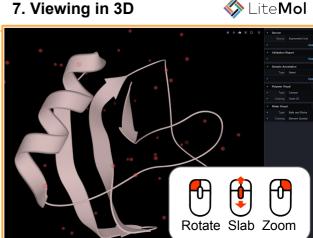
Interactive 3D visualisation window.

Exploring the PDB RepDBe Protein Data Bank in Europe Protein Data Bank in Europe

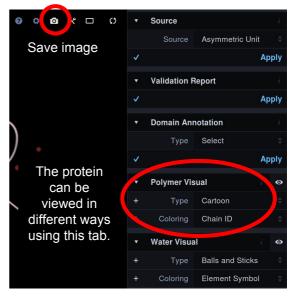
6. Open Structure in 3D. Go back to the entry page, then select 3D Visualisation (yellow circle).







The protein or DNA can be manipulated by clicking and dragging your mouse across the screen.



Activities

- What different representations or colours can you display the molecule in?
- Search and explore proteins (or DNA or RNA) that interest you
- Look for new 3D structures just released this week
- Find a structure with DNA in it
- Find structure from a woolly mammoth